IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.
THE
"BOMBAY GAZETTE"
IS
THE OLDEST DAILY PAPER
IN ASIA.

THE
Bombay Gazette.
No. 56,009.—NEW SERIES BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, JULY 18, 1913. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

THE OFFICES OF THE
BOMBAY GAZETTE
are now situate
IN HOMJI STREET,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE,
Where all communications must be Addressed.

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SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY,

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing 3-30 p.m.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1913				
19th July.	SALSETTE ..	6000	MEDINA	12500
26th ,,	EGYPT	8000	.....	.....
2nd Aug.	SALSETTE ..	6000	MOLDAVIA ..	10000
9th ,,	PERSIA	8000	.....	.....
16th ,,	SALSETTE ..	6000	MALOJA	12500
23rd ,,	CALEDONIA	8000	.....	.....
30th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA ...	10000
6th Sept.	ARABIA	8300	.....	.....
13th ,,	INDIA	8000	MACEDONIA ..	10500
20th ,,	ARCADIA ...	7000	.....	.....
27th ,,	SALSETTE ..	6000	MALWA	11000

All the above Steamers are fitted with
WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipping to connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 p.m. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail steamer.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1914.

21st Feb.	CALEDONIA ..	8000	.....	...
28th ,,	MALOJA	12500	.....	...
7th Mar	PERSIA	8000	.....	...
14th ,,	SALSETTE ..	6000	MARMORA	10500
21st ,,	MACEDONIA	10500	.....	...
28th ,,	SALSETTE ..	6000	MOLDAVIA ...	10000
*1st Apl.	HIMALAYA ..	7000	.....	...
4th ,,	ARABIA	8000	.....	...
11th ,,	SALSETTE ..	6000	MEDINA	12500
18th ,,	MANTUA	11000	.....	...
25th ,,	SALSETTE ..	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
2nd May	CALEDONIA ..	8000	.....	...
9th ,,	SALSETTE ..	6000	MALWA	11000
16th ,,	PERSIA	8000	.....	...

*INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

The S.S. "HIMALAYA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY, at 2 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, 1st APRIL, 1914, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	SINGLE,		RETURN.	
	"A" rate. Rs.	"B" rate. Rs.	"A" rate. Rs.	"B" rate Rs.
To MARSEILLES.	594 or 495		891 or 742-8	
,, LONDON	627 or 528		940-8 or 792	

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Superintendent.
Bombay.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILINGS FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1913.

Steamers.	Tons.	Capts.	Leave Bombay 1913.
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	22nd July
*Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	3rd Aug.
*Elysia	6368	J.A.Coverley	17th Aug.
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	1st Sept.
Olympia	5124	J. Kinnaird	17th Sept.
*Circassia	6722	C. F. Osborne, R.N.R.	4th Oct
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	15th Oct.
*Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	29th Oct.
*Elysia	6368	J. A. Coverley	11th Nov.
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	29th Nov.
Olympia	5124	J Kinnaird	13th Dec.
			1914
*Circassia	6722	C. F. Osborne, R.N.R.	4th Jan.
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	16th Jan.
*Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	31st Jan.

*Fitted with Marconi Wireless Telegraphy.

FARES.

	Single.	Return.
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Port Said	,, 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	,, 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	,, 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	,, 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	,, 605	957
Bombay to New York	,, 841	1,429
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare to Suez	,, 446	

All return tickets are available for two years.

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon, and experienced Stewardess, and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leaves by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe, include a passage by B.I.S.N. Co.'s steamer, between Karachi and Bombay.

Through tickets to America per Anchor-Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

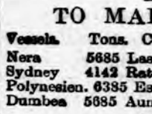
For any further information regarding passage, apply to the Undersigned

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.,
AGENTS, Bombay.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works, Homjee Street, Fort.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.



INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS.

FOR KARACHI.
Weekly from Victoria Docks.

Steamers	Tons	Sailing Date	Time	Route via.
Dumra	1695	Thurs. 24th July.	9 a.m.	direct.
Lhasa	2185	Friday 25th July	8 a.m.	direct.

‡ Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.
(Weekly.)

S.S. "Dumra," 1,695 tons, on Thursday 24th July, calling at Muscat, Bushire and Mahomerah.

KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF PORTS,
(Weekly).

S.S. "Bankura," 3,159, tons, on Thursday the 24th July, calling at Karachi, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Henjam, Linga, Dubai, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR SEYCHELLES, EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Fortnightly.)

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Sailing on
†Lindula	3358	Thursday 24th July.
*Pentakota	3419	,, 7th Aug.
†Pundua	3305	,, 21st ,,
*Palamcotta	3413	,, 4th Sept.

†Calls at Mombassa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoa Bay, and Durban.

*Calls at Seychelles, Mombassa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

Passengers may book through to Cape Colony Ports transhipping at Durban, to the steamers of the Union Castle or other line.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents.

Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier, BOMBAY.
18th July, 1913.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

French Mail Steamers.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	To sail on
Nera	5685	Lassince	30th July, 1913
Sydney	4142	Rat	27th Aug. 1913
Polynesien.	6385	Eschonauer	24th Sept '13
Dumbea	5685	Aumoran	22nd Oct. 1913.

PASSAGE FARES (including table wine)

		1st	2nd	3rd
To Marseilles (single) ..	Rs.	594	495	225
Do. (return) ..	,,	891	743	405
To London (single) ..	,,	660	528	270
Do. (return) ..	,,	990	797	495

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd or the Italian Line at reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

One Sailing every 4 Weeks.

For further particulars apply to—

H. WILLIAMS, Agent.
Albert Building, Hornby Road, Bombay

SOCIETA' NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES AND GENOA

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Port Said	5167	A. Muzio	29th Aug. 1913
Red' Italia	6237	.....	17th Sept. 1913
A steamer	6900	.....	15th Oct. 1913
A steamer	6000	.....	12th Nov. 1913
A steamer	6900	.....	10th Dec. 1913
A steamer	6000	.....	7th Jan. 1914
A steamer	6000	.....	4th Feb. 1914
A steamer	6000	.....	4th Mar. 1914
A steamer	6000	.....	1st Apr. 1914
A steamer	6000	.....	29th ,, 1914

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER, AND ELECTRIC FANS.

	1st Class.	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Ticket from	Rs. 450 to 550	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available for two years from	Rs. 675 to 825	Rs. 525	Rs. 247

Through tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to NEW YORK in connection at Naples or Genoa, 1st Class, from Rs. 790 to Rs. 690. Special rates for Missionaries. Passengers can break journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste

Subject to alterations. For further particulars, apply to G. FERRERO, Agent. Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

NOTICE

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the GENERAL MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at Nos. 25 and 26, Waterloo Street, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette," Ld.

SHIPPING.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.
(GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE).
BOMBAY TO EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA.

THE following steamers will SAIL:—

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts	To Sail about
Markgraf	3630	Jantzen	21st July 1913
Kanzler	3000	Schapp	2nd Aug. 1913
Praesident	3310	Schutt	21st Aug. 1913

Taking passengers and cargo for SEYCHELLES, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS, DURBAN and CAPE.

For rates and particulars apply to—

A. STRANDES & CO.,
Agents.

24, Meadow Street,
Bombay 4th July, 1913.

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability for Proprietors	$15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$17,300,000
Gold Reserve Fund	$ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Amoy	Ipok	Johore
Bangkok	Johore	Saigon
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	London	Singapore
Canton	Lyons	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Taipeh
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hamburg	Nagasaki	Tsingtau
Hangkow	New York	Yokohama
Harbin	Pekin	Yloilo
Hongkong	Penang	
	Rangoon	

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNT.

Interest allowed at 3 per cent. per annum on daily balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs.1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

40, Church Gate Street.

COX & CO., BANKERS & AGENTS

ESTABLISHED 1758

Registered under the Companies (Consolidated) Act, 1908.

CAPITAL PAID UP £400,000
RESERVE £50,000

HEAD OFFICE:—16, CHARING CROSS, RD., LONDON.

BRANCHES:—Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rawalpindi, Muree, and Srinagar (Kashmir).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened, and FIXED DEPOSITS received. Rates of INTEREST to be obtained on application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Bank's Current Rates of exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made. ADDRESSES for cabling purposes registered free of charge.

INSURANCE of every description effected. SHIPPING, PASSAGE, AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT OF CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOKS supplied on application.

A copy of the Half-yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Yen.	48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	,,	30,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS.....	,,	18,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKAHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Fengtien (Mukden)
Bombay	Nagasaki
Calcutta	Newchang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Pekin
Hongkong	Ryojun (Port Arthur.
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Liaoyang	Tiehling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Tokyo
Los Angeles, Cal, U.S.A.	Harbin (North Manchuria)

CURRENT DEPOSITS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed on two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of EXCHANGE and BANKING business transacted.

S. UJIYE,
Sub-Manager,
Post Box No. 207, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKS.

International Banking Corporation.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital Paid up ..	Gold $	3,250,000,00
Reserve Fund	,, ,,	3,250,000,00
Undivided Profits....	,, ,,	627,775

LONDON OFFICE:—36, Bishopsgate E. C.—

BRANCHES:—

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	Mexico.
Singapore.	Hankow.	Panama.
Hongkong.	Peking.	Colon.
Canton.	Yokohama.	Empire
Manila.	Kobe.	

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and Cable Transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China, and Japan, buys bills of exchange, Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNT opened, on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances, from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

TRAVELLERS CHEQUES SUPPLIED.

H. A. W. BRENT,
Ag. Manager

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43 Church Gate Street.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, London, E.C.
BRANCHES AT
Bombay, Calcutta, and Bagdad.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....	£	1,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£	400,000
RESERVE FUND.....	£	15,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£	600,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:—

The Rt. Hon. LORD BALFOUR of Burleigh, Kt.
Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.)
EMILE FRANCQUI, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Belgique).
JAMES LEIGH WOOD, Esq., C.M.G (Messrs. Brown, Shipley & Co.)
J. C. GEORGES BOUILLAT, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris.)
J. S. HASKELL, Esq. (Messrs. E D Sassoon & Co.)
G. BROMLEY-MARTIN, Esq (of Martins Bank, Ltd.)

BOMBAY COMMITTEE:

Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart
E. J. MOSES, Esq.
SORABJI COWASJI PETIT, Esq.
MATHURADAS GOCULDAS, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE:

Corner of Hornby Rd., and Churchgate St.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received on terms to be ascertained on application.

Interest allowed on SAVINGS DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS AT 3½ per cent per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE PURCHASED, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

PURCHASE AND SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on the usual terms.

SECURITIES received for Safe Custody, and interest and dividends collected for clients.

L. F. TUCKER,
Acting Manager

THE Mercantile Bank of India, Limited.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£	1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£	1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£	562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£	562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£	415,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E.C
LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), DELHI, RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, KOTA, BAHRU (Kelantan), PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs.1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising interest and dividends when due

A. SJOTT SMITH,
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay

CEMENT

Phaeton Brand.

Guaranteed best English quality.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
BOMBAY.

BANKS.

THE ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LIMITED.

CAPITAL (paid up)	Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper)	Rs. 29,00,000

HEAD OFFICE:—SIMLA

BRANCHES:—

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, Delhi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS.

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half yearly at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 upto Rs. 1,00,000; but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK.—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted. RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable on application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....	£2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£1,000,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,000,000

HEAD OFFICE:—
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E.C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta	Cochin	Zanzibar
Bombay	Chittagong	Mombassa
Madras	Rangoon	Nairobi
Karachi	Mandalay	Nakuru
Lahore	Colombo	Kisumu
Armitsar	Kandy	Jinja
Delhi	Newara-Eliya	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Camp).	Entebbe
Tuticorin	Aden (Steamer point).	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives deposits FIXED for one year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 and up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed, when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased and collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities and Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS granted on approved securities.

Post Box No. 141, BOMBAY
RALPH KIDD,
Acting Manager.

Allahabad Bank, Ltd.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL.....	Rs.	40,00,000
CAPITAL (paid up)	,,	25,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in GOVT. PAPER)...	,,	36,00,000

HEAD OFFICE:—ALLAHABAD

BRANCHES:—At Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, Lucknow, Bareilly, Jhansi, Nagpore, Jubbulpore, Nainital, and Meerut.

SUB-AGENCIES:—Amritsar, Benares, Chandousi, Hathras, Moradabad, and Sitapur.

Fixed Deposit, Current and Savings Bank Accounts opened on terms which can be ascertained.

Banking Business of every description transacted.

Copy of Rules may be had on application.

H. H. WHITE,
Agent,
Bombay Branch.
101, Hornby Road.

BOOKS FOR SALE.

THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY
(Bombay to the Bosphorus.)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary.

GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.
Being a Compilation or Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights.
By L. P. Parikh. Rs. 6.

Apply to the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

IN HYDE PARK TO-DAY.

London in June—London to-day, one of those last glowing glory days. London in June is the world in perspective and the chair in Hyde Park is a splendid vantage ground from which to view it. Cars, cars, cars, on they come—low little racers, earth or dust colour skim along Brood-walk on their way to the unknown beyond—brown, clean shaven, eager young faces, just visible above the steering wheel and one imagines the length of limb concealed by the bonnet.

Then the family cars—*big Napiers occupied in the most part* with London's well-born youngsters. Stiff, erect, in the middle of the seat sits nurse, the baby on her knee, and the rest of the children facing her and on either side; and the children living bundles of exquisite lace and muslin, well-groomed little boys, adorable elder girls with their long curls and their little parosols. A soft whirr, denotes the advent of *those masterpieces in motors*. Great beautiful blue creatures, from the plain silver lamps to the invisible crest, they fill one with a sense of delight. One knows without raising the eyes what they will contain—the beautiful debutante and her chaperon, or the girl bride and her husband, and occasionally a Jewish face, handsome and heavy.

From THE EVENING NEWS, June 4th, 1913.

WHEREVER there is a crowd of cars it is inevitably the NAPIER which attracts the attention, not only of the observant journalist but also of the general public.

Sole Agents for NAPIER MOTORS LTD. and for their

"MASTERPIECES IN MOTORS,"

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & CO.

105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRUYERE, GORGONZOLA and PARMESAN CHEESE, the best obtainable.

PURE ITALIAN OLIVE OIL, unsurpassable for purity.

ITALIAN WHITE WINE VINEGAR, the produce of the grape only.

MACCARONI, VERMICELLI, and SOUP PASTES, always in stock, consignments received by every Italian Steamer Monthly.

EGGS MACCARONI, (a speciality) prepared with Eggs.

HOB'S D'OUVRE in glass jars and in tins of different varieties from the best Home Firms.

WINES and LIQUEURS, from the best Houses in France and Italy.

ALMONDS and WALNUTS (Italian) in soft shell; MALAGA RAISINS and DESSERT SMYRNA FIGS in boxes; and ITALIAN HAZELNUTS.

SINGAPORE CANE CHAIRS, SETTIES, EASY CHAIRS, and TABLES of various patterns and designs always in stock.

Our famous GRIGNOLINO CLARET (purely Grape Wine) in great demand.

MONGINI BROTHERS.

THE FIRM FOR

CHOCOLATES.

PETER'S AND NESTLE'S SWISS CHOCOLATES,
CADBURY'S AND FRY'S ENGLISH CHOCOLATES,
MORIONDS AND GARIGLIO'S ITALIAN CHOCOLATES
HELLERS' AUSTRIAN CHOCOLATES,
KING GEORGE'S CHOCOLATES,
And Regal and Tudor Assortment of Chocolates.

NUT CHOCOLATE, MILK CHOCOLATE, CHOCOLATE NOUGAT, Chocolate Biscuits, Liqueur Chocolate, Chocolate Pralines, Chocolate in tablets, Chocolate in tins, and large assortment of beautiful chocolate boxes suitable for presentation.

MONGINI BROTHERS,

CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY

DOCTOR'S ORDERS.

TAKE BATLIWALA'S
AGUE MIXTURE AND PILLS
for Fever, Ague, or Influenza. They are a certain cure.
Price Re. 1 each.

BATLIWALA'S TONIC PILLS

For pale people is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work impotency, weakness, early stage of consumption, and indigestion, etc., etc. Re. 1-8 each.

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Is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal" and English antiseptic drugs, Ans. 4 each

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Cures ring-worm, Dhobies itch, etc., etc., in a day. Ans. 4 each.

OF ALL DEALERS OR OF

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WORLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

137727

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE is hereby given that from the 1st of August next, the "SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI S. N. Coy." will DISCONTINUE to run their Mail Service, Bombay-Genoa, which will be taken over by the "SOCIETA MARITTIMA ITALIANA S. S. COY."

This Agency will nevertheless continue in charge of the settlement of all pending transactions.

G. FERRERO,
AGENT: "Societa Nazionale di Servizi Marittimi S. S. Coy. and Societa Marittima Italiana S. S. Coy."

THE PORT CANNING AND LAND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.—The FORTY-FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company, will be held at its Registered Office, No. 3, Forbes Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 6th day of August, at 5 P.M., (Standard time), to transact the following business:—

1. To receive the Director's Report and Audited Balance Sheet for the year ending 30th April, 1913.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To elect two Directors in the place of those who go out by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint auditors for the year ending 30th April, 1914, and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 24th July to 6th August, both days inclusive, and during that period the Books of the Company will be available for inspection by Shareholders during office hours.

By Order,
PEROSHAW B. R. MODY,
Manager.

Bombay, 16th July, 1913.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY
(IN INSOLVENCY.)
No. 361 of 1913.

Re JAMES LLOYD MURPHY, of Bombay, European Inhabitant, a Captain in the 79th Carnatic Infantry, residing at Datoobhoy Mansions within the Fort of Bombay; an adjudged Insolvent.

WHEREAS the abovenamed JAMES LLOYD MURPHY has been this day duly adjudged to have committed acts of Insolvency under Section IX of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909). It is ordered that all the estate and effects of the said Insolvent do vest in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, and it is further ordered that the said Insolvent do, immediately after the service of the order of adjudication upon him, attend the Office of the said Official Assignee.—Dated this 16th day of July, 1913.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

Chief Clerk's Office, High Court, Fort, Bombay, this 17th day of July, 1913

☞ WHISKY NOGGIN.

WE SELL this miniature whisky jug mounted in Silver. It holds just one gill and is cleaner and more elegant in use than the pegmeasure of the refreshment bar type. As each guest is served with one for his exclusive own it becomes unnecessary to urge the importunate question of quantity. The noggin is a silent and home like suggestion of "just help yourself," while the obtrusive "half or full peg Sir?" sounds too business like.

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DEALERS IN STATIONERY,
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MATERIALS, Etc.,

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Best Flax Canvas

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9½ inch by 4½ inch...As. 14 per "
If printed on flap there will be an additional charger Rs. 3 per 1,000.
6 13-16 inch by 3½ inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand*
*If printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand

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6-30 and 10 P.M.
PICTURES ONLY, 8-30 to 9-30 P.M.

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The Celebrated Chinese Transformist finishes his engagement on Friday. All who have not seen him should take advantage of the opportunity.

PICTURE PROGRAMME.

Included in it is a thrilling love story of the Norsemen Days and a Special Topical illustrating the Jubilee Celebration of the Kaiser.

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The Management have the pleasure of presenting next week the finest combined variety and Cinema Programme ever seen in Bombay. Wong Toy Sun on Saturday night will throw off the mystic mantle of the East, but as the Immaculate Man from the West Mr. G. Stillwell will be found just as entertaining with a complete change of programme of

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THE POLAR TRAGEDY

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at 6-45 and 10 P.M.

From Saturday, July 19th and during the visit of the "Court Cards" the cinema and dancing entertainment will be held in the afternoon only.

To meet the high standard of Lyrical Dances the orchestra has now been augmented and will in future be under the direction of a well-known Musical Professor.

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Assisted by
ALEXIS JACKOVLEW.
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4. USES OF DYNAMITE. Films instructive, interesting and entertaining.
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A BRILLIANT CINES' MASTERPIECE.
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A stirring story of the Australian Bush, taken amidst entirely natural surroundings. It's simply packed full of thrilling situations, every foot of the picture developing some new sensation.
FULL SHARE OF COMICS.
3 SHOWS NIGHTLY,
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SATURDAY and SUNDAY, 11-15 to 12-15.
PRIZE SHOWS—SATURDAY and SUNDAY, 5-30 to 6-30 P.M.
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THE
Bombay Gazette
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(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

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BUILD-UP YOUR HEALTH with
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"We cannot speak too highly of it."—*Lancet.*
Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most
WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD
The Safest and most Reliable Remedy for TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM, OBSTINATE SKIN DISEASES, &c.
RESTORES THE WEAK,
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Only advertisements for clerks, servants, &c., Goods for sale or wanted are accepted in this column.

RATES. (Cash Only.) Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover postage is previously paid.

PLATE POWDER.—Preserve your silver and electroplated ware by using the BATTLE-AXE PLATE POWDER. The finest preparation for producing a beautiful and lasting polish upon all articles of silver and electroplate. It contains no poison We use it ourselves to make our stock of silver and plate to look always bright and fresh. PRICE ANNAS 8 PER TIN ONLY. MARKOS & Co., Ltd., JEWELLERS & SILVERSMITHS, BOMBAY & POONA.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla No. 6. First-class Furniture on sale or hire. Inspection respectfully invited.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at HOMJEE STREET, where a complete electric installation supplies the motive power for working of the machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The management is therefore able to offer constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotations given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" when available, are supplied at the following special prices: If of a date over one and within 3 months, eight annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee a copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance

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TO LET AT COLABA, near Bombay Green, a LARGE HOUSE, suitable for Hotel Club. Rent Rs. 300. Apply to D. NANJEE, 17, Elphinstone Circle

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TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous Two volumes. By Grattan Geary, Rs 10, Apply to Box No. 414, care of the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

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SAVINGS BANK.

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Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons, and the balance made payable to one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT., per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

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NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
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in a remarkably short time, often a few days only, Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections
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Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.
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Distillers to H. M. The King.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rate for Subscribers is now Rs. 26 per annum in advance, post free.

WANTED.

WANTED.—BOMBAY PORT TRUST—A good temporary DRAFTSMAN, Architectural preferred, required for work in the new Dock Office, six months' work certain. Apply in writing with copies of testimonials, stating salary to
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Chief Engineer.

WANTED SERVICES of a qualified SURGEON, on board a Steamer leaving Bombay, on 17th August, for Liverpool via Suez Canal and Marseilles in exchange for a free passage.
For further particulars apply to,
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
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WANTED.—ROOM and BOARD, with private family, for European gentleman. Moderate terms. Apply to Box No. 950, "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED, from August 1st, an UNFURNISHED ROOM, with Board. No boarding houses considered. Cuffe Parade on Apollo Bunder preferred. Terms must be moderate. Write with full particulars to Box No. 999, care of "Bombay Gazette."

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31st July "	....Rs.	52,00,000
30th December "	....Rs.	100,00,000

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Manager.

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Saturday, July 19th.
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PRESENTS THE
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Doors open 9-15, Curtain 10 P.M.
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Plan of Seats at ROSE & Co.

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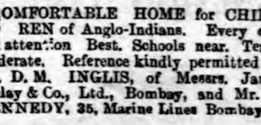

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Entirely New Stock of:—Spectacles Eye-glass, Glare and Dust Eye-protectors, Motor Goggles, Powerful Binoculars, Opera Glasses, Clinical Thermometers, etc., etc.
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See Special Short Advertisements Column.

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Second Insertion	... "	3-8 do.
Third Insertion	... "	3-0 do.
Fourth Insertion	... "	2-8 do.
Fifth and upwards	... "	2-0 do.
Minimum charge	... "	6-0 do.

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AMUSEMENT COLUMN.

For insertions in the amusement Column, ... Re. 1½ per inch.

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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The Wilson Line steamer Morocco, 2,476 tons, Captain G. E. Pickering, will sail to-day for Hull via Karachi, with a general cargo.

The steamer Lawoe, 1817 tons, Captain W. H. Coates, arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Mauritius with a cargo of sugar, 5 cabin and 6 deck passengers.

The Austrian Lloyd's Co's steamer Cleopatra, 2,126 tons, Captain Michell Franovich, arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Trieste 1st July with a general cargo 47 cabin and 13 deck passengers.

The City Line steamer City of Birmingham 4,838 tons, Captain W. J. Houghton, arrived in harbour yesterday from Liverpool, with a general cargo and passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Sofala, 3436 tons, Captain F Moth, arrived in harbour yesterday from Java, with a cargo of sugar.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Wednesday, 16th July 1913, should be regarded as a Full Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

R. I. M. VESSELS.

H M S Lawrence Finnis.....R I M
R I M S Dufferin ..Comdr Healey ... R I M
R I M S Hardinge...Comdr Hamilton ...R I M
R I M S Palinurus...Comdr Headlam ...R I M
R I M S Investigator ..Capt Hickman...R I M
R I M S Dalhousie ..Comd Robinson.....R I M

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—JULY 17.

Astoria .....2743 Hogan .....T M and Co
Abydos ... ..1940 Davies .....B and A S N Co
Banca.....3794 Garwood .....P and O Co
Breconian... . 2577 Jones .....K N and Co
City of B istol ...4345 Henderson ...K N & Co
Cleopatra.....2129 Franovich ...A L S N Co
City of Birmingham ...4038 .....Haughton ... K N & Co
Hoseines... 924 Fanning .....T Morrison & Co
Kasara..... .. 505 Morrison .....M M and Co
Khosron ....2410 Hannah .....T M and Co
Kirkfield .....3060 Dermody ... T M and Co
Kamakura Maru ...3793 Hori.....N Y Kaisha
Lindula.....2138 Walk ....M M and Co
Lawoe .....1817 Coates .....Jeddah . D & Khundwani
Marmaris ...Comdr Muhlis ...Turkish G Boat
Meteor .....2543 Rasmussen...W & A G & Co
Nyanza ..2642 Mcallister.....W and A G & Co
Nairung.....2362 McNeil .....T M & Co
Ramsay.....2731 Mullan .....P and O Co
Saaed.....157 Bonsfield ..Arab Strs Ld
Salamis.....2795 Rodger.....T M & Co
Scharzfels ..2533 Stryker...W and A G and Co
Stephanotis...2584 Gonsalves...A Yule and Co
Schildturm...3187 Klappenberg ..W & A G & Co
Sofala.....3435 Moth .....M M & Co
Trieste.....3103 Grimme.....A L S N C
Islami.....1604 Hughes.....T M & Co
Canara.....3389 Dogge .. Java...M M and Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—JULY 17.

PRINCE'S DOCK

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Sicilia	3186	Ranchi..	Genoa	18-7	R Line
B Lindenfels	...	...3525	Muller	...18-7	W & A Graham & Co
C & R Dido	...	3127	Williams	.. Hall	...24 7 J F and Co
D & E Neumfels	...3541	Freiels .	Karachi	.....	W and A G and Co
Umta	3492	Babb ...	C'cutta	...19-7	..... M M & Co
G Badrie	1613	Fisher	Arab Strs Ld		
H Umsinga	..1569	Cox..	Liverpool	...W & A G & Co	
K Ville-de-Oran	3094	Masson	...J M & Co		
M Arcadia	3514	Barchan	.....P and O Co		
N Morocco	2476	Pickering	...18-7	J F & Co	
O Salient	...2419	West Cott	... .S Smid & Co		
P Clan Sinclair	...3291	Smith ..	J Finlay & Co		

VICTORIA DOCK.

2 Scindia ..3253 Kelso .....Liverpool ...23-7 W and A G & Co
3 City of Bombay 3353 Sparry ..K N & Co
4 Hidalgo .. ..2780 Hosford ...Hull ...25-7 J F & Co
6 Kybfels ...3159 Frisins ...Hamburg...19-7 W & A G & Co
7 Romera ...3189 Burns ...Dunkirk ..... 19-7 W and A G & Co
8 Sildra ...2037 Bryn.....The Bombay Co
9 Mahronda...4921 Armstrong ...London ... 16-7 ..K N and Co
10 & 11 Chapra ...3354 McFadyen...Antwerp ... 19-7...M M & Co
12 & 13 Egypt ...4207 Simmons ..London ... 19-7...P and O Co
14 Liuga ....957 Baller .....M M and Co
15 Bombay Maru ...3393 Fazawa ...Kobe... 23-7...N Y Kaisha

Offside 15

Shirala.....3100 Beck ..Karachi ...18-7... .. M M and Co

Offside N

Markgraf.....2325 Tantzen .....A S & Co

H W P D

Netravati.....699 Fakeera .....B o S N Co
Sabarmati.....921 Samsoodin ...Bo S N Co
Satrunji..... .... 347 Hoosein .....Bo S N Co
Sabarmati..... 524 Samsoodin ...Bo S N Co

ARRIVALS.

July	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
16	Cleopatra .. .	Franovich .	Trieste, July 1
17	Lawoe	Coates	M'tius, June 20
	Sofala	Moth	Java, June 24
	C of B'gham..	Haughton...	Liverpool

DEPARTURES.

July	Vesse'ls	Commanders.	From
17	Dwarka	Moxon	Basreh, &c
	Ekbatana.....	Kreiger ...	Hull, &c
	Sarala	Milne	Persian Gulf
	H M S Perseus	Talbot	Aden

The steamer Morocco, Captain Pickering, obtained her port clearance yesterday for Hull.

The following vessels began to load yesterday.

Steamer Trieste for Calcutta.
" Lawoe, for Jeddah.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The B I S N Co's ste mer "Nemralia" passed Lisbon on the afternoon of the 16th instant.

The German East Africa Line Co's. steamer "Kanzler" arrived at Zanzibar from Bombay yesterday.

OUR Calcutta correspondent telegraphs :—It has been proposed by some influential members of the Hindu community that a steamer should be chartered to sail from India on a tour round the world, visiting China, Japan, the United States and Europe, with arrangements on board for the accommodation of orthodox Hindus.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JULY 17

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Scindia s—100 bales goat hair, 18 bales wool, W and H Graham and Co; 55 bales wool, G Goolabchand; 150 bales wool, D Nagji; 7 bales wool, M Ramjidas; 105 bales wool, V Oomersee; 53 bales wool, V Tejpal.

City of Bombay s—315 cwts gum kodaya, G Sojpa; 2,002 cwts oilcake, B Flour and oil Milk Co; 4000 cwts wheat, L Dreyfus and Co; 100 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons.

FOR MARSEILLES.

City of Bombay s—10,000 cwts wheat, L Dreyfus and Co; 1,981 cwts linseed, 4,461 cwts wheat, John Fachiri; 29,940 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

FOR BARCELONA.

City of Bombay s—25 bales cotton Bombay Co.

FOR LONDON.

Egypt s—10 bales cowhides, P E Byce and Sons; 27 cwts gum olibanum, 1 cwts citteralmond seen, Nurbheram.

Mahronda s—2,589 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros; 8 bales cotton waste, S Raichandi

FOR HAVRE.

Romera s—5,000 cwts linseed, L Dreyfus and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Romera s—58 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 1,000 cwts poppyseed, C Boggiano and Co.

FOR HULL.

Dido s—4,000 cwts castorseed, Ralli Bros.

Hidalgo s—4,000 cwts castorseed, Sunday and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Chupra s—218 bales cotton, Volkart Bro

Clan Sinclair s—110 bales cotton, J Wo. and Sons.

FOR BOSTON.

Hidalgo s—50 bales wool, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Kybfels s—1,000 cwts groundnut oil cake, M H Dehdashte.

Newenfels s—105 cwts gum arabic, J Nurberam and Co.

Lindenfels s—2 bales silk waste, N Dwarkadas; 4 cwts Indian rough storm, N Heerachand.

FOR HONGKONG.

Bombay Maru s—442 bales cotton twist, M B Kaisha; 100 bales cotton, G Dosa and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Bombay Maru s—397 bales cotton, M B Kaisha.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Bombay Maru s—500 bales cotton, twist, M B Kaisha.

FOR TRIESTE.

Cleopatra s—1,035 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

FOR VENICE.

Cleopatra s—100 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

DAILY IMPORTS—JULY 17.

Steamer s. s. Mereor from Balik papan Agent—W and A Graham and Co. 3,600 tons kerosine oil.

Steamer s. s. Lawoe from Mauritius Agent—Dadamia Khanwaim 10 casks lead, 17 casks brass, 4 bundle zinc, 6 bundle Brass tubes, 1 bundle 7 casks 3 pieces corpper.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEERS.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY THE

HON. COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP, C.I.E., V.D., COMMANDING.

Bombay, 18th July, 1913.

507. Arms.—Orders having been received for the re-armament of the Corps with the Short L. E. Rifles, all Arms and equipment in possession of members to be returned to Head-Quarters at once. This applies to Rifles issued for match shooting.

508. Signalling Class.—The Signalling Class will parade every Mondays and Fridays at 7 a.m. on the Maidan in front of Head-Quarters. Dress.—Mufti.

509. Miniature Range.—The Miniature Range at Old Head-Quarters, Carnac Road, will be open for practice every Tuesdays and Fridays at 7 a.m.

510. Parade.—All Recruits of the current season will parade to-day Friday the 18th instant, at 6-30 p.m. at the New Head-Quarters, Council Road.

511. Musketry.—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted to "D" Company on Sunday the 20th instant.

Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 5-40 a.m.

512. Parade.—"G" Company will parade on Monday the 21st instant, and 'G" Company Recruits on Wednesday the 23rd instant, at 7-30 a.m. at the Bombay Gymkhana.

Dress.—Mufti.

Arms and Accoutrement will be issued on the parade ground.

513. Machine Gun.—The 2nd Machine Gun Section of "G" Company will parade under Sergt. A. R. S. Payne, at Head-Quarters on Tuesday the 22nd instant at 6-45 p.m.

514. Enrolment.—The undernamed having been enrolled is taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to "G" Company :—

No. 7496 Vol. G. M. Rose.

(Sd.) F. H. JAMES, Capt.,
Offg. Adjutant, B. V. R.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL.

THE HON. A. HILL TREVOR,

COMMANDING.

Bombay, 17th July, 1913.

+165. Regimental Meeting.—There will be a meeting of the Regimental Committee at Head-Quarters on Monday 21st instant at 9-30 p.m.

(1) Business :—Role of B. V. A., Bombay Defence Scheme.

(2) Regimental Institute.

All members of the Corps are invited to attend.

(Sd.) A. D. CURTIS. Lieut. R. G. A.,
Offg. Adjt. B. V. A.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS BY CAPTAIN STANLEY REED, COMMANDING.

Bombay, 18th July 1913.

The Corps having been re-armed with the Short L. E. Rifle, all Arms in possession of members to be returned to Head-Quarters, Council Road at once.

CORPS SHOOTING CLUB.

There will be a Spoon Competition on the British Infantry Range at Colaba to-morrow Saturday afternoon the 19th instant, commencing from 4-30 p.m.

Distances 200 and 300 Yards.

Short Rifles will be used on the Range.

(Sd.) D. W. WILSON, Lieut.
Actg Adjutant, Bombay L. Horse.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE charges for announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, are Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

DADACHANJI—July 17, Mr. Rustomji Edalji Dadachanji, brother of Dr. Kavasji Edalji Dadachanji. Funeral will take place at his residence at Agiari Moholla, Khetwadi at 8 a.m. (B. T.) to-day.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Harwood Association Football League : Bombay Gymkhana vs. R. G. A., Cooperage, 5-45 p.m.

Dancing Festival, Royal Opera House, 7 and 10 p.m.

Olympia Picture Palace, Sandhurst-road.

Excelsior Cinematograph, 6-30 to 8 ; 8-30 to 9-30 ; and 10 to 11-30.

America-India Cinematograph, Charni-road.

Maxim: The best wealth is that which is spent in the way which God commands.

ENGLISH MAILS.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Company's mail steamer "Salsette" leaves Bombay harbour on Saturday at 2-30 p.m.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE.

[In force from 1st March, 1913.]

The following are the hours of arrival and departure of the principal Mail and Express trains at and from Victoria Terminus and Colaba daily. Standard time is given in all cases :—

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Punjab Mail	12-35	19-14
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpur)	13-20	21-0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	8-45	14-0
Madras Mail	6-0	22-0
Poona Mail	11-10	14-45
Delhi Express (3rd and inter. class)	6-50	7-30
Poona Express ...	19-35	8-0
Manmad Express ...	12-20	14-20
Postal Express for Punjab ...		*
do do for Calcutta ...		*
do do for Madras ...		*

* Four hours after Mail steamer is signalled on Fridays only.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Northern Express	7-30	21-0
Guzerat Mail	8-35	21-50
Third Class Express ...	6-45	17-0

MUSIC AT THE ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. R. C. H. Barnard, V.D., and Officers, the String Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Ry. Vols., will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Bandmaster, commencing at 6-15 p.m., to-day :—

March	Gigeri ... Wagner
Fantasie - Mosaique	Ballet de Copelia ... Delibes
Valse	Scent of the Jasmine ... Hopkins
Selection (from)	Tannhauser ... Wagner
Caprice	Echo des Bastions ... Kling
Melodies (from)	The Sunshine Girl.. Rubens
Two Step	My Little Billiken.. Lotter

G. T. HOSPITAL.—The widow of Mr. Nanalal Chunilal Goonadaria has presented a Government Promissory Note of Rs. 500 to the funds of the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital Nursing Association.

PARSI LADY'S SUCCESS.—Out of 13 candidates, who appeared through Master's College of Commerce, Karachi, in the examination of the National Union of Teachers, London, in Book-Keeping and Accountancy, all passed, including Tehmina Bomanji Master, who is the first lady in Sind to pass several commercial examinations. Two out of four passed the Commercial Law.

ST. JOHN AMBULANCE BRIGADE.—The members of the Hindu division, sent to Pandharpur for service during the Ashadi fair, returned to Bombay on Thursday morning. They were able to render first aid and medical relief in 62 cases, and the Police and other officials were much pleased with their hard and zealous work.

BURNT BY SULPHURIC ACID.—Luxman Babaji (19), employed in the Maneckji Petit Mill, was carrying a jar of sulphuric acid on his head yesterday when he stumbled and dropped the jar which broke and splashed its contents over him. He was burnt all over the body and arms, and was removed to the Sir J. J. Hospital where he has been detained for treatment.

ARAB LOST OVERBOARD.—The B. I. S. N. Co's s. s. "Lindula," (Captain T. Walk), which arrived in Bombay on Wednesday from Durban, reports that, shortly after the pilot, Mr. Davidson had boarded and proceeded to enter the harbour. An Arab passenger named Hassam Suna Haji jumped overboard. This occurred at about 7-45 a.m. The engines were stopped, and a life-buoy was thrown to him, and men sent aloft to keep him in sight. A boat was then lowered, but failed to pick the man up. He was about 20 feet from the buoy when the boat left the ship's, side but made no attempt to seize the buoy.

THE SALVATION ARMY.

ARRIVAL OF LARGE STAFF OF WORKERS.

A party of 73 Salvation Army missionaries, male and female, and eleven children, arrived in Bombay yesterday by the steamer "City of Paris." Since the advent of the Salvation Army in India, this is the largest individual party of the Army's workers that has arrived here. They will be distributed throughout the country, and several of them will engage in special work among the criminal classes. On their arrival, they were met by Commissioner Booth-Tucker and Colonel Blowers, and they will first proceed to Poona, where they will spend a few weeks studying the languages, traditions, and habits, of the people among whom they are to work. The work among the criminal classes of India has been the most striking feature of the Salvation Army's activities in this country.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

REGULAR daily through Service between Bombay and the principal Cities in the United Provinces, Oudh, the Punjab and North-West Frontier Provinces.

BOGIE STOCK, RESTAURANT CARS, ELECTRIC LIGHTS AND FANS.

EASE, COMFORT AND LUXURY ENSURED.

Through carriages between Bombay and Lucknow ; Bombay and Kalka (for Simla) ; Jhansi and Dehra Dun.

BETWEEN BOMBAY AND PESHAWAR.

DOWN from Bombay. H. M.		UP to Bombay. H. M.
19-15...Dep.	Bombay .....Arr.	12-35
0-44...Arr.	Manmad .....Dep.	7- 0
10-18... „	Bhopal ..... „	21- 1
12-52... „	Bina ..... „	18-25
15-13... „	Jhansi ..... „	15-50
17- 8... „	Gwalior ..... „	13-51
19-41... „	Agra Cantonment „	11-17
20-42... „	Muttra ..... „	10-18
23- 0... „	Delhi ..... Dep.	8- 0
23-25...Dep.	Delhi ..... Arr.	7-28
3-17... „	Amballa Cantonment ..... Dep.	3-55
5-39... „	Ludhiana ..... „	1-16
6- 2... „	Phillaur ..... „	0-47
6-45... „	Jullundur ..... „	0- 9
8-29... „	Amritsar ..... „	22-29
11-43... „	Lahore ..... „	21-22
14-33... „	Lala Musa ..... „	15-43
18-51... „	Rawalpindi ..... „	11-44
23-18...Arr.	Peshawar Cantonment ..... „	6-54

BETWEEN BOMBAY AND SIMLA.

DOWN H. M.			UP H. M.
19-15.....Dep.	Bombay ...Arr.		12-35
23- 0.....Arr.	Delhi	Dep.	8- 0
23-25.....Dep.		Arr.	7-28
2-52.....Arr.	Amballa	Dep.	3-55
3-45.....Dep.		Arr.	2-51
5-38.....Arr.	Kalka	Dep.	1- 0
6-15.....Dep.		Arr.	0-12
12-42.....Arr.	Simla .....Dep.		18- 0

BETWEEN DOWN BOMBAY AND LUCKNOW. UP

H. M.		H. M.
19-15.....Dep.	Bombay .....Arr.	12-35
16-15..... „	Jhansi .....Dep.	15-50
18-13..... „	Orai ..... „	13-14
20-30..... „	Cawnpore ... „	11- 8
21-45.....Arr.	Lucknow ..... „	9-45

For up journey read from bottom to top on right hand side.

A. C. Rumboll,
GENERAL TRAFFIC MANAGER.

BOMBAY GOVERMENT ORDERS.

The temporary appointment of an Additional First Class, third grade, Subordinate Judge at Dhulia to be continued for a further period of six months from the 10th August.

Mr. N. M. Natu, Mamlatdar, taluka Sindkheda in the district of West Khandesh, is appointed, a Magistrate of the second class.

Mr. Gul Mahomad Abdur Rahman to be Divisional Inspector of Agriculture in Sind provisionally with effect from 1st April.

Mr. Mothabhai Sundarrav Jayakar, District Deputy Collector, Kolaba, is granted privilege leave for six weeks with effect from 15th July or subsequent date.

Mr. Abdula Ismail Khatib to act as District Deputy Collector, Kolaba, during the absence on leave of Mr. Mothabhai Sundarrav Jayakar.

Mr. Shrinivas Shesho Koimattur Huzur Deputy Collector, Kanara, is granted privilege leave for two months from the date of relief.

Mr. Jagatsing Ailmal to be substantive pro tem sixth grade Deputy Collector in Sind in the vacancy vice Mr. Jhamrai Lahorimal on deputation.

Mr. Rameshandra Govind Sule is confirmed in his appointment and promoted to Assistant Engineer with effect from the 1st April.

Mr. A. S. Manger, Assistant Engineer, transferred from the Shikarpur Canals District to the Karachi Buildings District.

Mr. Haribhai Naranji Desai, Head Clerk, to the Assistant Collector of Excise, Northern Gujarat is on relief, appointed Excise Sub-Inpector, Bonded Ware-house, Bassein, Thana District, vice Mr, B. C. Vora deceased.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time; depth of water is at Prince's Dock Sill.

HIGH WATER.

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time. h. m.	Depth on Sill. ft. in.
	July		
Fri	18	m 0 0 a	3
		11 41 a	5
Sat	19	m 0 32 a	4
Sun	20	m 0 10	25 7
		1 1 a	28
Mon	21	m 0 55	25
		1 28 a	27
Tues	22	m 1 31	25
		1 54 a	27

LOW WATER.

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time. h. m.	Depth on Sill. ft. in.
	July		
Fri	18	m 4 52	16 3
		6 7 a	19 4
Sat	19	m 5 31	16 5
		6 41 a	18 11
Sun	20	m 6 7	16 7
		7 12 a	18 7
Mon	21	m 6 40	16 11
		7 41 a	18 5
Tues.....	22	m 7 11	17 5
		8 10 a	18 5

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week :—

July	Sunrise.	Sunset.
18 (Friday)	do 6h. 10m.	do 7h. 18m
19 (Saturday)	do 6h. 11m.	do 7h. 18m
20 (Sunday)	do 6h. 11m.	do 7h. 18m
21 (Monday)	do 6h. 11m.	do 7h. 18m
22 (Tuesday)	do 6h. 12m.	do 7h. 18m

PHASES OF THE MOON.—Full Moon July 18th, 11h. 36-4m. s.m.; Last Quarter, 26th, 30h. 28-7m. p.m.; New Moon, Aug. 2nd, 6h. 28-1m. p.m.; First Quarter, 9th, 9h. 33-0m. a.m.

THE WEATHER.

BAY STORM PASSES INLAND.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, July 17.

The storm which developed over the Bay passed inland, near to Cuttack, early this morning. It is very concentrated, and so far has not given heavy rain. It will probably move westwards across the Central Provinces. The Arabian Sea current is active especially in the Peninsula.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Burma, Chota Nagpur, Orissa, Central India, the west coast of Hyderabad. Mysore, and the North Madras coast ; fairly general in Bengal, the Central Provinces and the Bombay Deccan, and local in Assam, the United Provinces and Rajputna. A few falls have also occurreed in Bihar, Baluchistan, south-west Punjab, south-east Madras and the Madras Deccan.

The principal amounts are :—Tavoy, three inches ; Moulmein, Bassein and Lashio, two ; Akyab, four ; Bhamo, three ; Jalpaiguri, two ; Balasore and Ranchi one and a half ; Cuttack, two ; Bareilly, three-quarters ; Roorkee, half ; Chakrata, two ; Lyalpur, one and a half ; Port Sandeman, half ; Neemuch, Sutna and Hoshangabad, two ; Raipur, Chanda and Jagdalpur, one and a half ; Ratnagiri and Mangalore, two; Karwar, four ; Parbhani and Hanumakonda, one and a half ; Mercara, seven ; Ootacamund, two ; and Gopalpur, five.

Forecast :—An increase in rainfall in Orissa, Chota Nagpur and the Central Provinces.

AT SEA.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Lindula, Captain T. Walk, which arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Durban report that she experienced strong breeze and heavy monsoon sea.

The Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Coy.'s steamer Cleopatra, Captain M. Frenovich, which arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Trieste met with S. W. monsoon.

RAINFALL STATISTICS IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla. In. cts.	Esplanade. In. cts.	St G's Hosp In. cts
Previously registered	52·33	51·39	52·19
Thursday, 17th July.....	0·34	0·63	0·50
Total.....	52·70	52·02	52·69

Rainfall up to 8 a. m.

KEMP & CO., LD., CUMBALLA HILL.

Rainfall up to 8 a. m. July 17.

Station.	Last 24 hours. In. cts.	Total Corpdg. hours, to date. In. cts.	Corpdg. Total. 1911 In. cts.	Total. 1912. In. cts.
Cumballa Hill.	0·60	41·48	21·60	18·10

BOOT FACTORY, SION.

Registered Rainfall.

24 hours ending 8 a.m. of the 17th July In. cts.	Total up-to-date. In. cts.
0 0·	54 41

Castle-Rock between Ratnagiri and Mormugao of the Meteorogical Report for Western India.

Temperature. Max.	Min.	Rain fall. Past 24 hours. In. Ct.	From 1st June to date. In. Ct.
74	63	9 18	89 0

Appended is Thursday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India, based on observations taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Station.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st June to date.
Bushire 16th	96·3	83·0	...	...
Jask ...	93·3	81·3	...	...
Muskat ...	92·3	84·1	...	...
Multan ...	99·3	77·5	...	4·46
Rawalpindi ...	91·9	75·6	...	6·16
Lahore ...	92·4	80·2	...	6·28
Sirsa ...	93·8	73·0	...	11·36
Ambala ...	91·5	77·9	...	13·49
Delhi ...	92·5	78·3	...	8·39
Agra ...	95·9	79·0	...	3·61
Mainpuri ...	88·8	77·6	0·08	4·51
Jhansi ...	92·6	77·0	...	2·86
Cawnpore ...	89·6	73·5	0·12	7·34
Allahabad ...	96·1	79·5	...	6·89
Jacobabad ...	111·1	83·3	...	0·82
Karachi ...	89·5	82·0	...	0·67
Ajmer ...	97·3	80·2	0·17	5·86
Jaipur ...	95·2	77·6	...	9·01
Kotah ...	96·6	79·6	0·35	3·91
Bhuj ...	93·0	79·5	...	6·11
Dwarka ...	89·3	82·7	...	3·35
Veraval ...	85·6	81·3	...	18·42
Rajkot ...	96·1	75·8	...	13·27
Bhavnagar Para.	93·0	80·3	...	24·92
Surat ...	91·4	80·3	...	23·24
Ahmedabad ...	95·1	81·2	...	15·06
Deesa ...	94·3	80·9	...	10·66
Neemuch ...	88·9	70·0	1·84	9·53
Indore ...	84·6	72·6	0·67	9·46
Jubbulpore ...	84·3	74·3	0·03	16·31
Saugor ...	82·3	73·1	...	11·59
Hoshangabad ...	85·1	73·4	2·07	10·99
Khandwa ...	80·7	74·1	0·81	12·45
Akola ...	84·7	74·5	0·29	9·95
Amraoti ...	79·8	73·8	0·09	14·51
Nagpur ...	85·6	75·3	0·13	19·44
Chanda ...	83·5	73·0	1·41	19·18
Raipur ...	90·7	73·6	1·32	17·29
BOMBAY ...	84·9	78·4	0·98	46·03
Ratnagiri ...	81·8	75·9	1·80	51·02
Mormugao ...	...	...	...	...
Karwar ...	81·2	75·5	3·70	59·36
Malegaon ...	88·4	75·6	0·07	8·06
Ahmednagar ...	83·1	71·0	0·54	14·41
Poona ...	79·5	72·3	0·09	16·60
Sholapur ...	83·3	72·1	0·36	8·67
Bijapur ...	85·2	70·3	...	8·42
Belgaum ...	72·8	65·5	0·44	12·32
Aurangabad ...	82·4	72·2	0·21	11·61
Nizamabad (Indur) ...	83·9	71·7	0·73	21·57
Hyderabad ...	79·8	71·2	0·60	8·13
Mangalore ...	84·4	76·8	2·20	55·88
Calicut ...	77·3	74·1	1·50	41·85
Cochin ...	79·7	73·7	1·73	38·54
Colombo ...	83·5	73·0	1·25	19·23
Masulipatam ...	84·8	76·2	0·13	3·91
Bellary ...	89·0	75·8	...	3·04
Cuddapah ...	90·5	76·0	...	4·10
Madras ...	94·0	80·5	...	2·50
Bangalore ...	78·8	66·3	0·74	7·40
Coimbatore ...	77·4	70·3	0·75	2·54
Trichinopoly ...	91·6	79·3	...	1·23
Negapatam ...	94·7	77·7	...	1·04

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 17th JULY.

Amritsar.—Bright, no sign of rain. All crops doing well.

Hansi.—Cloudy, but no rain. Cotton plants flourishing.

Mooltan.—Cotton plants flourishing and healthy. Food-grains doing well.

Delhi.—Sufficient rain fallen generally for agricultural purposes. Cotton crop accounts satisfactory.

Agra.—Cloudy, but no rain. Cotton sowing making good progress.

Cawnpore.—Rain general over district. All crops doing well.

Bewar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton plants flourishing.

Amraoti.—Showery, Cotton plants look well, but fine weather wanted for weeding.

Khamgaon.—Looks like rain. Cotton plants flourishing, but want more rain. Cotton crop making good progress. Food-grains prospects improving.

Dhulia.—Continues cloudy. Slightly raining here and in the district and has every appearance of a continued fall. Cotton plants flourishing, but want more rain. All crops doing well.

Jalgaon.—Cloudy, but no rain. Cotton plants flourishing. Cotton crop accounts satisfactory and making good progress.

Broach.—Bright, no sign of rain. Seasonable. At times continues cloudy with slight drizzle. Cotton sowing making good progress. Cotton plants healthy and look well, but fine weather wanted for weeding.

Viramgam—Bright, no sign of rain.

Wadhwan.—Cloudy, but no rain. More rain wanted generally. Cotton plants flourishing.

Bhavnagar.—Bright, no sign of rain Seasonable. Cotton plants flourishing. All crops doing well.

Barsi.—Showery. Cotton plants flourishing.

Sholapur.—Continues cloudy. Sufficient rain fallen generally.

Hubli.—Has every appearance of a continued fall. Food-grains sowing has made fair progress.

Bellary.—Cloudy, but no rain.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 17th July, 1913, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. Day temperature is in defect except in the extreme eastern districts; night temperature is also below normal at Multan.

The United Provinces.—Cawnpore reports 0·12" of rain. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded in the extreme southern and western districts and clear elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature is nearly normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Nearly general rain has fallen in Rajputana.—Bikaner has had 0·26", Ajmer 0·17" and Kotah 0·35". Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The air is drier than usual at Ajmer. Day temperature is in excess at Bikaner and Ajmer

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Rainfall has been general in west Central India ; Neemuch has had 1·84" and Indore 0·67". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity is normal. Temperature is in slight excess in Gujarat.

The Central Provinces.—Rainfall has been nearly general ; Hoshangabad has had 2·07", Khandwa 0·84", Akola 0·29", Nagpur 0·13", Raipur 1·32" and Chanda 1·41". Skies are heavily clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. Day temperature is in defect at some stations.

The Konkan.—No telegram has been received from Mormugao. Rainfall has been general ; Bombay has had 0·98 Ratnagiri 1·80" and Karwar 3·70". Skies are heavily clouded. Humidity and temperature are normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Nearly general rain has fallen in Hyderabad and fairly general rain in the Bombay Deccan ; Ahmadnagar has had 0·54" Sholapur 0·30", Belgaum 0·44", Aurangabad 0·21", Nizamabad 0·78" and Hyderabad 0·60". Skies are generally heavily clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. Day temperature is in defect at Sholapur and in Hyderabad.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has been nearly general on the west Coast of the Peninsula, and in the Central Provinces, west Central India, Hyderabad and Rajputana, and fairly general in the Bombay Deccan and Mysore. Local rain has fallen in south-east Madras and on the north Madras Coast, while in the United Provinces only isolated showers have been reported. Rainfall has thus extended to west Central India and Rajputana, but has decreased in the United Provinces. The Arabian sea branch of the monsoon current continues active. The disturbance at the head of the Bay of Bengal is reported to have developed into a storm and its influence on the weather in the east Central Provinces is more marked to-day.

Nearly general rain is likely on the west Coast of the Peninsula and in the Central Provinces and Hyderabad, fairly general rain in the Bombay Deccan;

MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS.

London, July 16. Bombay, July 17.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2½ per cent. Consols	72 7-8		1-8
do. Rentes	84 1-4		1-4
2½ do. Sterling Loan ...	87 3-4	un	chgd
do. Gov. Securities...	83 3-4	un	chgd
Silver in London Spot ...	27	1-16	
do. 2 months' hence ...	27 3-16	1-16	
Silver in New York	58 1-2	1-8	
Exchange on London at Paris ...	25·24 1-2	un	chgd
do. do. at Berlin.	20·46 1-2	un	chgd
do. do. New York	4·86 1-2		1-4
Discount Bank of Eng. land Rate ...	4 1-2	since	
do do Short London Bills	17th Apl.		
3 months' sight ...	4		1-16
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight ...	4 1-2		1-3
do. 3 months' fine Trade Bills ...	4 5-8	1-3	
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills ...	5 1-4	1-4	
Interest day-to-day Loans. ...	2 5-8	un	chgd
do. 7 day Market Loans ...	3	un	chgd

Bar Gold ... 77-9 unchgd.

Exchange on India 30 days sight (bank buying rate) Rs. 3 13-16d. unchanged.

Closing tone of silver—Quiet.

Amount paid into the Bank of England to-day £325,000.

COUNCIL BILLS.

At the periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day, for Rs. 20,00,000.

Rs. 15,50,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
" 50,000 " to Bombay.
" 2,50,000 " to Madras.
" 13,50,000

Tenders on Calcutta, at 1s. 3 15-16d. (Min. Rate) received 47 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay, at 1s. 3 15-16d. (Min. Rate) received 47 per cent. above the rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 15 94.

Telegraphic Transfers:—
..... were allotted to Calcutta.
..... " to Bombay.
1,40,0 0 " to Madras.
1,40,000

Tenders on Madras, at 1s. 3 31-32d. (Min. Rate) received 47 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Madras, at 1s. 3 31-32d. (Min. Rate) received 47 per cent above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Madras and Bombay 15·97.

Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening, including last Public Sales, Rs. 2 20,000.

Amount to be allotted next week, Rs. 20,00,000

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL

Spot	Steady.	Fair demand.
Futures	...	Steady.
Manchester	Steady with a fair demand.	
Total Sales	... 8,000	
Sold on Speculation and for Export	... 1,000	
Imports	... 1,000	
Mid-Americans	... 6·74+03	
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown...	9·55 unchgd.	

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES.—

July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.
6·48	6·46	6·27	6·11
+01	+04	+05	+05
Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	
6·10	6 14	6 16	
+04	+05	+04	
Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May.	
6·18	6·19		
+04	+04		

New York 11 a.m., July 12·06, Oct. 11·54.
New York official Noon call July 12·03 Oct. 11·53.
New Orleans 10 a.m. July 12·03 Oct. 11·53.

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	2,000
" Receipts at " last year...	1,400
" Exports to Great Britain "	7,000
" Exports to Continent ...	.....
Spot Cotton	12·35 unchgd.

Futures—Month of Aug. 12·09+05
Futures—Month of Oct. 11·53+04

Advanced on unfavorable weather reports declined partially under realizing.

NEW ORLEANS—
Spot cotton ...12 1-2 unchgd.
Futures month of Aug. ...12·06+01
Futures month of Oct. ...11·57+03
Tone of Spot Cotton ...Quiet.

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi ... .
Do. Months— ... .
Do. Name of Ports —... .....
Wheat White Karachi ...37 7-8unchgd.
Do. Months ... July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports —London—Sellers.
Wheat Red Karachi ... Nominal.
Tone—Quiet.

SOUTH AMERICAN WHEAT.
Rosario Santa Fe ... Unchanged.

AUSTRALIAN WHEAT
South Australian ... Unchanged.

SEEDS.

LINSEED—
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs
85 p.c ex-ship. ...52+1-4
Do. Months— ...July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk—Sellers.
Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs
85 p. c ex ship ...52 3-4+1-4
Do. Months— ...July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports.—Antwerp—Sellers.
Brown Cawnpore ...47 1-2+1-8
Do Months— ...July-Aug.
Do. Name of Port.—Dunkirk—Done and sellers.
Tone—Firm.

LINSEED—
Bombay, per 416lbs ex-ship ...43 1-4+1-2
Do. Months— ...July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Done.
Tone—Firm.
Plata Calcutta ...46+6d.
Do. Months— ...July-August.
London—Sellers—Quiet.
Plata Argentine—LaPlata...44 1-4+1-4
Do. Months— ...July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Done.

COTTONSEED—
Bombay Cottonseed Market £3-16-0 unchgd.
July-Aug.—Hull—Nearest—Value —Quiet.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
Fine Rio Coffee ... 8 3-4 unchgd.

RUBBER—
Para Rubber ... 3 8 1-2—1-2d
July-Aug.—Value—Steady.

METALS—
Standard Copper G M B ... £ 63 1-8+5-8d
Copper Braziers ... £ 78+1-1d
Yellow Metal ... 6 7-8d. unchgd

FREIGHTS—
Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay—13s.—Value.

BEEF & MUTTON TALLOW—
Finest Australian Beef Tallow ... 37-6
" " Mutton Tallow... 39
General Tone of Tallow Auction—Irregular.

SUGAR—
German Granulated Sugar
C&F India (Double bags) .. 12 6—3 4d.
D., Months of Shipments Oct.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone—Very fair business at lower rates.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar
C & F India ...11 7 1-2unchgd.
Months of Shipments Oct.-Dec.—Sellers.
German Beet-root 88 p.c. ... 9 0 1-2 –3 4d.
Months of Shipments ... Aug.—Sellers.
9 2 1-2 –3-4 1.—Oct.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone—Opened flat and lower. Closed quiet.
E A R & Similar Crystals C & F India ... 13 6 3-4 unchgd.
Months of Shipments ...Nov.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet.
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ... } No quotation.
Month of Shipments ... }

JAVA SUGAR.
Fine White Java C & F Calcutta—
Do. 11 6—July-Dec.—Value.
Do. 11 10 1-2 –Jan.Mar.—Value.
Fine White Java C & F Bombay & Karachi—
Do. 11 3 1-2—July-Dec.—Value.
Do. 12—Jan.-Mar.—Value.

LONDON, July 15.

The following statement comprises the shipments of goods for the month of June 1913:—

	To Calcutta.	To Rangoon.
Cotton Piece Goods:—		
	Yds.	Yds.
Bleached and White	2550000	4000000
Unbleached & Grey..	11820000	1600000
Dyed and Coloured...	1010000	2800000
Printed.....	1050000	2600000
Twist and Yarns:—	Lbs.	Lbs.
Dyed and Bleached...	33000	230000
Unbleached and Grey	590000	2.000
Total shipments of Salt	8000	.....

	To Madras.	To Bombay.	To Karachi.
Cotton Piece Goods:—			
	Yds.	Yds.	Yds.
Bleached and White	4800000	21500000	19500000
Unbleached and Grey...	9800000	19000000	3700000
Dyed and Coloured ...	1650000	11000000	4800000
Printed	2300000	15200000	10000000
Twist & Yarns:—Lbs.		Lbs.	Lbs.
Dyed & Bleached	410000	870000	90000
Unbleached and Grey ...	560000	800000	10000

BOMBAY MARKETS.

THURSDAY EVENING.] [July 17th 1913.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers.
	Rs.		
3 Boxes Gold Bullion	1,22,850	London	Mercantile Bank

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER BY RAIL on 15th July 1913.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway.....|	27	41,637
B. B. and C. I. Ry...	40	47,395

FINANCIAL

MONEY:—

Bank of Ben. rate since 3rd July	3 p.c.
Bank of Bom. " " 17th July	3 "
Bank of Mad. " " 8th July	5 "

The Cash balance of the Bank of Bengal is 27 lakhs up. The Bank rate is unchanged at 3 per cent.

The Bank of Bombay has to-day reduced its rate of interest by one per cent, and it now stands at 3 per cent.

EXCHANGE—

The market is steady and rates are unchanged. There is still very little business doing.

We quote.—

T. T. on London	... Is. 3 29-32d.
Demand Draft	Is. 3 15-16d.
Credit 3 months' sight	...Is. 4 3-16d.
Do. do forward	...Is. 4 5-16d. Oct
Do. do Francs	...170
Do. do Marks	...138 1-4
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...145
Shanghai "	...196 3-4
Japan "	...150 1 4

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—

The market opened steady at 96 5-16 for Cash and 96 1-4 for the settlement and has remained unchanged during the day with a moderate business passing Rates close as under. The New Loan of three crores will be issued to-morrow.

We quote.—

Cash	...Rs.	96	5 0	buyers
Settlement	... "	93	4 0	"

BULLION.—

Yesterday bar silver in London was 1-16 higher both for ready and forward at 27 and 27 3-16 respectively. New York was 1-8 up at 58 1-2. The local market opened steady at 68 15-16 for ready and the settlement and advanced to 69 1-8 during the early part of the day, remaining steady at this rate. A moderate business is reported.

We quote.—

English Bar Gold	... Rs.	21	1	0
Australian Gold	... "	24	0	0
Sovereigns Gold	... "	15	0	0
Silver (ex duty)				
Ready	... "	69	1	0
1st Settlement	... "	69	1	0
2nd Settlement	... "	69	2	0
Silver (cum duty)				
Ready	... "	78	7	0
1st Settlement	... "	78	7	0
2nd Settlement	... "	78	8	0

COTTON

MARKET REPORT.—

The following are the latest telegrams received here:—

WELD AND Co:—"Liverpool market advanced early on scattered buying and not much offering. Market closed steady on favourable American advices" Our travelling man wires from South Texas:—"Boll weevil doing serious damage."

GRUNING AND Co:—"Weather is too dry for the plants in Texas and Oklahoma."

MR. HABERSHAM KING:—(through Messrs Breul and Co) "The continued dry weather in South Carolina is resulting in high temperatures, an unfavourable combination at this stage of the growth, and unless rains come soon the damage will be serious. While the temperature in the Northern part of Texas and Oklahoma has been abnormally high. I do not consider much damage effected yet owing to abundance of moisture in the ground. While rain is needed in the Central parts of Texas I do not consider existing dry conditions injurious yet. Conditions continue favourable elsewhere. The weather conditions during the past week have been beneficial over 80 per cent of the crop."

The American markets continue to advance quietly but steadily. The tone of the local market is steadier to-day but there is little business doing. The market at Coloba was closed owing to a Jain holiday.

QUOTATIONS:—

NEW CROP.

	Rs.	
Good M. G. Broach ...	288	Mar.
Fine M. G. Bengal ...	250	Jan.
F. G. H. G. Bengal ...	238	do
Fine M. G. Khamgaon Akola ...	272-3	do

OLD CROP

	Rs.	
Good Sawginned Dharwar ...	260	July
Good M. G. Coompta ...	270	do
Good M. G. Westerns ...	265	do
Good H. G. Westerns ...	260	do
Good M. G. Miraj ...	280	do
Fine Khamgaon Akola ...	244	do

LIVERPOOL OPENER.—

Opening Tone	... Barely steady.
Estimated Sales	... 8,000
Total Imports	... 2,000

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.
6·47	6·39	6·23
—01	—01	—01
Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan
6·19	6·15	6·15
—01	—01	—01
Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar-Apr.
6·14	6·16	6·17
—01	—01	—01

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

The markets are partially closed to-day owing to a holiday.

LINSEED:—

The market is firm.

Ready	... Rs. 8	0 0 B.T.
September	... " 8	13 0 R.T.
May 1914	... " 9	6 9 R.T.

RAPESEED:—

The market is firm. We quote:—

Brown Delhi May...	Rs. 8	10 6 R.T.
Brown Cawnpore	" 7	14 0 B.T.
Yellow Cawnpore	" 8	11 0 B.T.
Yellow Guzrat	" 8	12 0 B.T.

GINGELLYSEED:—

Tone—Steady.

Bold White 85p.c.	" 62	0 0
Yellow Higanghat	" 65	8 0
Yellow Secunderabad	63	0 0

POPPYSEED:—

Tone—Steadier. We quote:—
Ready ... Rs. 11 13 0 B.T.

CASTORSEED:—

Tone—Steady. We quote:—
Ready ... Rs. 35 8 0

COTTONSEED:—

Tone—Steady. We quote:—
Ready ... Rs. 25 8 0

GROUNDNUTS:—

Tone—Quiet but steady. We quote:—
Bold ... Rs. 51 0 0

MOWRASSED—

Tone—Steady. We quote:—
Aug.-September ... Rs. 8 5 0 R.T.

WHEAT:—

The market is quiet but steady.

White Pessi 85 p.c. ready	Rs. 5	3 0 R.T.
White Delhi Sept.	" 5	9 0 R.T.
White Delhi May 1914	" 5	11 0 R.T.

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay ...	1 650 x d
Bank of India ...	69 c. d.
Eastern Bank ...	86

MILLS.

David ...	546 1-4
Fazulbhai ...	575
Kohinoor ...	800
Manockji Petit ...	3200
New Great Eastern...	250
Standard ...	1440
Swan Mill ...	307 1-2

MISCELLANEOUS.

Shivrajpur M. Syndicate	22 1-4
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ord	193
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Pre	175
Bombay S N Ordy "	250
Colaba Land and Mill ...	1,507 1-2
Treacher and Co ...	490
Tata Hydro E. P. S. Co. Ord.	892 1-2
Tata Iron and Stl Co Ord. ...	94

RAILWAY.

Tapti Valley ...	600 c. d.

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of produce into Bombay, during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., yesterday:—

Cotton	3,942	bales.
Wheat	45,035	cwts.
Linseed	28,493	"
Rapeseed	679	"
Gingellyseed	1,025	"
Poppyseed	509	"
Groundnuts... ...	6,543	"
Castorseed	3,805	"
Rice	3,891	"
Myrabollams... ...	491	"
Cottonseed	13,412	"
Mowrassed	8,027	"
Gram	2,330	"
Joowar	19	"
Maize	Nil	
Barley	1,664	"

GRIFFITHS' COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

NEW YORK, July 16.

Day's Receipts at U.S. Ports.	4,000 Bales.
Exports to Great Britain ...	1,000 do
Exports to Continent ...	.....
Spot Cotton at New York ...	12·10+05
Future Cotton at New York August ...	12·09+5
Future Cotton at New York October ...	11·53+4
Spot closing tone ...	.....
Futures closing tone ...	Steady

General Tone Market opened:—Steady and advanced on favorable cables and Bull support and short covering.

NEW ORLEANS, July 16.

Spot Cotton at New Orleans...	12 1-2
Future Cotton at New Orleans—Aug. ...	12·06+1
Future Cotton at New Orleans—October ...	11·57+3
Future closing tone.— ...	Steady

LIVERPOOL, July 16.

COTTON.

The Liverpool market opened for spot.—Steady and closed steady.

The Liverpool market closed for futures—Steady.

The Liverpool market closed for East Indians.—Quiet.

Total Day's Sales ...	...	8,000 bales.
Sales on Spec and export	...	1,000 do
Total Sales of Sugats	...	.....
Total Day's Imports	...	1,000
Egyptian F. G. Fair Brown		9·55
Mid American at Liverpool	...	6·74+3

Cotton delivery mid uplands G. O. C. Liverpool.

July-Aug	6·48+4
Aug.-Sept	6·40+4
Sept.-Oct	6·27+5
Oct.-Nov.	6·21+5
Nov.-Dec.	6 16+4
Dec.-Jan.	6·16+5
Jan.-Feb.	6·18+5
Feb.-Mar.	6·17+4
Mar.-Apl.	6·18+4

Manchester Piece Goods Market—Firm, fair enquiry at Sellers stiff and transactions difficult to arrange—Fair enquiry for Shirting Dhootics—Demand from Calcutta for Grey Shirtings medium.

LONDON, July 16.

SEEDS.

Linseed, 4 p. c. Refraction, Landed Terms (p e r 410 lbs)...July-Aug.—Ldn,	45 9 "
Do. Bombay exship (per 416lbs) ....July-Aug.—Dunkirk ...	47 9 Sellers.
Do. La Plata ...July-Aug.—Antwerp ...	44 Done
Do. Tone of Market at close...	Quiet
Do. Tendency of the Market—	do
Linseed Oil Spot Pipes...July—	£25-5-0
do ... Sept-Oct.—	£24-10-0
Do. Tone of Market at close.	Steady
Do. total afloat for U. K. ...	240,000 qrs
Do. River Plate exports ...	... ...
Poppyseed Canal ...July-Aug —Dunkirk...	65 Sellers
Do. Tone of Market at close.	Steady.
Rapeseed Calcutta Brown Canal July-Aug.—Hamburg	47 3
Do. Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs 85 p.c. exship July-Aug.—Dunkirk ...	51 6
Do. Yellow Guzerat, per 416 lbs. 85 p. c. exship July-Aug.—Dunkirk ...	52 6
Do. Ferozpore usual bold	... ..
Do. Jamba Red—	... .
Do. Tone of Market at close.	Steady
Cottonseed, Bombay parcels. July-Aug.—Hull ...	£3-16-0
Do. Tone of Market at Close..	Steady
Gingellyseed. Bombay 15 p.c. May.-June.—London.	.....

LONDON, July 16.

WHEAT.

Wheat. Choice white Karachi July-Aug.—London...	38 Sellers.
Do. F A Q Red Karachi (per 492 lbs.) July-Aug.—London ..	37 6 "
Do. Club No. 2 ..July-Aug.—London ...	38 "
Do. Choice white Delhi July-Aug.—London—	Nom'l
Do. Tone of Market at Close	Quiet.
Do. South Australian ... July —37	4 1-2Sellers
Do. Rosario Santa Fe, 62 lbs. July-Aug.—	35 9
Do. do. Tone of Market at Close ...	Quiet.
Do. Red Graded American per central Liverpool ...July—	7 5 3-4
Do. Afloat to U. K. ...	.....
Do. Stock at U. S. Ports ...	.....

LONDON, July 16

SUGAR.

German Beet-root 88 per cent F.O.B. Hamburg ...August.	Sellers. 9 0 1-4 "
German Beetroot, 88 per cent. F.O. B. Hburg. Oct.-Dec	9 2 1-4 "
" Closing Tone of Market.	Quiet
German Granulated C. and F. Calcutta (double Bags) July-Aug...	.....
German Granulated C. and F. India (double Bags) Oct.-Dec.—	12 6 "
German Closing Tone Market—	Quiet
Austrian Crystals B. R. E. C. and F Calcutta July-Aug.	.....
Austrian Crystals B. R. B. C. and F. Calcutta Oct-Dec...	11 6 3-4 "
Do. Closing Tone of Market,	Quiet
Mauritius Crystals ...	... ..
Do. Closing Tone of Market..	.....
E. A. R. and Similar Crystals C. & F. Calcutta (double Bags)— July-Aug.	13
E. A. R. and Similar Crystals C. & F. Calcutta (double Bags)— May-June...	.....
Do. Closing Tone of Market.,	Steady
Special Feature—General Report of Market ...	.....

LONDON, July 15

JAVA SUGAR.

Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) C.I.F. Calcutta ...July ..	Value 11
Java Sugar 16 18 (Average 17) C.I.F. Calcutta July-Dec.	10 10
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) C. I. F. Calcutta Jan-Mch	11 1 1-2
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi July ..	11 1 1-
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi, July-Dec....	11
Java Sugar 16 18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi Jan-Mch...	11 3
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta July ..	11 7 1 2
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta July-Dec....	11 6 3-4
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta Jan-Mch....	12
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bom. or Karachi July...	11 9
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bom or Karachi July-Dec ..	11 8 1-4
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bom. or Karachi Jan.-Mch ..	12 1 1-2
Closing Tone of Market	... Very Quiet
Special Feature	... do

LONDON, July 16

METALS.

	£	s.	d.
Copper, Standard G M B ...	63	2	6
" Best English Selected.	68	5	0
" Braziers	79	10	0
" Tone of Market ...	Firm		
Hard Spelter	19	0	0
Tin Block F O B Liverpool ...	187	0	0
Yellow Metal	6	5	8
Galvd. Corrugated Sheets, 24 G., G. O. B 1 p.c. F O B L'pool	10	12	6
Basic Steel Bars, C I F Calcutta	5	10	0
Basic Steel Rods C I F Calcutta	6	0	3
Basic Steel Hoops C I F Calcutta	6	13	9
German Steel Sheets, F O B Antwerp	6	5	0
German Steel Plate, F O B Antwerp	5	15	0
Belgium Iron Bar No 2 ...	4	15	0
Tin Plates, I C Coke 14 by 20, 112 Sheets in box C I F L'pool	0	14	3
Pig Iron, No 3 Cleveland ...	2	15	6
Pig Iron No. 3 Clarence F O B Middlesboro.	2	17	6
Pig Iron Gartsherrie ...	3	16	9
Lead Pig English	20	2	6
Tone of Steel Market ...	Steady		
Silver, Spot	27		
" 2 months hence ...	27	3-16	
" Tone of Market—Quiet			
" Special Feature ..	With little doing		

LONDON, July 16.

FINANCIAL.

Silver Spot ...	27
Silver 2 Months ...	27 3-16
Silver Closing Tone of Market—Quiet	
Silver Tendency, etc. of the Market ...	with little doing
Rentes 3 p. c. ex div. ...	£ 84
Consols 2 1-2 p.c. ex div...	£ 73
Indian Stock 3 1-2 p. c....	£ 87 3-4
Sterling loan	£
Govt. Securities 3 p. c. ...	£ 75 1-2
Rupee Paper 3 1-2 p. c. ...	£ 63 5-8
Bar Gold per oz. ...	77-9
Opening Tone of Finance Market	Steady.
Closing Tone of Finance Market	Quiet
Bank of England Rate of Discount	4 1-2 p. c.
Exchange on India 30 Days Sight	1 3 13-16
London at Paris Fcs. ...	25·24
Berlin cheques on London Mks	20·46
New york (Demand Bills) ds	4 86 1-2
Interest day to day loans	2 5-8
Do. 7 days Market loans	3
Discount Bank Bills 3 months Sight ...	3 15-16
Do. Bank Bills 6 months' Sight ...	4 1-2
Fine Trade Bills 3 months	4 1-2
Fine Trade Bills 6 months	5 1-3

LONDON, July 16.

COUNCIL BILLS.

At the Periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day for... ... ... Rs. 20,00,000

Rs. 15,50,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
" 50,000 do to Bombay.
" 2,50,000 do to Madras.
Rs. 13,00,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 3 15-16d. (Min. Rate) received 47 per cent above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 3 15-16d. (Min. Rate) received 47 per cent above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment Calcutta and Bombay 15·94.

TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS:—
Rs. ..... were allotted to Calcutta.
" ..... do to Bombay.
" 1,40,000 do to Madras.
Rs. 1,40,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 3 31-32d. (Min. Rate) received 47 per cent above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 3 31-32d (Min. Rate) received 47 per cent above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment Calcutta and Bombay ... 15·97

Total Amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening including last Public Sale 2,20,000

Amount to be allotted next week ... ...Rs. 20,00,000

LIVERPOOL July 17.

OPENING COTTON.

Days Estimated Sales	... 8,000
Tone of Market	... Steady.

Cotton Daly Mid Uplands G. O. C. Liverpool.

Futures.	Latest closing	To-day's opening.
July-Aug....	6·48	6·49
Aug.-Sept...	6·40	6·41
Sept.-Oct....	6·27	6·25
Oct.-Nov....	6·21	6·22
Nov.-Dec....	6·16	6·17
Dec-Jan.,..	6·16	6·17
Jan.-Feb. ...	6·16	6·17
Feb.-Mar....	6·17	6·18
Mar.-Apl ...	6·18	6·19

Prices taken at 10-5 a.m.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

The Liverpool friends of Messrs. Tata and Sons write as follows:—

AMERICAN COTTON.

Fluctuations have been fairly wide, and prices on balance show a decline of 7 points.

The position at the moment seems rather obscure.

Crop accounts have been excellent. Most cables received contain such expressions as "simply perfect," "ideal," "could not be better," etc. A leading American house writes us as follows:—

"The weather has recently been perfect, and the crop has made the very best progress, with cleaner fields and better stands than almost ever before, so that its promise could not possibly be better."

Of course, crop prospects might at any moment change for the worse, but at present everything looks "coleur de rose," and people generally are talking of a distinct improvement in the Bureau condition for June, as compared with last month.

The demand in Manchester appears to have slackened a good deal, but spinners and manufacturers do not seem to mind this very much, as they are so heavily under contract. The Indian Monsoon is apparently making good progress. Our Bombay friends cabled yesterday:—"Beneficial rains falling." The rainfall up to Thursday last at the recording station, Colaba, amounted to 7 inches, against 3 inches last year and at Byculla 11 inches, against 4.26 inches.

From most of our representatives throughout Europe, however, we learn in response to a special enquiry that spinners are finding considerable difficulty in getting contract for any distance ahead, and for for this reason have so far bought very little new crop cotton, either actual or in the shape of futures.

The political and financial horizons still have their clouds. The dissension among the Balkan State regarding the division of the spoils of war continues, and although it is hoped that the efforts of the Great Powers will prevent any acute crisis, the uncertainty delays the return to the pursuit of commercial and industrial activity in those regions, and continues to inflict corresponding losses on those countries from which the Balkans are in normal times such important purchasers.

Financial stringency continues all over the world and the Bourses remain in a highly nervous condition. The investing public is still extremely cautious and underwriters find it very difficult to place issues of any description. It is true that the recent great crisis in the world's money markets was successfully overcome but the return of confidence is very slow.

The statistical position remains healthy, and we adhere to our opinion that in the long run the enormous consumption will prove the dominating factor.

Last season, at this time, the quantity in sight was 1,572,000 bales larger than the quantity distributed to spinners. This season it is only 862,000 larger, showing that spinners have taken a larger proportion of the crop. The visible supply is not decreasing as rapidly as it did last year, but if, as good authorities estimate, the consumption this year is not less than 14 3-4 millions, it means that spinners must be consuming their mill stocks.

This idea of a large consumption seems to have found pretty general acceptance, for we believe a large long interest exists, which is confirmed to us by some of our leading colleagues in the market.

Now, when we have a long period of what we call "zig-zag" markets, i.e., unimportant fluctuations up and down such as we have had for weeks past the bulls very often become uneasy some tired longs being to sell and others follow suit and one decline begets another.

We are in some doubt but it is quite possible that the foregoing is the state of affairs to-day and a temporary decline would therefore not surprise us.

We repeat, however, that ere long the strength of the statistical position is bound to make itself felt and a reduced long interest would enable the market to respond more freely to its bullish influence.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Prices have on balance declined about 20 points.

There is very little news. Crop accounts continue most favourable, in fact beyond the appearence of worms in a few sections, where they are being successfully combated by the Government, there are no complaints.

Yarn business in Bolton remains slow but the tendency of prices is quite steady. What we have said regarding American cotton applies equally to this growth, only that when the market is weak Egyptian shows a tendency to decline more than American.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

FOURTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT.

The Directors' report for the half-year ended 30th June, 1913, is as follows:—

The Directors have the pleasure to submit to the shareholders the balance sheet and profit and loss account for the half-year ended 30th June 1913. The Auditors' Report is also annexed.

The net profit amounted to Rs.3,03,727-1-2, which, with Rs. 54,627-14-8 brought forward from the last account, made a total of Rs. 3,58,354-15-10;

This sum the Directors have disposed of as follows:—In payment of an *ad-interim* dividend at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, free of income-tax, for the half-year ended 30th June 1913 Rs. 1,50,000 Carried forward to next account Rs. 2,08,354-15-10. Total Rs. 3,58,354-15-10.

The average bank rate for the past six months was 7·23 as compared with 6·01 for the corresponding period last year.

There was a keen demand for money during the half-year, and the funds of the Bank were fully employed.

The net profit of Rs. 3,03,727-1-2 is some Rs. 33,000 in excess of our best previous half-year, a result which your Directors consider highly satisfactory.

The Directors are pleased to state that the advance made to the Triconadas Mills Company, Limited has been paid back in full and that the account is now closed.

A decision has, since the close of the half-year, been given by the Court of Appeal confirming the decision of the Ahmedabad Court with regard to the Debentures issued by the Nadiad Swedeshi Spinning, Weaving, and Manufacturing Company, Limited, in Liquidation. On receipt of the necessary papers the Directors will consider the advisability of appealing for leave to appeal to the Privy Council.

The Bank's claim against the company has been admitted by the Liquidator for Rs. 1,16,724, the greater part of which the Directors trust will be recovered either from the Official Liquidator or from the surety, Dewan Bahadur Ambalal Sakerlal, should no appeal against the above decision be made.

It will be noticed that the balance sheet has been signed by three of the Directors in anticipation of the provisions of the Indian Companies Act of 1913, which will come into force on April 1st 1914.

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

NAMES.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last half-yearly Dividend.	Cash Bals.
INDIAN BANKS.				
Allahabad Bank Ld	100	100	18 p c	365
Alliance Bank of Simla Ld ...	100	100	14 "	283
Bank of Bombay ...	500	500	13 "	136 x
Bank of India ...	100	50	6 "	69 c.d.
Bank of Bengal ...	500	500	14 "	175
Bank of Madras ...	500	500	12 "	140
Bank of Rangoon ...	100	100	7 "	100
Bank of Baroda ...	100	50	7 "	70
Credit Bank of India Ld ...	50	10	5 "	13
Punjab National Bank ...	100	100	9	175
People's Bank of India ...	100	100	10	27
Specie Bank ...	100	50	7	66d
The Bombay Merchants Bank Ld.	100		6½	14
Central Bank of India ...	50	25		30½
EXCHANGE BANK.				
Chartered Bank ...	£20	£20	15 p c	£30
Eastern Bank ...	£10	£ 4	4 "	86
Mercantile Bank(a)	25	12-10	8 "	£21½
Do. (b)	25	12-10	8 "	£21½
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation ...	dl125	dl.125	£ 4	£S7½
National Bank of India ...	25	12½	12½ "	615

BOMBAY CORPORATION.

MAHIM ROADS SCHEME REFERRED TO COMMITTEE.

DANGER OF VAGRANT LEPERS.

A meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday afternoon, in the Municipal Hall with Mr. A. M. Tod, the President, in the chair.

Mr. Jehangir J. Cursetji moved:—"1. That the Municipal Commissioner be requested to report at an early date what steps have been taken with regard to the vagrant lepers in Bombay since the Lepers Act III of 1898 was put into force in the City by Government about two years ago 2. How many such homeless lepers wandering about and freely mixing with other people in the thickly crowded streets of the City have been brought up before the City Magistrates and detained by their orders in the Matunga or similar other leper asylums? How many of them only temporarily residing in the City were transferred to the districts to which the properly belonged, in pursuance of the terms of the Resolution of the Government of Bombay on the subject, dated the 7th March 1911? 3. What is the present total number of vagrant lepers in the City, the total number residing in the Matunga leper asylum, and the amount of room still available in it for further admission? 4. Is the Commissioner satisfied with the progress thus made in relieving the City from the danger of vagrant lepers? If not, what steps does he propose to take for a more vigorous and quicker enforcement of the Act in the interests of the health of the City and the safety of its inhabitants?"

The Municipal Commissioner, Mr. J. Crerar, explained to the Corporation, with reference to the motion on the subject, that the provisions of the Leper Act could not be brought into force until proper arrangements had been made for the detention of absconding lepers. Those arrangements were being provided in addition to a pallisade for preventing escapes; a set of detention wards was being built, and was now in an advanced stage of construction. Consequently, the information asked for, if furnished with reference to existing conditions, would soon cease to have any practical application. It would be better to consider the question after the new arrangements had been in working order for some time, and experience had been gained as to the results.

Dr. Jehangir then withdrew his proposal.

SALSETTE WATER SUPPLY.

A letter from the Commissioner, recommending an increased supply of water to Salsette whenever available, was next considered, and on the motion of Sir Balachandra Krishna, the matter was referred to a committee.

The Corporation next considered a letter from the Commissioner, submitting a scheme for the construction of new roads at Mahim

The Municipal Commissioner, in a lengthy note put before the Corporation the question of the development of the Mahim District by the laying out and widening of roads and by the provision of open spaces for the use and recreation of the inhabitants of the district and of the City in general.

INCREASE OF POPULATION.

The Commissioner stated: It has long been recognised that the Mahim District is the most healthily situated of the areas yet undeveloped and that a large movement of population towards it must be anticipated and should be provided for. This movement of population has already been in progress for some years and is being rapidly accelerated by various causes in the city. Nothing, however, has been done in any systematic manner to prepare for the proper housing of this increased population, with the result that the portion of the island which has been in the past the most healthily situated is being taken up in the most haphazard and insanitary manner. Apart from the requirements of the increasing population the need for better communication through Mahim has long been recognised. In addition to the large population which now inhabits the locality there is a heavy traffic with the neighbouring town of Bandora and with the mainland. This traffic increases with the larger number of persons working in the town who reside outside the island and with the development of Salsette. The roads in Mahim, however, have always been extraordinarily inadequate. They are narrow and tortuous, following the boundaries of old private plantations. There is only one good road in the whole quarter, the Lady Jamsetji Road, and even that, constructed 60 years ago, is not broad enough for modern traffic. Along part of the Mahim Bazar Road traffic is only carried on with constant interruptions and with daily danger to life. Cross-roads may be said to be non-existent since the numerous passages are merely narrow and muddy lanes.

So long ago as 1890 the Executive Engineer proposed lines for 11 roads for the whole north-western portion of the island and these were sanctioned by the Corporation on March 16, 1891. Three of these roads were proposed to be made in the area between Hamas Road and the north end of DeLisle Road and do not concern the present question. The remaining 8 roads were proposed to be laid down in the Mahim area; 4 of these were north and south roads and 4 of them cross roads. Nothing, however, was done to make the roads on the lines laid down. With the creation of the Improvement Trust in 1898 it was contemplated that the Trust would deal with the Mahim area and would provide a broad western avenue running from the Mahim Causeway to the Esplanade. In 1902, however, the Mahim District was for various reasons excluded by Government from the operations of the Trust. It should moreover by this time have been obvious that the Trust resources would not be equal to making broad avenues on each side of the island. Nevertheless nothing was done by the Corporation towards carrying out the original proposals for roads and the 11 roads sanctioned in 1891 were on the recommendation of the executive officers cancelled by the Corporation in 1906. There would no doubt have been difficulties in making the roads at that time. But these difficulties have inevitably to be faced sometime or other and it seems now a pity that these road lines were at that time abandoned. The necessity for a broad thoroughfare on this side of the island was, however, never denied and in the reply of the Corporation to the invitation of Government to give their opinion on various points bearing on the future development of the city the Corporation suggested that a wide thoroughfare should be run from the Bandora Causeway through the Mahim Woods to the city.

THE THREE AVENUES PROPOSED.

With the increasing congestion in the city and with the growing desire of many persons to live in somewhat healthier surroundings together with the ever-increasing traffic, the necessity for opening up Mahim with better roads has become every year more urgently obvious. The Executive Engineer has accordingly for some months been engaged in the examination of the best lines to be laid down for roads and as the result of his most full and careful consideration he has sent his report, dated, July 2, of which I forward a copy herewith. Though at first sight it may appear that he is proposing a complicated network of roads this is not really the case and his proposals may be very simply described. He suggests three north and south through roads. The most western starts from the Worli sluices, where a deviation is necessary to get a better junction over the storm-water channel with the existing Worli Road. It then joins the existing narrow New Parbhadevi Road and cuts across unbuilt land Bhandarwada Road to avoid the present tortuous and narrow turnings. It here joins the Mahim Bazar Road and continues along the line of it as far as the Mahim Bazar and ultimately joins the Lady Jamsetji Road near the Mahim Causeway. With the exception of the cut which I have referred to, this follows the line of the existing road, the widening of which has already been sanctioned by the Corporation. The Corporation originally agreed that a portion of it should be widened to 60 feet and the remainder to 40 feet In view, however, of the heavy traffic that will use the road and the fact that the motor traffic which starts along Queen's Road or comes from the residential quarters of Malabar and Cumballa Hills, Gamdevi and Chowpati, will use this road almost entirely, it is not desirable to have it less than 60 feet wide throughout and I have already proposed this to the Corporation. I do not think that there will be any difficulty in the Corporation approving of the line of this road. The second road is the most central. It will begin from DeLisle Road which at present ends abruptly at Elphistone Road. The Corporation are aware of the very heavy traffic that uses DeLisle Road at present although it is not in communication with the north except by the winding Parbhadevi Road. I have already suggested that the width of DeLisle Road should be 100 feet and this proposal has so far met with general approval. I accordingly now propose that this 100 feet road should be continued north from DeLisle Road as far as Bandora Causeway. The first portion of it will run along part of Dadar Kumbharwada Road the construction of which to 60 feet has already been approved by the Corporation. The new road will then leave Dadar Kumbharwada and strike across to the Portuguese Church Road near the Portuguese Church itself and from there will be continued across land which is still unbuilt over, to join the Lady Jamsetji Road. From this point of junction it will be continued along Lady Jamsetji Road, the latter being widened to 100 feet as far as the Causeway. The Causeway itself will doubtless have to be ultimately widened to take the traffic converging on to it from the south. This 100 feet road from the Bandora Causeway to the Byculla Bridge will be the main line for trams and for traffic generally. It will in fact form the western avenue of the island. It may be objected that for a western avenue it tends too much towards the centre of the island and will cause an inconvenient amount of traffic to be brought into the eastern avenue south of the Byculla Bridge. This, however, is not likely to cause serious congestion. A good deal of the traffic along this western road will leave it at Arthur Road and proceed westwards and a good deal more at the south end of DeLisle Road will go "via" Clare Road down Duncan Road. Moreover, the eastern avenue will only have to carry the traffic as far as the north end of the new Improvement Trust Road from the Crawford Market, from which point southwards it will have the choice of the new Trust Roads or of the Parel Roads (Bhendi Bazar) and running into Abdul Rehman Street and Kalbadevi Road. This in any case is the nearest approach we can now get to a western avenue and I do not think that the Corporation need have any hesitation in adopting it. The third north and south road is along the Tulsi Pipe Line which borders the B. B. and C. I. Railway as far as the Mahim Station from which a diversion will be made to join the Mahim Sion Road near the Mahim Causeway. It always intended to make a road along the Tulsi Pipe Line and for that reason a width of 50 feet was acquired. An extra width of 10 feet has since been acquired for the most part and the expense involved so far as land is concerned will, therefore, be very small. It will not be necessary to construct this road until the land along it is further developed and it must be postponed to the other roads.

CROSS-ROADS.

The Dadar Kumbharwada Road will form a north and south road linking up the new 100 feet road and the Lady Jamsetji Road near Dadar Station. Although this road loses its importance as a means of through communication I do not think it desirable that it should be less than 60 feet as already sanctioned by the Corporation because it runs through a neighbourhood which is becoming increasingly thickly populated.

As regards the cross-roads which are shown by the Executive Engineer the lines of them need not be regarded as definitely fixed with the exception of the road from the Matunga Station which is already under construction and the road to the Mahim Station which is almost equally inevitable. The Executive Engineer has proposed several cross roads to give access to the Mahim foreshore and this is of great importance for the proper development of the area. The owners of the adjoining properties will benefit largely by these cross roads and it is right that the Corporation should demand their co-operation in the construction of them. These cross roads should be regarded as tentatively proposed and their exact lines would depend upon the assistance given by the various owners.

It would no doubt have been more satisfactory in many ways to have developed Mahim with the help of a Town Planning Act. Government have asked the views of the Corporation on such an Act and I fear the delay the reply has been due to the papers remaining with the Commissioner, whose remarks were asked for. The subject, however, is so large and the literature connected with it now so vast that I regret I have never been able to take it up. Government have prepared a draft of a Town Planning Bill with the help of the best expert advice at their disposal and I certainly hope that it will be possible to apply many of its provisions to Bombay. Mahim is essentially an area which affords scope, if not for Town planning in its completest form, at least for the co-operation of the owners of properties who will be benefitted by the development of the land for building purposes. I hope, therefore, that in providing land for the main roads and for the construction of the cross roads the owners will be reasonable in their demands. If they are not I think it would be advisable for the Corporation to purchase not merely the land required for the roads but also the frontages along the road. In the meanwhile I do not think there is any necessity to wait for the Act before laying down the lives of the roads.

A comparison with the 11 roads previously proposed may be interesting. The first road then suggested was along the Mahim foreshore. There can be no doubt that such a road would be an extremely desirable acquisition to the City and that ultimately it will be constructed. At present, however, is construction would be a matter considerable additional expense owing to the shifting nature of the foreshore and as it is not required for through communication I do not think it necessary to propose it at present. Roads, 2, 3, and 4 correspond almost exactly with the three through roads which Mr. Mackison now suggests. Roads 5 to 7 not concern this area. Roads 8 to 11 are cross roads the last two of which correspond with the roads from the Matunga and Mahim Stations—while numbers 8 and 9 are provided for by the various cross roads indicated by Mr. Mackison. It is I think satisfactory to find that the roads proposed by the Executive Engineer 23 years ago so closely correspond with the lines which Mr. Mackison has quite independently arrived at. I trust therefore that the Corporation will have no hesitation in agreeing to the lines of the main roads now proposed.

OPEN SPACES

Mr. Mackison has at the same time taken up the question of the provision of open spaces. The Corporation are aware of the sad want of such spaces in the old portion of the Town and how difficult and impossible it is at this stage to repair the deficiency. It would be far less excusable to repeat the error in the areas which are now becoming crowded. It is necessary, therefore to provide spaces in Mahim which will be adequate for the recreation of the inhabitants, not merely in the present or in the immediate future but so far as can be foreseen for all time. It must be borne in mind, moreover that owing to the excellence of its foreshore and its situation the picturesqueness of which will always remain, it is probable that an increasing number of the inhabitants of the City will go for air or recreation on occasional visits to the north of the Island. Just as open spaces near London receive large influxes of people on holidays from the crowded portions of the neighbouring City so it is both natural and desirable that the people living in the densely crowded portions of Bombay should be tempted to frequent Mahim on special occasions. While moreover the Fort and Girgaum have the Esplanade and the Oval close to them which, however inadequate, do allow of recreation to a large number of their youthful population and while recreation grounds are in course of certain near Mahaluxmi for the central portion of the City, the north of the Island is at present entirely devoid of any large public open spaces. I point out these consideration in case any number should think that the proposal which I am now about to make err on the generous side. This is essentially a matter on which one must think of the far future and I believe that after all the circumstances have been weighed the Corporation will not think that the provision for open spaces now suggested is excessive.

The chief open space suggested by the Executive Engineer is situated in very nearly the centre of the Mahim district between Lady Jamsetji Road and the foreshore and extends to about 45 acres. As the Executive Engineer points out, the land is at present singularly free from buildings of any size. It has the great advantage of being open to the sea and will be readily accessible by the roads in their widened form. It will not be necessary to make the whole area into a recreation ground all at once. Many of the houses and many of the trees can remain for years but it is extremely desirable that the Corporation should have control over the whole area. The second area suggested is near Purbhadevi Road and measures about 14 acres. A great portion of it at present consists of the Sowles Tank and most of the remainder is low-lying land which has been dug out and which should in any case be acquired and filled up on the grounds of health. A third open space is near the Mahim Station and consists entirely of the Digbee Tank which measures about 3 acres. A small open space is also proposed near the Dadar Overbridge. When these open spaces have been provided the whole district will be adequately but not I believe extravagantly provided for in the way of open spaces.

THE QUESTION OF COST.

The Executive Engineer has intentionally refrained in his letter from going into detail of cost and I do not wish to do so at this stage though the Committee to whom I hope the Corporation will refer the matter will no doubt have to examine them. And publication of the estimate of the cost will undoubtedly lead to land being bought up and exorbitant demands being made. The immediate necessity is for purchasing the open land required for new through roads and the next step is to provide the money for the large recreation park. The estimated cost of these works will be put before the Committee; but as I have said I do not wish to publish them at present. I need only say that the cost of the land in certain areas has gone up considerably of late years and it is bound to increase with the spread of population and with the provision of proper water supply and sanitary appliances which we can no longer withhold from this portion of the Island. If therefore the Corporation will agree, as I hope they will, that these proposals are fair and to a great extent inevitable it is obvious that the sooner the land is acquired the less it will cost the Corporation.

In conclusion I venture to express the representatives of the older portions of the City will realise that these proposals are being made in the interests of the city in general and that though they may appear benefit more immediately the inhabitants of the area concerned they will in many ways react to the advantage of every resident on the Island and I trust also that the members of the Corporation who may be said to represent more directly the inhabitants of the northern part of the Island will impress on their constituents the necessity of co-operation in assisting in the fulfilment of the works and moderation in their demands for compensation for land which is to be taken up."

Dr. Javle moved that the letter be referred to a committee for consideration and report.

Sir Ibrahim Raimtulla observerved that the Improvement Trust had had a conference with the Government on the scheme for the development of the northern districts of the city.

On the motion, of Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, a resolution was passed by the Trust calling upon the chairman to submit a scheme. A scheme was accordingly place before the Board of Trustees, in which the present roads scheme was included. The Trust was prepared to take up the whole of the cost, but when they found their financial resources did not permit of it, it was decided to ask the Corporation to bear the cost. Now, the question was, whether the Corporation should, in addition to the annual contribution to the Trust's finances, undertake the loss of this scheme, too.

Sir Phirozeshah M. Mehta said that they were not given any idea as to what would be the estimated cost of the scheme. Perhaps an objection might be raised to the figures being put before the public less there be speculation in land. But, he averred, by putting the estimates before the public—not in detail of course any speculation would be prevented. On the other hand keeping it a secret would encourage unfair speculation, because dishonest persons would always get information, and only the honest people would suffer. He did not think it was possible for the Forporation to do anything in the matter until they had some idea as to its lost.

The proposal was carried and the scheme was referred to a Committee.

The Corporation next considered the report submitted by their Committee regarding the future policy of the Corporation in regard to set-backs.

In its report the Committee pointed out as follows:—

The present provision of the Municipal Act in regard to compensation is as follows:—

"Compensation shall be paid by the Commissioner to the owner of any building or land acquired for a public street under Section 298 or 299 for the value of the said land, and for any loss, damage or expense sustained by such owner in consequence of the order made by the Commissioner under either of the said." (Section 301).

It has been urged that under this section exorbitant claims for compensation have been put forward and allowed. With a view to discussing this question from the point of view of the owners of properties as well as the public bodies acquiring properties for street improvement, the Committee requested Mr. W. A. Chambers, architect and surveyor, and Mr. R. H. A. Delves, F.S.I., Deputy Land Manager, Bombay Improvement Trust, to give the Committee the benefit of their experience and advice. Messrs. Chambers and Delves were good enough to attend a meeting of the Committee. They were both of opinion that Section 301 (1) of the Act required amendment and in accordance with a desire expressed by the members of the Committee they subsequently placed before the Committee a letter, dated the 12th September 1910, embodying their suggestion for the amendment of Section 301 (1) of the Act. The following is an extract from their letter, explaining the reasons for the proposed amendment:—

We are both of opinion that as matters stand at present the Municipality are often called upon to pay sums very much in excess of the real loss sustained by owners of properties from whom setbacks are taken, but we understand this is due to the way in which the Act has been interpreted by the Courts. The proposed amendment would, we think, result in owners being fully compensated for the loss sustained by them and in protecting the Corporation from being victimized. It is based on the principle that the real loss sustained by the owner is the difference in the value of the property before and after the set-back is taken but it also provides for cases in which owners are put to expense by reason of any order issued by the Commissioner under either Section 298 or 299.

The Municipal Commissioner was thereupon requested to obtain the opinion of the Municipal solicitors on the proposal made by Messrs. Chambers and Delves and they recommend the adoption of the proposal with a proviso that any increase or decrease in the value of the remainder of the land after the enforcement of the set-back should be taken into consideration. This is supposed to allow for betterment. The amended Section would read as follows:—

"Conpensation shall be paid by the Commissioner to the owner of any building or land acquired for a public street under Section 298 or 299, for any loss which such owner may sustain in consequence of his building or land being so acquired and for any expense incurred by such owner in consequence of the order made by the Commissioner under either of the said Sections; provided that any increase or decrease in the value of the remainder of the property of which the building or land so acquired formed part likely to accrue from the set-back to the regular line of the street shall be taken into consideration and allowed for in determining the amount of such compensation."

The Committee approve of this suggestion and beg to recommend that Government may be moved to take the necessary steps for the amendment of the Section as proposed.

Sir Phirozeshah Mehta moved the adoption of the report.

Sir Ibrahim Rahimtulla thought that the amendment would cause serious difficulties in practice, and the Corporation would be well advised not to accept the recommendation of the majority of the committee. He moved an amendment to refer the report back to the Committee for re-consideration.

Dr. Sukhia seconded the amendment remarking that the proviso to the proposed amended section was highly mischievous, leading to much litigation.

Mr. Wadia and Mr. Wacha pointed out that Sir Ibrahim and Dr. Sukhia had urged their views before the Committee and the report was submitted after careful consideration of all the circumstances. It was of no use returning it to the Committee for re-consideration.

Mr. Navalkar moved an amendment to the effect that the whole proviso included in the Committee's report be deleted.

This found no seconder and fell through.

Dr. Battliwalla moved an amendment suggesting the names of some more councillors to be added to the Committee.

Sir Ibrahim accepted the additional names.

Mr. Orr pointed out that the Committee had submitted their report after three years and the Corporation would not cause further delay by returning it to the Committee again. The proposed amendment was about the best that could be suggested at present.

On a division the amendment was defeated by the casting vote of the President.

A poll was demanded, which met the same fate.

The original proposition was put to the vote and carried by a majority of one.

Again a poll was demanded and the President, declaring the result, said that the original proposition was carried.

The Corporation then adjourned to Monday next.

BENGALI THREATENED WITH BURGLARY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, July 17.

Mr. Annada Prosad Biswas, sub-registrar, has received a letter sent to his house at Chinsurah, signed "Swadeshi Boys," stating that, as he was a wealthy man, they expected some monetary help from him for the cause of the mother-land, and that he had been balloted to be the next victim to be raided upon. The letter further stated that they would visit Mr. Biswas one night with a view to collecting funds, and they hoped they would not be disappointed. The letter was made over to the police, and the house is well guarded every night.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

HIGH COURT.

APPLICATION FOR RETRIAL.

COMPLAINT AGAINST A MAGISTRATE.

A petition for the retrial of a case of insult which had been dismissed by Mr. Athavale, lately acting Fourth Presidency Magistrate, was presented at the High Court by Mr. Anthony Paes, an Assistant Superintendent in the Bombay Secretariat, before a bench consisting of Mr. Justice Batchelor and Mr. Justice Shah.

The petitioner's story was that he had preferred a complaint of insult against a Mr. Denton before Mr. Athavale at the Mazagon Police Court, when the latter was the Fourth Presidency Magistrate.

The Petitioner and Mr. Denton both lived in Sassoon Buildings at Byculla. All the tenants of the building, excepting the petitioner Mr. Denton and another, were Jews. Mr. Denton kept a dog which was said to be a great nuisance to the tenant of the building. The petitioner complained about it to Mr. Denton who is alleged to have used certain insulting expressions towards the complainant. The petitioner thereupon filed a complaint in the Magistrate's Court. The petitioner said that, when the case came up for hearing, the Magistrate asked him whether he could not pocket the insult. Mr. Paes said that the Magistrate's behaviour and tone towards him also showed that his Worship was not inclined to give him justice. The Magistrate only asked the petitioner whether he was a Yahoodie, and, on the petitioner replying that he was not, told the accused not to abuse the petitioner thereafter and dismissed them. On this the petitioner asked the Magistrate whether any warning had been given to the accused, and his Worship replied that no warning had been given. On this the accused departed in great glee.

Mr. Paes submitted to their Lordships that the Magistrate had not even cared to enquire of the accused whether he was guilty or not, and whether or not his dog had been a nuisance to the neighbours. The only result of his complaint, he said, was that suggestion from the Magistrate to pocket the insult (at the cost of all self-respect). He, therefore, prayed that a re-trial of the accused might be ordered.

Their Lordships issued a notice to show cause why the case should not be re-tried.

FATHER'S RIGHT TO GUARDIANSHIP

Mr. Justice Davar, at the High Court, disposed of a notice, in which the father of a girl sought to recover the guardianship of his daughter.

The petitioner, Moreswar Jayaram Patek, is the father of a minor girl named Venubai, aged fourteen, who is under the protection of Savitribai the sister of the petitioner and the respondent in this case. The petitioner asked that the girl should be handed over to him, as her natural guardian.

Mr. Davar appeared in support of the notice, and Mr. Kanga opposed.

Mr. Davar said that the girl was of a marriageable age, and the petitioner, as the father, wanted to get her married to a man of his caste.

Mr. Kanga, on behalf of the respondent, urged that the petitioner was a drunkard and resorted to charitable institutions near Madhavbaug for his livelihood. The girl had been with the repondent for the last eleven years, and she only wished to see her married to some fit person instead of being sold for money.

After the hearing of evidence, his Lordship said that the father was the natural guardian of the girl, and as misconduct on his part had not been proved. His Lordship made the rule absolute and ordered the respondent to pay the costs of the petitioner.

ARBITRATORS' AWARD DISPUTED.

Mr. Justice Davar yesterday disposed of a rule issued to show cause why the award by the arbitrators in a case should not be set aside..

In this case one Pragji Heerji had filed a suit against Khanji Khatan. The parties afterwards agreed to have the matter settled by arbitration, and Messrs. Merwanji Manekji Mistri and Merwanji Pestonji Bhaka were appointed arbitrators. The arbitrators gave an award, but the plaintiff would not agree to abide by it, and applied for its rejection. A rule was issued to show cause why the award should not be rejected.

Mr. J. D. Davar appeared in support of the rule, and Mr. Bahadurji opposed.

Mr. Davar argued that Mr. Merwanji Pestonji Bhaka had declared in his affidavit that the award had been drawn up by Mr. Mistri, and that he himself had signed it, placing trust in Mr. Mistri. But he afterwards learned that the award had not been given after consultation of the parties.

Mr. Bahadurji said that Mr. Bhaka's statement had not been proved.

His Lordship remarked that the only question raised was about the trustworthiness of Mr. Mistri. The judge said that he did not think that Mr. Bhaka was a man of that nature that would sign a paper without reading it. His Lordship, therefore, rejected the rule with costs.

APPLICATION FOR REJECTION OF A DECREE.

At the Bombay High Court, before Mr. Justice Davar, Mr. J. D. Davar argued a rule for the rejection of a decree for Rs. 23,150 obtained by Cawasji Dosabhai Wadia against K. G. Gackawad.

Mr. Bahadurji opposed the rule.

His Lordship, after hearing the evidence on both sides, rejected the rule with costs.

THE POLICE COURTS.

"SPRITE"-"KALIKA" COLLISION.

ENQUIRY RESUMED BY MARINE COURT.

The inquiry into the collision that occurred between the British Steam Navigation Company's steamer "Kalika" and the Port Trust launch "Sprite" off North Beacon Channel, in the Bombay harbour on the morning of June 19, was continued yesterday before a Court consisting of Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, (Chairman), Captain F. Barcham, master of the S.S. "Arcadia" and Captain C. Morrison, master of the S.S. "Kara" with two assessors, Captain D. S. Smith, master of the S.S. "Clan Sinclair" and Captain G. L. Symmonds, master of the S.S. "Baron Balfour."

Mr. Nicholson, Government Solicitor, appeared on behalf of the Government, while the Hon. Mr. R. W. L. Dunlop, of Messrs. Crawford Brown and Co., represented the owners of the "Kalika," and Mr. Caroe, of Messrs. Cragie, Blunt and Caroe appeared for the Port Trust.

The first witness examined by Mr. Nicholson was Fazloodin Sekh Hasem, the second engineer of the "Kalika". He said that he was in charge of the engine-room on June 19, when the steamer left Mody Bunder. He did not keep records of orders. The first order he got was to "sail slow": the second was to "stop", and then "full speed astern". He felt a bump after some time. The fast revolution was 150. The engine, as well as the stem, answered well. There was no clock in the engine-room. He could not say at what intervals he received the orders. His serang and electrician were with him in the engine-room. The electrician was at that time answering the telegraph.

CHIEF OFFICER'S VERSION.

Hooseinbhai Mahomed, examined by Mr. Nicholson, said he was the chief officer of the "Kalika" on June 19. That morning he was on the deck of the "Kalika." When the collision occurred, his vessel was between the dock and North Beacon—about 200 ft. away from the beacon. The wheel of the "Kalika" was at the back. He did not give any signal at the time of the collision. At that time the speed was very slow. The "Sprite" was outside Cross Island when she was first seen. The "Kalika" first sounded two blasts. At the time of the accident, the distance between the two vessels was 150 or 200 ft. The witness was on the right side, and he thought he would pass away safely on the starboard side. The "Sprite" was turned at right angles to the "Kalika."

Questioned by the Hon. Mr. Dunlop, the witness said he was surprised to see the "Sprite" turn in that manner. The "Kalika" was on her usual course at the time of sailing. The usual course was to keep 200 ft. away from the beacon. The collision occurred 200 or 300 ft. away from it. When the "Sprite" changed her course, she sounded three blasts.

Shamsoodin Amin, serang of the "Sprite," re-examined by Mr. Nicholson, said that after the collision, the steering gear answered very well. It was not even repaired.

Alfred Henry Baker, officer of the Royal Indian Marine, examined by Mr. Nicholson, said he had surveyed the "Kalika" and the "Sprite". He inspected the damage caused to them by the collision. The stern of the "Kalika" was bent from the starboard to the port side. The "Sprite" was damaged on the port side.

Cross-examined by the Hon. Mr. Dunlop, the witness said the fact that the stern of the "Kalika" was bent from the starboard to the port side showed that the "Sprite" probably had some way on.

Questioned by the Court, the witness said it was doubtfull if a vessel could swing round with such force as to bend her stern from starboard to port side.

Some evidence having been recorded, counsel for the prosecution, in addressing the Court, said that he was of the opinion that both the Captain of the "Kalika" and the serang of the "Sprite" were to blame, but it depended on the Court to say in what respect and to what degrees they deserved that blame. The "Kalika" had the "sprite" on the starboard side and he thought it was the duty of the Captain of the "Kalika" to keep out of the way of the "Sprite." The question was whether or not the "Sprite" was justified in breaking the rule to avoid collisions by going to the port side, because the other ship had signalled that she was doing so, and whether the serang of the "Sprite" had not jeopardized her safety by going into shallow water.

Mr. Caroe said that it was the duty of the "Kalika" to keep out of way of the "Sprite" as she had entered the channel and the latter was still outside. The "Kalika" indicated to the "Sprite" that she was going on the port side, and then did not act according to this, with the result that she kept on the south side of the channel instead of on the north and pressed the "Sprite," on the edge of the channel, causing her to steer to starboard just before the collision.

The Hon. Mr. Dunlop in his address said that it appeared from the evidence that the "Kalika" was carrying out her usual course down the channel. It was also stated that the helm of the "Sprite" had gone wrong, and but for this unfortunate accident to the helm there would have been no collision. He laid great stress on the fact that almost up to the moment of impact the Captain of the "Sprite" had thought there was no danger.

The Court here rose for the day.

DHOBI CHEATED.

Mr. Frank Oliveira, Third Presidency Magistrate, yesterday disposed of a case in which a Mahomedan named Naziralli Ahmedalli was charged by Sub-Inspector Karnik with cheating one Narsu Gopal in respect of a quantity of wearing apparel of the value of Rs. 311.

The evidence showed that a few days ago the complainant was given certain silk clothing by one Husain Umer Maloo to be ironed. On the 16th inst. the accused, who was a servant of Husain's, called at the complainant saying he had been sent by his employer for the clothes, and took delivery of those that were ready at the time. Later in the evening the complainant himself took the remainder of the washing to Husein, when he learnt that the accused had misrepresented to him that he had been sent for the clothes. The lot, which the complainant had delievered to him, was never received by Husain. The complainant, therefore, made a report to the police, and the accused was arrested the same day and the whole of the missing property recovered from him.

The accused pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to two months' rigorous imprisonment.

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ARRIVALS.

PER S.S. "CITY OF BIRMINGHAM" JULY 18.

The Ellerman Line s.s. "City of Birmingham" Commander W. J. Haughton, which left Liverpool on the 24th ultimo arrived in Bombay, yesterday (17th) with the following passengers."

LIVERPOOL TO PORT SAID.

Bennett, Mr D

LIVERPOOL TO BOMBAY.

Allen, Adjutant
Allen, Mrs
Appleby, Lieut
Askew, Capt
Askew, Mrs
Beattie, Ensign
Beattie, Mrs
Bedford, Capt
Bedford, Mrs
Bennett, Adjutant
Bennett, Mrs and child
Benton, Mr J W
Braine Adjutant
Braine, Mrs
Brostrom, Ensign
Bullard, Colonel
Bullard Capt
Carr Capt
Carr, Mrs
Carruther, Mrs R A
Cunningham, Ensign
Cunningham, Mrs
Davey Adjutant
Day, Capt
Day, Mrs
Durston, Lieut
Fielding, Capt
Fielding, Mrs & inft.
Gilroy, Mrs
Graham, Mr John
Graham, Mrs A
Green, Capt
Greer, Mrs and child
Hackett, Ensign
Hackett Mrs child and infant
Halstead, Mr Sydney
Hanson, Mr F
Harding, Lieut
Hoglund, Lieut
Hood, Capt
Hunt Capt
Jan, Mr E H
Jones, Capt
Johnson, Capt
Lownes, Capt
Lownes, Mrs and 2 children
Luke, Mr J H
M'Burnie, Capt
M'Burnie, Mrs child and infant
Martin, Capt
Martin, Mrs and infant
Mason, Lieut
Meredith, Capt
Meredith, Mrs
Moffat, Ensign
Moffat, Mrs
Morris, Capt
Morris, Mrs and child
Moss, Adjutant
Moss, Mrs
Moodie, Miss M
Murray, Capt H A
Perry, Adjutant
Perry, Mrs
Pinchbeck, Capt
Rawson, Adjutant
Rawson, Mrs
Sheard, Capt
Sheard, Mrs
Shepherd, Mr J
Shorter, Lieut
Stallard, Mrs
Stigen, Lieut
Sutherland, Adjutant
Thompson, Capt
Thomson, Mrs
Vinckervisaged, Lieut
Waghorn Lieut
Ward, Lieut
Watkins, Adjutant
Watkins, Mrs
Willis, Capt
Woodward, Capt
Woodward, Mrs
Wylde, Mr J R
Wylde, Mrs and infant

NAPLES TO BOMBAY.

Edwards, Lieut Ivo E
Richardson, Mr A A

NAPLES TO KARACHI.

Cox Lieut-Col P W H
Cox, Mrs

PER S.S. CLEOPATRA" JULY 17.

The following passengers arrived here by the Austrian Lloyd s. s. Cleopatra" from Trieste and intermediate ports yesterday afternoon:—

Arthur, Capt H B C
Barrett Lt Genl Sir and Lady
Brotherton, Mr J B
Bose, Mr A M
Buchner, Miss E
Bhalla, Mr H D
Carlus, Mr John
Chhchi, Mr H B S
Franklin, Mr J
Goethens, Van Miss
Guyon, Major G S
Gonsch Revd and Mrs F A
Gouroba, Mr and Mrs Y and child
Hutchinson, Capt G
Lathbury, Mr H O
Meane, Consul C J
Hadhok, Mr M C
Mehta, Mr A B
Norregard, Mr and Mrs R A
Narayan, Balwant Mr Mrs and infant
Osborne, Mr E N
Patel Dr R and Family
Patel Mr H N
Rasul, Mr S G
Slingsby, Capt
Sanders, Capt A R C
Sratigos, Mr J G
Stiller, Mr H
Subawalla, Mr R H
Singh, Mr Jawad
Shah Mr M M
Thapps, Mr and Mrs and 2 children
Whitacker, Mr R W

DEPARTURES.

The following is the list of passengers per Italian Mail steamer "Sicilia", Capt. G. Ronchi, sailing to-morrow the 19th.

Cabin passengers are requested to be present at Prince's Dock No. A Shed, at 9 a. m. (standard time) sharp, for the medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port. Deck passengers will have to be present at Prince's Dock, new Disinfecting Station at 7-30 a.m (standard time) with their luggage and kit.—

PER S. S. "SICILIA" JULY 19.

H E G Saint, Martin
Binks, Mr H T
Ballarin, Mr F
Cagna, Mr A
Chisholm-Batten, Lt J de H
Conway Poole, Capt J M
Deane, Mr C G
Gibbs Mr H H
Gognet, Mr A
Lane, Capt J W
Lahman, Rev M C, Mrs, and two children
Lyons Mr P
McKenna, Capt J C
Muller, Mr F A
O'Brien, Lt L B
Pollard, Rev G F
Riccard, Capt J
Sangster, Maj P B
Sermanhoiy, Mr G
Tanguerey, Williams Lt H C
Tercoving, Mr C
Widdicombe, Lt-Col F S
Williams, Mr G
Wright, Mr T T

CONVICT KILLED BY A HORSE.

A young convict in His Majesty's Prison at Oomercarry, named Abdulla Mahomed Sadak, aged 19, was kicked in the abdomen by the Jail Superintendent's horse while sweeping the stable in the jail compound, on the afternoon of the 15th inst. He was treated at the Jail hospital; but, his condition growing worse, he was removed to the Sir J. J. Hospital where he died yesterday.

The deceased had been sentenced to three months' hard labour by the Third Presidency Magistrate for cheating, on April 30 last.

Mr. G. F. Chalk, the Coroner, held an inquest on the body of the deceased yesterday at the Morgue.

Mr. Luxman Babaji, the Jailer, in his evidence described the accident. Four convicts including the deceased were sweeping the open space inside the inner gate of the prison, under the supervision of a convict overseer. One of these convicts, who was told of to collect rubbish and dump it on the space provided for sweepings, entered the stable of the Superintendent's horse and going to the rear of the animal commenced to collect the litter, while the other two convicts remained at the stable's door. The deceased received a kick from the horse, and fell on a bear of grass in the corner of the stable. He cried out, and was removed outside.

The witness and the Sub-Assistant Surgeon went to the spot, and removed the deceased to the hospital.

Capt. Prescott, House Surgeon to the J. J. Hospital, who had treated the deceased and made a post-mortem examination, was of opinion that death was due to rupture of the intestines which could have been caused by a kick.

The jury returned a verdict of death from being accidentally kicked by a horse and added a note that the jurors were of opinion that convicts should be prevented from entering the stable.

THE Bank of Bombay yesterday reduced its rate of interest on demand loans on Government paper to 3 per cent.

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R. O. T. (Rare Old Talisker)

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Tiger Brand 125 deg	4 14 2	do.
Monkey Brand 125 deg ...	4 14 2	do.
White Camelia 125° (in tins)	4 5 0	per 2 tins
Camel Brand 125° (in tins)	4 5 0	do.
Elephant Brand 125° (in tins)	4 5 0	do.
Elephant Brand 125° (in bulk)	3 11 0	per 8 Imp. galns.

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THE

Bombay Gazette

Friday, 18th July, 1913.

TIME'S REVENGES IN GIRLS' EDUCATION.

First there was Miss Pinkerton's Select Academy for young ladies where they were taught deportment, obedience, orthography, and every variety of embroidery and needlework. Then came that splendid and romantic movement, now known as the Renascence of Girls' Education, when girl after girl hurled herself upon every hurdle and obstacle set up in the boys' course of learning—simply in order to prove that what can be taken by assault by a boy can be taken by a girl also. This valiant spirit of emulation produced a steady stream of girl-graduates in every form of examinational torment known to boys, and incidentally gave India that bogey of every true educationalist, the Matric-ridden girls' school. Forty years has it taken to lay low the Aunt Sally of girls' inherent incapacity for acquiring the same amount of learning as boys. But low it lies, and now we are in danger once more of a reversion to the domestic and decorative young lady, "fitted for occupying a position in any polished and refined circle." It would be an exaggeration to pretend that the danger from the Pinkerton type is as yet acute. She has hardly begun to show above the horizon in India. But the protest against the "cram" school and the "matric" fetish is loud and deep. It resounds from every page of the lately published Quinquennial Report. This, therefore, is the moment for considering the value of a training in arts and crafts as compared with mental discipline, the importance of kindling a taste for cookery or a taste for literature.

No one will deny the importance of both cookery and literature, of manual dexterity, as well as mental grasp. Some combination of a liberal education along with practice of domestic arts is necessary. It is a question of proportion. In fleeing from the Scylla of Matriculation, let us beware of falling into the Charybdis of merely utilitarian education. Any experienced head-mistress will say that it is much easier to kindle the average girl's interest in clothes, food, pots and pans, budgets and baby treatment, than it is to awake in her a love of mathematics, language, literature, and logic. She will know too that after-life tends to foster pride in a home, children, dress, and the home-keeping arts, whereas it does little to kindle imagination, train the reasoning faculty, or discover originality. Men too, including husbands, have it deeply rooted in their minds that proficiency in dealing with food, sewing in all its branches and minding-the-baby carried to its eleventh power are things which every wife should know. There is no fear that this almost technical side of female education will suffer permanent eclipse. But there is a real danger that in the revulsion from the a-girl-is-as-good-as-a-boy view of education, there will be a lowering of the intellectual standard demanded of girls.

The school hours are so brief that, if room has to be made for domestic arts—which occupy an amount of time out of all proportion to the mental training they provide—then much of the more intellectual work will have to be left undone. Domestic crafts should have a place on the curriculum, but only enough to show that they are honourable studies and capable of scientific and artistic treatment. Proficiency in them need not be sought during the brief school years. It is far more important that a girl should learn to think clearly and to appreciate great literature and to hunger for more knowledge than that she should leave school a trained cook or a skilful dressmaker. If she has the first qualities, she will apply them to home-keeping when the moment for managing a home comes. Some years ago, during the most strictly intellectual and undomestic phase of women's education, a census was taken of women-graduates and their non-graduate sisters next in age; and, to many people's surprise, it was found that the graduates had borne and reared more children than their non-graduate sisters. Let us beware of giving girls too technical a training. Mental grip can, once attained, be applied to a house no less than to a profession. But the opportunity the school days offer of stirring imagination and a love of great words and deeds can never be re-captured. We shall not return to an early Victorian admiration for "ruling and writhing and fainting in coils", but we are once more in some danger of unduly narrowing the field of girls' education even as housekeepers and mothers they will be the better of knowing much that has nothing to do with houses and children. Has Mr. Kipling not pointed out to us how little they know of England who only England know? The same is true of home-making.

Lord Aston's Library. The late Lord Aston's famous Library has at last been catalogued and the University of Cambridge which, it will be remembered, got it as a gift from Viscount Morley, has spent something like nine thousand pounds on the cataloguing, binding, and arranging of the books alone. The gift is proving something like a white elephant to the University; for, though this large sum is already spent, the catalogue is yet only ready in manuscript, and another couple of thousand pounds are required for printing it. But no funds exist for the purpose, and the University will probably have to go begging for them. Lord Aston had kept his library in somewhat indifferent condition, and many of the books had to be repaired, whilst thousands of others required to be rebound. The library was essentially meant for use though so extensive, and he was quite careless about the extension of his collection. Fine bindings, large paper copies, and the like hobbies of the mere book-fancier were not his, and he looked down upon them with lofty disdain. He was content with the most ordinary binding, provided it was durable, and there is a story that he had contracted with a book-binder to bind his books at the uniform rate of six pence a copy. No wonder that the University had to pay a heavy binder's bill. Then there were many broken sets which had to be completed with some trouble and at great cost. Lord Aston, unlike most book-fanciers, did not object at all to admitting stray volumes of sets he required; probably for his purposes the stray volumes were all that he needed. But now, when what was meant for his individual use is to be converted into a historical library for many enquirers, not only broken sets and weak bindings, but several other things have to be looked into. Still the sum expended by the University would seem to be unusually large in getting the library into working order. The manuscript catalogue just ready, expensive as it has proved, seems to be a very creditable and thorough-going piece of work. A special staff was engaged upon it for seven years under the direction of the librarian of Peterhouse and two or three others. This famous library is the real memorial of Lord Aston, the most learned historian of his time in the British Isles certainly, and probably also in Europe. He had spent a life time in rummaging the bookshops of Europe and in collecting it. Yet he was no bibliomaniac by any means. He was collecting the books for a definite purpose, and that was to write a history of liberty. Vast as his collection grew in course of time—it comprised more than sixty thousand printed books besides manuscripts—it was under his perfect control and he knew the precise position of nearly every volume on the shelves at his seat of Aldenham. The history of liberty was never written, but if it could be written on the gigantic scale he contemplated by any future historian there are the materials ready to hand. Probably the task if it is ever undertaken, would require not one of half a dozen even, but a regular company of historians, and Cambridge now that it has the library may perhaps undertake the work.

Vethran Missionary Rewarded. Dr. Tisdall, who has been just appointed to the vicarage of St. George's at Home, is presumably the Rev. W. St. Clair Tisdall, who was formerly, for many years in India, serving in the Church Missionary Society. He distinguished himself as a linguist, and still more as a controversialist against Islam. About a quarter of a century ago he was in Bombay, and the result of his stay in this city and presidency was an excellent grammar of the Gujarati Vernacular spoken by the people, a valuable book for students of the spoken language. He had published a grammar of the Persian language, and when later he went to the Punjab, he did the same service for the Punjabi language and published what he called a simplified grammar of it. A missionary in Persia and in the Punjab he came into very close contact with Mahomedanism which he studied especially with a view to refute it. On the controversy with Islam he has written much and his book on the leading Mahomedan objection to Christianity shows great knowledge and inside into the Mahomedan mind. A little book that he wrote for the S. P. C. K. in its series of works on the various non-Christian Religious systems especially of the East, on Islam, is particularly informing, as coming from a practical missionary of his wide experience; it deals with the influence and strength as well as weakness of the faith of Mahomed. In his learned treatise on the original sources of the Koran addressed to scholars he deals with the obligations of Mahomed and his great book to the Hebrew Bible and other works. His works on Islam, along with those of another learned missionary, the Rev. Edward Sell, late of Madras, are very important, and show a thorough and practical acquaintance with that faith as it is professed at the present day in India. He wrote in his early days of the conversion of America to Christianity and its early martyrs. The vicarage of St. George the Martyr, to which he has been appointed, is in Deal near Dover, and is in the gift of the Archbishop of Canterbury, who has exercised his patronage worthily in bestowing it on the veteran missionary and scholar.

"Vestiges of Old Madras." Mr. John Murray has just published for the Government of India, in the India Records Series, three ponderous volumes, with a separate index "Vestiges of Old Madras, 1640-1800," traced from the East India Company's records preserved at Fort St. George and at the India office, and from other sources, by Colonel Henry Davidson Love, later R. E., Honorary Fellow of the University of Madras. Though not the earliest British settlement in the Indian Peninsula, Colonel Love claims for Madras that it possesses a peculiar interest as constituting—with the exception of the insignificant site at Armagon, where a slender fort was built in 1626—the first territorial acquisition by the English in Hindustan. It enjoys, moreover, the distinction of being the oldest of the three presidential cities and for a considerable period it was the only fortified stronghold belonging to the East India Company, Fort St. George being erected before Bombay was ceded or Calcutta founded. Its Government records, Colonel Love tells us, besides being voluminous, are preserved in singular detail, and topics range from the conclusion of a treaty with a native prince to the disposal of a worn-out horse or the midnight escapades of the Company's junior servants. In one respect, however, he found the archives strongly lacking, in that not a single plan or map of the seventeenth or eighteenth century survives. Equally strange is that the Company's Home records, now stored at the India office, are similarly deficient except that they contained two maps of 1798, one of which has lately been transferred to Fort St. George. There is evidence of their existence in days gone by and a record of many having been sent to Leadenhall-street is extant, but there is nothing to explain their disappearance. The subjects treated of in the work are of great variety; but in the choice of documents for transcription attention has been paid chiefly to the growth of the town and its fortifications, to the origin and development of local institutions, and to the manners and mode of life of the inhabitants. Although the history is restricted to the city, the town of San Thomé is included lying as it does within the present municipal limits of Madras; also St. Thomas's Mount, which has been closely connected with the city, almost ever since Fort St. George was founded.

Another Chinese Revolution. China, for so long the silent and inscrutable, has become the most astonishing country of the world. Scarcely has she passed through one revolution, when we now find her government again in a state of violent transition. So at least it appears, for to-day's telegrams tell us that the people of the south, are preparing to declare their independence. Thus we may expect soon to see the ancient Chinese Empire split in two, and republics of North and South China taking its place on the map of Asia. This indeed is a natural division of the country, for the peoples of the north and south have always been at variance with each other, and since the overthrow of the Manchu dynasty there has never been peace between them. Thus the Southerners, whose political ideals completely outrun those of the more conservative north, are anxious to throw off the check of Yuan-shi-Kai's rule, and to work out their own destiny by a more advanced programme. This result is largely a triumph for Japanese diplomacy. The Japanese would naturally rejoice to see their great rivals reduced in power and influence by so sharp a cleavage, and they have apparently spared no efforts—even going to the length of supplying skilled military assistance—to encourage the Southerners to take this step. How long their triumph will last is another matter. At least there is no augury of peace for China in this last development. The democratic principles, which the Southerners have sought to introduce, have not proved to be adaptable to the condition of the country. Government by popular representation has completely broken down, and in the south especially pirates and brigands have taken advantage of the weakness of the administration to inaugurate a season of daring activity. It is not to be expected that the Northerner will peaceably submit to the establishment of a rival government, and China is thus faced once more with the prospect of a period of bloodshed and political chaos.

Development of Mahim. One of the last tasks of the Municipal Commissioner of Bombay before his temporary translation to Sind was a work of great importance. It will be seen on another page that he has been engaged on a lengthy and exhaustive description of a scheme for the proper development of the Mahim district. Mahim is associated in the minds of most Bombay people with its beautiful stretch of sands, the deep and grateful shade of its famous woods, and the particularly tortuous and dangerous character of its narrow roads. It requires, however, a reference to the mortality returns for several years to disclose the fact that Mahim is the most healthy corner of the island, and this most important feature of its attractions may not have been widely known. It renders it necessary, however, that the trend of building operations near Bombay should be turned in its direction, and the development schemes, which the Improvement Trust are undertaking, would have secured this in any event. The scheme, which the Commissioner is now putting forward, is in fact a natural and inevitable corollary of the Northern Avenue scheme. It will provide adequate means of communication throughout the Mahim district, and will ensure that the suburb, which is already beginning to spring up there, shall be constructed in a sanitary manner. The Corporation should adopt it without any delay. At the same time the people of Bombay will be glad to know that the glories of Mahim woods will for a long time at least remain undiminished. The present scheme will not appreciably affect them, except that they will be intersected by wide roads. It is, of course, inevitable that, as the north of the island becomes fully developed, they should disappear, or become severely reduced, but that is not for a long time yet.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

London, June 27.

COURT AND SOCIETY.

The King and Queen, with Princess Mary, spent a quiet week-end at Windsor, His Majesty, with the Princess, had an enjoyable hour's gallop in Windsor Great Park on Saturday morning, and in the afternoon the Queen and Princess Mary went for a drive in the park. The King spent the afternoon in the grounds. Yesterday Their Majesties celebrated the anniversary of their coronation. The bells of Windsor were rung, and to-day a royal salute will be fired in the Long Walk, Windsor Park.

The Prince of Wales this week celebrated his nineteenth birthday, spending a quiet day with the King and Queen at Buckingham Palace, after motoring there from Windsor Castle with them at ten o'clock in the morning. He would probably have left for Spithead yesterday to await the arrival of M. Poincaré but that Their Majesties make it a rule, where possible, to spend their children's birthdays with them. The King and Queen, in honour of the day, gave a small luncheon party at Buckingham Palace. Queen Alexandra, with the Empress Marrie of Russia and Princess Victoria, drove over from Marlborough House, and the Princess Royal, and the Duchess of Fife, and Princess Maud, were also present.

M. POINCARE.

This week the interest of two nations centres on London. It is a week of great events for England and France; for, on Tuesday 24, the French President, M. Poincare, becomes our guest of honour until Friday. In addition to the ceremonial functions arising out of this visit there are other happenings of first-rate importance which make the week inaugurated yesterday with the charm and colour of Ascot Sunday one of the most brilliant of the season. French interest in the week's events is already reflected in the great number of people who have arrived in this country from France. Although the climax of special passenger traffic from the Continent will not be reached until to-morrow, when M. Poincare arrives in London, French voices and French dresses are noticeably mingled with English in London and in all London's pleasure resorts. Touring motor-cars from France sped along the Kent roads yesterday; at Brighton many parties of French people indulged in the English week-end holiday habit; up the river yesterday they were seen in the boats or motoring along the banks. Nowhere more than in the West End is the French "rush" to London apparent. "There are almost as many French as English patrons," said the manager of one restaurant last evening. The hotels report the arrival of many guests from France. Last evening several French officers, who have been competing at the Horse Show, were greeted with delight when noticed in Piccadilly-circus by a party of their fellow-countrymen, apparently one of the many parties arriving in the boat trains yesterday.

THE KING'S HANDSHAKE.

Never was the King's happy knack of putting people at their ease better exemplified than when he met M. Poincare at Victoria Station. The President stepped from his saloon very solemn, rather pale, with a set expression, clearly nervous—and no wonder. At once the King grasped his hand and made him a little speech of welcome. The President looked happier. The King still held his hand and they chatted. The President's features relaxed. In a few seconds he was all smiles. For just on a minute they remained hand-fast, talking vivaciously. At the end of that minute all the President's nervousness had disappeared. The King's tact had dispelled it. His father' gift of graciousness has certainly descended on him. Royal courtliness and kindliness could not have been more charmingly displayed.

TWO QUEENS IN A CITY OF ROSES.

For an hour and three-quarters on Wednesday 25 the two Queens—Queen Mary and Queen Alexandra—drove through London streets gay with the roses of Alexandra Day, and when their carriage drove back through the gates of Marlborough House there were roses all over it, thrown from windows and from the sides of the streets. Tears glistened in Queen Alexandra's eyes, and when she stepped from the carriage she said to Queen Mary with a break in her voice, "What a wonderful drive—what a very wonderful drive." Then the Queens went upstairs to tea, where on the table were great bunches of the pink and white flowers. London was a garden of roses, and a garden also of rose girls. The roses blossomed, as it were, upon a double stem, for many of the women were as fair as the flowers they sold. All places, all people, and all things, were bright with the colour of them. They had no scent, it is true, but they had a symbol sweeter than the perfume of any flower. They were the roses of a Queen, the flowers of a day known to the least of Londoners as "Alexandra Day," the creations of cripples, without whose genius and patient industry they would not have been, and they were the roses also of charity. The second stroke of three o'clock had hardly sounded when a band crashed forth "God Save the King," and through the open gates of Marlborough House came the carriage in which sat Queen Mary, Queen Alexandra, and opposite them, Princess Mary and Princess Victoria. All wore the Alexandra roses, all smiled and bowed to the cheering, surging crowd. On wards through fourteen miles of flower-strewn streets, through the garden of roses, they drove; and in every street they were given a wonderful welcome. It was a rose-ride of triumph. While Queen Alexandra was driving one way, President Poincare was returning another in triumph from the Guildhall. He also wore an Alexandra rose—and every Frenchman and Frenchwoman had one, though some hardly knew what it all meant. It was a day when nobody cared what they spent so long as they got a rose. From a penny to £20—it did not matter. It was noticeable that, although every man wore one, many women, because they had not a buttonhole, were without them. But many women wore hats trimmed with them and blouses of delicate pink and white. Roses, roses, roses everywhere and an ideal Alexandra Day.

WOMAN'S BEST AGE.

Between thirty and forty years of age a woman is in her physical prime, and if some harmful agency were not at work should then possess a maximum of beauty, said "A Physician," writing against the use of cosmetics, in *The Daily Mail* yesterday. Discussing this statement, Mr. Byam Shaw, the artist, said: "I think that, provided a woman has taken care of herself, she is more beautiful between the ages of thirty and thirty-five than at any other time. I do not say that her figure is as good then as it is at twenty-two or twenty-five, but her features, expressing more character, are often far more beautiful than at any other time in life. There need be no lines, no harshness of any kind, and no appreciable change in the beauty of the complexion. "One of the most beautiful women I ever painted—perhaps the most beautiful woman I have ever seen—was in her thirty-sixth year. Even when she was over forty this woman was still in her prime. Certainly, provided she has taken all possible care, a woman is at her very best in features and quite beautiful in figure between the age of thirty and thirty-five." Dressmakers and milliners agree that some of the most beautiful among their customers in face and figure are between thirty and forty.

GIRL THEOLOGIAN.

Miss Theodora Day, of Girton, who is the first woman for thirty years to pass the Theological Tripos, Part II, at Cambridge, decribed how she studied for this difficult examination. "Scripture has always fascinated me," she said. "I only made a year's special study for the Tripos, and as I had to translate from the Greek I learnt enough of that language and also a little Hebrew. This meant at the least seven hours' study a day. I think women can acquire distinction in theology. I should not care to say that women ought to be ordained—we shall have to wait for Utopia for that." Miss Day, who took the History Tripos last year, is a non-militant Suffragette. "I admit the superiority of man in muscular strength," she said.

COUNTRY'S SECOND LADY J. P.

Miss Emily Frances Siddon, of Honley Huddersfield, who has received notification from the Lord Chancellor that she has been placed on the Commission of the Peace for the Borough Huddersfield, is the second lady in the kingdom to receive this appointment. The appointment is made principally for the certification of lunacy, and will be held by Miss Siddon so long as she retains the chairmanship of the Huddersfield Board of Guardians. For over 20 years Miss Siddon has been a prominent figure in Poor-Law administration. During her long association with the Huddersfield Board of Guardians she has occupied the position of chairman of all the committees, with the exception of the Assessment Committee, and for the past nine years she was vice-chairman of the Board, and frequently declined the invitation to become chairman of the authority. In April last when the triennial election came round, Miss Siddon withdrew her nomination in consequence of opposition, but when the new Board assembled she was co-opted as chairman.

CURIOUS WILLS.

Napoleon's will had this spiteful passage:—"I die prematurely, assassinated by the English oligarchy. He left ten thousand francs to Cantillion who was tried for attempting to assassinate the Duke of Wellington. "Cantillion had as much right to assassinate that oligarchist as the latter had to send me to perish on the rock of St. Helena."

The will of Rabelais contained a characteristic clause—"I have no available property I owe a great deal the rest I give to the poor." The wife of a clergyman called upon to render and inventory of her husband's estate reported that the major part of his estate was invested in heavenly securities the value of which had been variously declared in this world, and highly taxed by the various Churches but never realised. Then followed a list of some of his good deeds none of which can be realised on a cash basis.

Most trustees know more than the farmer who walked into a grocer's little shop with a firm step saping "I want that tub of butter and that lot of sugar and all that other stuff." "Good gracious?" said the widow who kept the shop "whatever do you want with all them goods?" "I dunno said the farmer; but yon see I'm the executor of your husband's will and the lawyer told me to carry out the provisions."

WOMEN OF THE SHETLAND ISLANDS.

How often has it been said that "a woman's work is never done"? When I paid a visit to the far away Shetland Islands I saw every day for several weeks a very practical illustration of the saying. Besides attending to the everyday household duties, the married women do most of the work needed on the small crofts. Shetland men are both farmers and fishermen, but they are much more the latter than the former. On the other hand, Shetland women are farmers, gardeners, house-keepers, and general factotums. They carry most of the manure to the fields in baskets, they dig the fields, and finally harrow in the seed with a light harrow, dragging it up and down the field with their hands. Of course, those who are fortunate enough to own a pony naturally get it to do the harrowing, and also to fetch the peats from the bogs. Certainly, the men do cut the peats out of the bogs, but the women stack them in readiness for drying, turn it, and stack it again, and afterwards carry it home on their backs in baskets, or "kishes," as they are called in Shetland. When trudging to and from the bogs for peat the women usually knit each way, and after watching them in admiring silence, one is driven to the conclusion that the Shetland women must be born knitters. The majority of Shetlanders have to depend largely on the herring season for the means of living, and when the catch of herrings turns out less than usual, it is the women who are depended on to make up all deficiencies by their knitted goods, which are sold to merchants and visitors.

The P. and O. Company's s.s. "Persia" with the outward mails of the 11th instant, passed Suez at 12.30 a.m. on Thursday the 17.

It is announced that the Hon. Mr. D. C. Baillie, I.C.S., will act as Lieutenant-Governor of the United Provinces when His Honour Sir James Meston proceeds Home next month.

AMBASSADORS' CONFERENCE.

BULGARIA URGED TO NEGOTIATE.

TURKEY CONFRONTED WITH TREATY OF LONDON.

RUMANIA MAY BE MANDATORY OF EUROPE.

Her assurances cast to the winds, Turkey has crossed the Enos-Midia line and recovered much of her lost ground. Her armies have occupied several outposts, and are entering Rodosto and marching on Kirk Kilisse. The Government is determined to push on to Adrianople, with a view mainly to the moral effect such an adventure would have at home. The Port hopes in any case to be able to insist on autonomy for Thrace.

Bulgaria appealed to the Powers against the Turkish advance as a contravention of the Treaty of London. Hemmed in by her foes and shut in from all communication by post or telegraph, Bulgaria's condition is pitiable.

It is believed that the Greek, Servian and Rumanian Armies will march on Sofia, where peace will be signed. The Premiers of the former two States are said to be in agreement in regard to the present situation.

The Conference of Ambassadors has endorsed Sir Edward Grey's policy of non-intervention. Albania is to be made a principality.

Rumania, if moderate, may have a great part to play in restoring peace but any question of partitioning Bulgaria may result in a general conflagration.

After a conference of Ambassadors in Paris on the 17th inst. the French Minister was instructed to urge Bulgaria to send a plenipotentiary to negotiate with the Allies. The French Minister at Constantinople was telegraphed to urge the Porte to respect the treaty of London. It was also decided to make a representation at Bukharest.

The question of the restoration of their lands or of compensation to Mahomedan refugees in the Balkans was debated in the Lords. Replying to Lords Lamington and Newton, Lord Morley described how Bulgaria had provided for this, and said the question was one best settled between the Governments of Turkey and the Balkan States. The painful matter of the misery of the refugees was receiving the attention of the Foreign Office.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 17.

The situation of Bulgaria is pitiable. The Rumanians have seized the cable between Varna and Sebastopol, and have occupied the railway between Varna and Sofia, the sole means of re-provisioning the army. No letters have reached Sofia from abroad for ten days, and the only telegraph line open is that through Bukharest.

Her foes are pressing on Bulgaria from every side. The Greeks report a victory at Nevrekop and the Servians one near Kustendil, the Bulgarians losing heavily and fleeing in disorder.

Bulgaria is making urgent appeals to the Powers, but the active intervention of any of them is highly improbable. Much depends on the conduct of Rumania. If she is moderate she may come to be regarded as the mandatory of Europe for restoring peace, but if there comes any question of the partition of Bulgaria a general conflagration may be apprehended.

CONFERENCE AT PARIS.

LONDON, July 17.

A conference was held in Paris yesterday between M. Pichon, the Foreign Minister, and the Ambassadors. M. Pichon subsequently telegraphed to the French Minister at Sofia to urge Bulgaria to send immediately a plenipotentiary to Nish or Uskub to negotiate with the Allies. He simultaneously telegraphed to the Ambassador at Constantinople to urge the Porte to respect the Treaty of London. It was likewise decided to make a representation at Bukharest.

It is considered that the extreme brevity of the Conference between Servian and Greek Premiers at Uskub argues a perfect agreement between them.

Horrible tales of the misdeeds of Bulgarian troops while evacuating towns and villages continue to arrive, and are largely corroborated by European observers. The Turkish troops advancing also find the evacuated region laid waste houses destroyed, wells filled and trees cut down.

POLICY OF NON-INTERVENTION.

LONDON, July 16.

Reuter learns that the Conference of Ambassadors has unanimously endorsed Sir Edward Grey's principle of non-intervention, and has decided on the formation of a gendarmerie for Albania under foreign officers, probably Swedes.

Albania will be independent under a prince.

Questions connected with the Epirus frontier are still not settled.

ENOS-MIDIA LINE CROSSED.

VALID REASONS FOR ADVANCE ON ADRIANOPLE.

LONDON, July 17.

Reuter's correspondent in Constantinople is positively assured that the Government is determined to push the Turkish advance to Adrianople. It is held that the moral effect, apart altogether from the material advantages of such a movement, would strengthen and consolidate the Government; therefore the adventure is worth risking. It is believed in Turkish circles that, even if the Powers brought pressure to bear on the Porte to cause the latter to adhere to the Enos-Midia line, which is thought improbable, Turkey would be able to insist on autonomy for Thrace.

BULGARIAN PROTEST.

LONDON, July 17.

The Bulgarians announce that the Turks have occupied Lule Burgas and Viza, and are marching towards Kirk Kilisseh. Dr. Daneff has requested the Powers to make urgent representations at Constantinople to arrest the Turkish advance as a contravention of the Treaty of London.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 17.

It is officially announced that the Turks have occupied Midia, Serai, Karistiran, Seidler, Muratli, Malgara, Keshan and Ænos as outposts, and are entering Rodosto.

The Armenians, serving with the Bulgarian gendarmery, attacked the Turks yesterday. A fight ensued in which a number of gendarmes were killed.

LONDON, July 16.

The Turks crossed the Enos-Midia line yesterday, and marched thirty kilometres beyond towards Bunarhissar.

The Turks met with no opposition.

PEACE TO BE SIGNED AT SOFIA.

MARCH OF THREE ARMIES.

SALONIKA, July 17.

A high Rumanian officer has arrived at the Greek head-quarters.

It is believed that the Greek, Servian and Rumanian armies will march on Sofia, where peace will be signed.

BUKHAREST, July 17.

The King has proceeded to the Army head-quarters.

BELGRADE, July 17.

The Greek and Servian Premiers met at the station at Uskub. They found that their views on the present situation were unanimous.

SALONIKA, July 16.

The Greeks have occupied Nevrokop.

SOFIA, July 16.

The Cabinet has resigned.

THE LANDS OF MOSLEMS.

ABANDONED HOLDINGS TO BE RESTORED.

LONDON, July 16th.

In the House of Lords this evening Lord Lamington asked whether the Government, by means of an international commission or otherwise, would secure to the Mohammedans in the Balkans the use of the lands from which they have been driven, or compensation. Lord Lamington suggested that representations be made to the Powers to this end.

Lord Newton supported.

Lord Morley replied that there was no precedent for such action. There were many difficulties in the way. Lord Morley proposed to point out what had been already done to show that action of the kind suggested was not likely to be necessary. The Foreign Office had received a complaint from the Turkish Government that the Bulgarian Government had decreed the confiscation of all property abandoned by Mussulmans; but enquiry showed that there was no such decree. On the contrary, an undertaking had been given that the land of Mussulmans would be cultivated during the absence of its owners, and would be restored to them when they returned.

Bulgaria had also given orders to preserve all moveable property left behind, with a view to its restoration to its owners. The Government considered that the question would be settled most conveniently between the Governments of Turkey and the Balkan States.

During the war between Turkey and the Balkan States the Government had made representations on behalf of the Mussulman population to an extent never done before. They did that because they believed that, while the war was in progress, nobody was able to speak on their behalf in the name of the Powers as a whole.

Lord Lamington pressed his suggestion, laying emphasis on the misery of the refugees.

Lord Morley assured the House that this painful matter was receiving the attentive consideration of the Foreign Office.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

MINTO CHAIR OF ECONOMICS.

LONDON, July 17.

Mr. G. F. Shirras, of the Indian Educational Service, has been offered the Minto Chair of Economics at the Calcutta University.

ENGLISH RACING.

PROBABLE STARTERS IN THE ECLIPSE STAKES.

LONDON, July 17.

The following are the probable starters in the Eclipse Stakes, with Jockeys:—Tracery (ridden by Maher), Hector (Escott), Oiseau Bleu, (Walter Griggs), Lorenzo, (Whalley), Louvois (Saxby), Bachelor's Wedding (Donoghue), Roseworthy (Higgs), Lomond (Wootton).

KIDNAPPING SCARE.

ALLEGED DISAPPEARANCE OF HINDU LAD.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, July 17.

The kidnapping scare, which has seized a certain section of illiterate people of the town, has been followed by various instances of alleged kidnapping. One such instance was brought to the notice of the Howrah authorities yesterday. It is said that a Hindu lad, aged eleven years, the son of a police officer of Howrah, has been missing from his house for the past few days. A house-to-house search has been ordered by the Superintendent of Police, Howrah.

CHINESE CIVIL WAR

TWO REPUBLICS IN PROSPECT.

BUSINESS STOPPED IN SHANGHAI.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PEKING, July 16.

Fighting continues in the Kiukiang, the Northerners occupying the principal points in the province. The Southern Provinces are preparing to declare their independence. Many Northern troops are moving to Kiangsi.

The attitude of the Japanese is bitterly commented upon. The Japanese are blamed for stirring up strife.

It is affirmed that Japanese officers are helping the rebels, while the Southerners openly declare that they will have the support of the Japanese.

PEKING, July 16

The German Consulate at Nanking to-day was surrounded by insurgents, apparently because the Consul recently permitted the extradition of two revolutionaries from the German concession.

SHANGHAI, July 17.

The revolt on the Yangtse is spreading. Revolutionary proclamations are being spread broadcast in Shanghai, Nanchang, and Nanking, denouncing Yuan Shi-kai.

Fighting is proceeding on the Tientsin-Pukou Railway.

Business is at a standstill in Shanghai.

IMPERIAL WIRELESS.

SHOULD THE CONTRACT BE OPEN TO COMPETITION?

LONDON, July 16.

In the House of Commons the Hon. Walter Guinness moved the adjournment of the House with a view to urging that the Imperial wireless contract be opened to public competition.

Mr. Herbert Samuel maintained that the Marconi Company was the only one capable of carrying out the work. He was responsible not merely to this country but to the Governments of India, Egypt, and South Africa, and he urged that the scheme was essential to the strategic interests of the Empire. It would no longer be allowed to be made a shuttle-cock of party politics. (Opposition protests and Ministerial cheers.)

The motion was talked out.

U. S. MINISTER TO CHINA.

WASHINGTON, July 17.

Mr. Paul Reinsh, Professor of Political Economy at Wisconsin, has been selected for the post of Minister to China.

THE MEXICAN SITUATION.

LONDON, July 17

The United States Ambassador in Mexico has been ordered to Washington to report on the situation.

THE PUBLIC SERVICES.

LONDON, July 16.

Giving evidence before the Public Services Commission to-day, the Master of Balliol expressed the opinion that, if the age limit were reduced, the examination must occur at the school-leaving age, the probationary period coming afterwards.

NEW POET-LAUREATE.

LONDON, July 16.

Dr. Robert Bridges has been appointed Poet-Laureate.

[Dr. Robert Bridges was born in 1844, the son of the late I. T. Bridges of, Walmer, and St. Nicholas Court, Isle of Thanet. He was educated at Eton and Corpus Christi College, Oxford, and afterwards travelled. Returning to England, he studied medicine, and having held appointments at three London hospitals, he retired in 1882. He has since devoted himself to literary work and his publications include the following:—"Essay on Milton's Prosody,', Critical Essay on Keats, three poems—"The Growth of Love," "Prometheus the Firegiver" and "Eros and Psyche"; eight plays entitled "Nero" (parts 1 and 2), "Palicio" "Ulysses" "Christian Captives," "Achilles in Scyros," "Humours of the Court" and "Feast of Bacchus;" also Demeter, a Masque, and the Yattendon Hymnal. He was marriedin 1884 to Monica, eldest daughter of Alfred Waterhouse, R.A. and has one son and two daughters.]

CRICKET AT HOME.

LONDON, July 16.

The Players beat the Gentlemen at Lord's by seven wickets.

Lancashire beat Gloucestershire by 54 runs at Manchester.

Somersetshire beat Dersbyshire by 59 runs at Derby.

Sussex drew with Northamptonshire, but gained a first innings victory.

Kent drew with Worcestershire, at Tunbridge Wells, neither side scoring points.

THE OPIUM CONFERENCE.

THE HAGUE, JULY 16.

The Opium Conference will again meet in July 1914, should the Powers not have signed the Convention by then.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, July 16.

The death is announced of Mr. James Cloudsley, a prominent Mincing-Lane tea-trader.

BRITISH AVIATOR KILLED.

ARMY OFFICER ON LEAVE FROM INDIA.

ACCIDENT ON SALISBURY PLAIN.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 17.

Major Hewetson, home on furlough from India, has been killed while flying on Salisbury Plain. The aeroplane side-slipped and crashed against the earth.

BARISAL CONSPIRACY CASE.

MAGISTRATE SCENTS TUTORING OF WITNESSES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BARISAL, July 15.

The hearing of the Barisal Conspiracy Case was resumed at 10-30 a m. to-day inside the Jail. Nagendra Nath Banerjee, Head Constable of Dacca, said he had seen Narendra and Munindra at the Dolaiganj railway station in May last.

Narendra abused the witness for reporting his movements, and reminded him of the fate of Ratilal Roy.

Anantakumar Dutt, a co-villager of Chandi Bose, a servant at Bose's Bengali boarding-house, also gave evidence.

Govinda Das, another special Head Constable of Dacca, cross examined by the defence pleader, said that the witnesses, Kamalakanta De, Narendra, Banerjee, and he, came to Barisal on Friday night, and were in attendance in the Court since Saturday. The court-room had open windows. The Court asked what the suggestion was. The defence pleader suggested that these witnesses might have had an opportunity to see the accused.

A lengthy argument between Mr. Gupta and the defence pleader followed, which was eventually decided by the Magistrate, who remarked that it appeared that the police witnesses had been kept in attendance in order to be tutored to identify some of the accused.

ROBBERY UNDER ARMY.

FOUR DACOITIES REPORTED FROM BENGAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, July 17.

Several other dacoities in Bengal are reported to-day. Twenty five men ransacked the house of Rambilas Marwari, proprietor of the Keshab Colliery at Asansol, they seriously stabbed a peon, and got away with Rs. 2,000.

In another case of Hiranyagram, Jamalpur, a dozen men raided the house of a landowner named Sil, but decamped when one of their number was seriously burnt by nitric acid thrown by the owner of the house.

At Ganga, Faridpur district, a gang of dacoits were stubbornly opposed by by the villagers, one of whom fixed a gun and wounded a dacoit, whereon the gang retreated, taking the injured man with them.

At Kadampur in Faridpur, the owner of a house was seriously injured by dacoits with a dah and the miscreants got away with Rs. 700.

CALCUTTA KIDNAPPING SCARE.

ENERGETIC POLICE MEASURES.

CALCUTTA, July 17.

Sir Frederick Halliday, Commissioner of Police, has issued stringent orders to deal with the kidnapping scare. Two constables will be on duty at a time on each beat, and European and Indian officers alike will patrol their respective sections on two or three occasions both day and night and get into conversation with the more respectable inhabitants and with the object of setting them to impress the facts upon the minds of the uneducated masses that the present rumours are entirely false and unfounded.

Mounted European sergeants and swars will patrol the streets at stated intervals during the 24 hours, and will immediately communicate by telephone to Lal Bazaar anything of a suspicious character.

A strong force of European sergeants will be in readiness for an emergency, and an extra number of parawallas will be stationed temporarily at some of the thanahs which lie within the more affected areas.

WEDDING AT MAYMYO.

BOOTH-GRAVELY—SHERMAN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, July 17.

On Tuesday there was celebrated at Maymyo at St. Mark's Church, the wedding of Mr. W. Booth-Gravely, I.C.S., Private Secretary to the Lieutenant-Governor, with Miss A. Georgiana Buchanan Sherman, daughter of the late Maj.-General Sherman.

The church was prettily decorated and was filled to overflowing. The bridegroom arrived a few minutes before the appointed hour, and was accompanied by the bestman, the Hon. W. F. Rice, Chief Secretary to the Burma Government, the bride following some time later. The Venerable Archdeacon Cory conducted the service, which was choral accompanied by the string band of the Border Regiment. The bride, who looked charming, was attended by two little bridesmaid, Camilla and Barbara Fell.

After the ceremony the guests were royally entertained at Government House by Sir George and Miss Shaw.

The presents were numerous and costly. The couple left for Mandalay amidst cheering and the throwing of rose leaves by the large assembly.

"Incandescent Gas" is one of the healthiest and most economical systems of lighting"—The LANCET (the leading Medical Journal in the United Kingdom).

"SARANAC" INQUIRY

FAULTY NAVIGATION ALLEGED.

MATES CHARGE MASTER WITH BEING DRUNK.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, July 17.

The inquiry into the circumstances attending the grounding of oil tank steamer "Saranac" on a submerged rock off Point de Galle was to have opened to-day, but had to be postponed for a week owing to the continued illness of the master, Captain Burn. The "Saranac," it will be remembered, was sailed up to Calcutta with huge holes in her hull. Captain Burn was found unconscious in his cabin last Friday, having taken an overdose of chloroform, and has since been in the Presidency General Hospital.

The President said this was an inquiry into the circumstances attending the grounding of the ship, and there were certain questions to be asked, one of which was whether the vessel had been properly navigated. Mr. Orr, the Legal Remembrancer, appearing for Government, said the vessel had grounded twice on her voyage from New York to Calcutta, once at Bizerta (Tunis), and the second time off Point de Galle. Mr. Given Wilson, who appeared on behalf of the Merchant Service Guild for Captain Burn, said that the allegation now was that the Captain was intoxicated at the time of the accident. This allegation had been made at the last moment by the first, second and third officers, and he submitted that these officers had combined against the captain. When Captain Burn was examined by the Port Officer no mention was made of this allegation. Mr. Orr said that in the meantime the agents had received a letter containing complaints from their officers.

The inquiry was then adjourned until next Thursday.

MILITARY INTLLIGENCE.

APPOINTMENTS, POSTINGS, ETC.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, July 17.

Lieut. S. W. Howard 1st Batt., Connaught Rangers, is appointed to the Southern Nigeria Regiment of the West Africa Frontier Force.

Capt. Hunt, No. 51 Company, Royal Garrison Artillery, Quetta, is transferred to No. 59 Company, Rurki.

Lieut. F. Anderson, 1st batt., Seaforth Highlanders, is appointed Adjutant of the 6th Batt., Seaforth Highlanders, and is ordered home.

Capt. Cardew, 39th Garhwal Rifles, has been selected to succeed Capt. Earle in command of the 34th Signal Company.

Lieut. Taylor No. 64 Company, Royal Garrison Artillery, is appointed to No. 32, Signal Company.

Lieut. Low, No. 9 Heavy Batty., is appointed to No. 4 Mountain Batt., at Quetta, and Lieut. Keene, No. 82 Company, Allahabad, is appointed to the 90th Batt.

On return from leave Col. Swayne, R.E., is posted to the Lucknow Division; Lt. Col. Ewbank, R.E., is posted as Assistant Commanding Royal Engineers, Lucknow; Lt.-Col. T. Fraser, R.E., is posted as Assistant Commanding Royal Engineers, Wellington.

DEMOLISHED CAWNPORE MOSQUE.

VICEROY TO BE MEMORIALIZED

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CAWNPORE, July 17.

Two trustees of the Machhli Bazar Mosque, a small portion of which was recently demolished, have issued a long statement detailing the events that led to the demolition of the portion of the mosque involved and stating that they could not accept compensation in any shape. The local authorities, beside monetary compensation, had offered a large piece of ground adjoining the mosque.

A meeting of representatives of Mahomedans of various classes was held last evening, at which the number of trustees of the mosque was raised to eleven, nine additional trustees being nominated. These trustees were enjoined not to do anything which was contrary to Moslem law, and to consult the local Mahomedan public in all matters of importance. It was further resolved to memorialise the Viceroy through the Raja of Mahmoodabad, praying for the restoration of the demolished portion of the mosque, and to request the authorities not to remove the material of the demolished portion till the Viceroy had passed orders on the memorial. The trustees were further directed to make enquiries regarding the origin of the bogus letters which they had received suggested the acceptance of terms offered by local authorities. The matter continues to be agitated in the Moslem press, one paper going as far as to suggest the postponement of the Moslem University business till the question of the mosque was settled

FINED FOR DEFAMATION.

MADRAS, July 17.

Mr. W. S. Marshall, Third Presidency Magistrate, delivered judgment in the case of defamation brought by the Hon. Dr. T. M. Nair, against Dewan Bahadur C. Karunakara Menon, editor of the *Indian Patriot*, convicting the accused of the offence with which he was charged and sentencing him to pay a fine of Rs. 300, in default to undergo three months' simple imprisonment.

His Worship held that the article in question had been undoubtedly written with a view to lower Dr. Nair in the public estimation The statement, "Hang the suffering and dying poor of Tondiarpet to the nearest tree" as attributed in the article to Dr. Nair, was wholly false; Dr. Nair had said no such thing. The article was certainly no "fair comment" on a public question, viz., the Tondiarpet sewage farm.

His Worship also observed that the fact that throughout the trial no regret had been expressed by the accused for what he had published was significant. A severe sentence was thus called for in the case.

BISHOP SUED.

ALLEGED LIBELLOUS ARTICLE.

EVIDENCE OF NEWSPAPER EDITOR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, July 17.

The District Magistrate of Rangoon to-day resumed the hearing of the case in which Mr. J. M. Xavier, Barrister-at Law, complained that he had been defamed in a letter dated March 17, written by Bishop Cardot to the editor of the *Rangoon Times*. The court was again crowded with spectators.

The complainant in further cross examination by Mr. Lentaigne said that he had published an article headed "Catholics and Excommunication" in the issue of *United Burma* dated March 30, 1913. The witness said he knew that prosecution without reference to the ecclesiastical authorities would mean excommunication; that was the drift of the whole article. The article had to be construed with reference to the Papal encyclical. The witness said the encylical could not oust the action of civil courts at all. He was not a member of the Rangoon Theosophical Society. He had not attended any of its meeting for past two years.

Mr. N. A. E. Graydon, editor of the *Rangoon Times* gave evidence in regard to the complainant having come to the *Times'* office on March 17 with certain information concerning an assault on a little boy by the Rev. Father Sellos which the complainant did not want published. Later in the day he received a letter from another person giving the facts of the case. The witness wrote of the Bishop informing his Lordship what he had heard of the alleged assault, and asked for the correct facts. His Lordship replied that he knew nothing about them. On receipt of the Bishop's reply the witness decided not to publish anything about the case, but Mr. Xavier came in again with an open letter, or copy of his letter, to the Bishop. The witness pointed out that its publication was undesirable on religious grounds. At the Police Court he showed the Bishop's letter and said it did not mention Mr. Xavier by name When Mr. Xavier asserted that the Bishop must mean him, the witness asked Mr. Xavier for the reason, and the latter then launched into a disseration about the French priests in India and expressed a desire to obtain priests of another nationality. The witness handed the Bishop's letter to the assistant editor and the sub-editor.

In his cross-examination the witness said that, when he heard Mr. Xavier showing hostility to priests, he had the idea he did not show the respect to them that a Roman Catholic should.

The assistant editor and the sub-editor also gave evidence and after the addresses of counsel the magistrate reserved judgment.

ALLAHABAD MURDER CASE

SERVANTS ENTICE AWAY THE DEAD MAN'S DOGS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, July 17.

In connection with the murder of Mr. Lawrence Barber, a planter at Azamgarh recently, six persons were arrested by the police. The confessions of three of the accused were recorded by the District Magistrate. Pardon has been extended to one of the accused, named Bitan, who has turned approver.

According to the prosecution story, the accused, Raghu and Bukshu, servants of Mr. Barber, deliberately kept back the dogs, who used to guard the deceased's bedroom at night, to give every facility to the assasins. The other accused are Dumbar Gopi, and Raghunath.

The enquiry is proceeding.

BADMASHES CHARGED.

CHIEF MURDERED, WHO TURNED KING'S EVIDENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, July 17.

In Sukkur taluka there is a tribe called the Teghai tribe. About a month back a few of its members were charged by the police for being bad characters. In the course of the trial the chief of the tribe was called as a witness, and he swore to their being bad characters. The next day the chief was found dead. Suspicion naturally fell upon the *badmashes*, who were placed before the Sub-Divisional Magistrate, by whom they have been committed to the Sessions on a charge of murder. They will stand their trial at the Sessions on the 4th proximo.

BANGALORE MUNICIPALITY CLAIM.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, July 17.

At the instance of Mr. W. Davis, member for the Trades Association on the Station Municipality, a special meeting of the Commissioners has been called for Saturday next, in order to telegraph their views to the Viceroy in relation to the disposal of the surplus revenues of the assigned tract of Bangalore, in regard to which the British Resident, as head of the local Governments (now at Simla in connection with this, among other matters), lately held that this Municipality had no right to any portion of the accumulation, roughly believed to amount to half a crore, which is said to be payable to the Mysore Durbar.

CAR FESTIVAL AT PURI.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, July 17.

The car festival at Puri is over without a hitch, and the cases of sporadic cholera are subsiding. No serious accident was reported, and the death-rate during the period was not above normal.

TRAVANCORE TRIAL OF EUROPEANS.

POLICE REPORT OF THE CASE.

EXPERTS AT THE SCENE OF THE MURDER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, July 17.

Mr. S. W. Swyny, Sub-Inspector of Police, Quilon, and Mrs. F. A. Stephens of Doris Cottage, Trichur, have, as already stated, been duly charged by Mr. R. Pichu Iyengar, Circle Inspector of Police, Arukutty, before Mr. Ramaswamy Iyer, Divisional First Class Magistrate of Kottayam, under section 301 I. P. C., with having on Monday the 6th June last, between the hours of 4 and 5 p. m. caused the death of Mr. Buckingham Stephens, dentist, by shooting him in the right side of the forehead, with a gun belonging to the first accused, while Stephens was sleeping in the eastern room on the ground floor of Valyavcettil Tharyan's house at Vaikum.

The following is a summary of the police report in support of the above charge.

The first accused is a Sub-Inspector of Police, and the second accused is the widow of the deceased. Even while the deceased and the second accused were living at Trivandrum, the first accused used to go to their house, and to be on terms of unlawful intimacy with the second accused, thereby giving occasion to scandalous reports in the place. After the deceased and the second accused had come to Vaikom, the first accused visited them twice and lived with them for ten or fifteen days within two months of their stay there. It was during his second visit that the occurrence took place.

Mr. Gunther, the father of the second accused, speaks to the intimacy between the first and the second accused as seen from their conduct after the arrival of the first accused at Vaikom, and also to their intimacy at Trivandrum, which was disreputable. He also states that the deceased had knowledge that led to his decision to send her away to Trichur. At Trichur it would not have been possible for her to be in the company of the first accused during the absence of her husband from home. It is seen from her letters that she had been entertaining suspicions as to the future plans of her husband. The first and second accused, seeing that the removal of the latter to Trichur would separate her from him and would possibly lead her husband to divorce her, shot and killed him while he was asleep.

Capt. Skinner of the Travancore Nair Brigade, whose evidence as an expert was obtained, and Dr. Raman Tumpi Sherkally, Medical Officer, are of opinion that considering the position of the body the gun and the cords tied to it, it is impossible to infer that the deceased had shot himself, taking into account also the exact spot where he fell. Doctor Raman Tumpi thinks that the shot must have come from the south-west of where his head was, and the Chandasbery Medical Officer, Doctor Stephanos while supporting Doctor Tumpi, in this view, is of opinion that it might have equally well come directly from the west. All the outer doors of the house were closed, and they remained so after the occurrence. There was no one but the first and the second accused anywhere to the sounth-west or to the west of where the deceased was sleeping. The gun and cartridges, etc, belonging to the first accused have been found and taken. A close similarity is observed between the unused catridge in the gun and those found in the possession of the first accused. At the time of the inquest the second accused produced two letters purporting to have been given her by the deceased two days previous to the occurrence, but the signature therein do not appear to tally with that of the deceased. The enquiry regarding these letters is not complete. A search is being made for the bicycle given to the first accused by the second. The District Magistrate of Kottayam and the Commissioner of Police have also enquired into this case. One Vardeth, whom the first accused had brought from Trivandrum to Vaikom being suspected of having helped the first and the second accused in their offence, his box was searched at Trivandrum and one whole cartridge, another broken into three pieces, and a coat given to him by the first accused were found and taken possession of. He has been arrested but has not yet reached Vaikom. All the original records prepared in this case have been submitted to the District Magistrate of Kottayam. The material objects, gun, handkerchiefs, etc., will be duly produced in court when the final report is submitted. The certificate of the Chemical Examiner to Government regarding the materials sent to him for examination has not been received. As the police enquiry was not complete the Court was moved to grant more time to begin the hearing.

The case stands postponed to the 28th inst.

NEW DISTRICT FOR THE PUNJAB.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, July 17.

The *Civil and Military Gazette* understand that, in connection with the great extension of canal irrigation in Lahore division, the Punjab Government is contemplating the formation of a new district centering in Shekhupura. The change will relieve the pressure of work on the overgrown Gujranwala district.

MANŒUVRES IN BENGAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, July 17.

The *Indian Daily News* hears from Darjeeling that military manœuvres will be held at Dacca and in Eastern Bengal in the coming cold weather. The paper says that this will, no doubt, duly impress the young enthusiasts in Eastern Bengal who do such a lot of profound thinking about revolt.

H.M.S. "Perseus," commander H. F. Talbot, R.N., sailed yesterday for [illegible]

SPORTING NEWS.

FOOTBALL.

G. I. P. RY. vs. ALL BLACKS.

The "All Blacks" having secured the services of a new and improved goal-keeper were able to put up a comparatively able defence against the G. I. P. Railway in the Harwood League fixture yesterday afternoon. Eagle the new acquisition made a clever young custodian and saved a large number of straight hard shots. His weakness apparently was that he refused to throw himself down to a low shot or even attempt to save it unless it was well within reach. At left full back Boult again played a great game working like a cart horse and sometimes carrying war into the enemy's territory in great style. He was frequently applauded not only for what he did, but for the way in which he did it. Among the Railwaymen a newcomer was McDonald at inside. He played well and should prove an acquisition to the team. TAE GAME.

The Railwaymen took up the attack at once and for a long time were located close in to their opponent's goalmouth. Shots were frequent, Ridley missing a good opportunity within the first minute. Jackson was doing a little of tricking work and sending in some fine centres. Eventually he tried a shot or two on his own account. The "All Blacks" were trying a new custodian in goal and his play showed a considerable improvement on that of his predecessor in that position. He saved a hot shot from Jackson and a moment later a stinger from Alcock. The Railwaymen were keeping up a continuous fire, though not very well directed. Ridley hit the cross bar with a strong drive. Play had been in progress twenty minutes before a pass from the left came to Ridley. He missed and the sphere went on to Reynolds, who put in a low shot that found the net (1—0). The Railway continued to have all the play, the "All Blacks" seldom getting so far as the half way line.

The second moiety opened with a goal to the Railway within the first minute. McDonald placed the ball nicely in the lower right hand corner (2—0). Boult was applauded once or twice when he got the ball away nicely. Though playing left full back for the "All Blacks" he frequently found himself working as a forward. The Railwaymen continued to shoot frequently and Eagle the "All Blacks" custodian made some creditable saves. McDonald twice put in two hot shots and Ridley drove the leather straight once or twice, but Eagle was all there on each occasion Jackson put in a good shot that was saved, but the ball going to another G. I. P. forward there should have been a score. However, Alcock eventually drove the leather into the net (3—0). The "All Blacks" broke away and were in their opponent's half when the whistle blew for time.

G. I P. Ry..... 3 goals.
All Blacks ..... nil.

The following were the teams :—

G. I. P. Ry :—(goal) Gardiner (backs) Eagle and Peel, (halves) Bamber, Fletcher and Bryan, (forwards) Jackson, Reynolds, Ridley, McDonald and Alcock.

All Blacks :—(goal) Eagle, (backs) Boult and Sampson, (halves) Lynch, J. Gidney and Le Tange, (forwards) Jukes G. Gidney, Gostrate, Fennell and Sullivan.

INDIAN FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION.

KING'S OWN AND DALHOUSIE TIE A SECOND TIME.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
CALCUTTA, July 17.

In the first round of Indian Football Association Challenge Shield competition, the tie between King's Own v. Dalhousie was replayed the evening on the Calcutta ground, and again ended in a draw.

The attendance was comparatively poor. The ground, owing to showers of rain was very slippery, and sure kicking and accurate shooting were out of question. The game was fairly up and down, the military having the larger number of shots at the goal. Match played an excellent game and saved his side from losing disastrously. The left-in of the Dalhousie side was hurt after fifteen minutes of play and took no further part in the game. Extra time was played but no score came of it.

91ST HIGHLANDERS BEAT BRISTOL UNITED.

In the second round the 91st Highlanders met the Bristol United on the Dalhousie ground and the game resulted in a win for the Highlanders by 2 goals to one. The ground was very slushy and the Highlanders played much below their form.

GOLF IN BOMBAY.

ARMY VS. CIVILIANS.

An interesting club match was played at the Gymkhana on Thursday morning, when teams representing the Army and Volunteers met a Civilian team over nine holes of the Bombay course. On paper the Civilians appeared to have the better teams and this proved to be the case as they won easily by 23 holes to 11. The following are the results of the various matches :—

ARMY.	holes.
Adair	3
M. F. Nicholson	0
Lattey	2
Coombs	2
Sandford	0
Tennant	0
Geddis	0
Crichton	0
Owen	2
Curry	0
Fraser	0
Gude	2
Total	11

CIVILIANS.	holes.
Pechy	0
England	1
Jessop	0
Aitken	0
E. Ferrers Nicholson	3
Begbie	4
Hardie	1
Payne	1
Sitwell	0
Watts	6
Cherry	7
Hossack	0
Total	23

DRAW FOR THE GOLFER'S CUP.

The following is the draw for the Golfers' Cup conditions being by match play under handicap over nine holes, the final being over 18 holes.

E E Coombs ...+1
G Cook .....+1
J A Cherry.....—5
F A H East ....—5
W W Collins ...—7
R Aitken .....+1
A Geddis .....—5
W A Craden ...—9
W C Nicol ...—9
J W Jessop.....+1
J Longbottom..—4
C Rivaz .....—8
H P T Lattey...Scr
J H Hardie ...—2
E K Macdonald—8
C A Ryes .....Scr
R D England ..+1
W Fraser .....—7
E F Nicholson..Scr
R M Gray .....—2
M F Nicholson +1
E Prophet ... ..—8
N Wilks .....—9
A L Clapham...—1
T H Payne ...—2 Bye
J Hobertson ...—5 Bye
D Forrest .....—4 Bye
G F D Tennant—2 Bye
N B Macbeth...—3 Bye
W H Hughes ...—3 Bye
E Ferguson .....—7 Bye
J E Grafton ...—2 Bye
E Hargreaves...Scr
J H Knight ...—3
S N Powell ...—3
S Gaddum .....—7
H Purvis.....—9
B H Lockhead—3
M Innes Kerr ...Scr
F Kidson .....—8
T H Watts.....—3
A C Owen .....—5
W J Burrows ..—7
H T Gorrie ...—5
N C Barstow ...—9
M D Crichton...—7
F Hillinghurst.—6
T N Begbie ...—1
S H H Sitwell—2
N Gude .....—8
G M Hossack...—6
J E P Curry ...—6
G W Talbot ...—5
L Macgillouth..—4
H W Kirby .....—1
J R Lawton ...—3

First round to be completed by August 3rd

BANGALORE RACES.

TRIUMPH OF FAVOURITES: BAD DAY FOR BOOKMAKERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
BANGALORE, July 17.

After yesterday's rain the fears of a wet day for the second days races were happily not realized though the going was pretty heavy. The attendance, however, fell off somewhat. Except as to the last race, which went to an outsider, the favourites came home every time, and bookmakers had disastrous experiences. The totalisator has not taken the public fancy by any means. Details :—

FARM PLATE—6 furlongs.
Mr. Lakshmi Kantaraj Urs' Crowbar, 9st 3lbs ..... Ames 1
Kour Sahib of Patiala's Housemaid, 9st 3lbs ..... McGlone 2
Col. Aubrey Jones's Sahana, 7st 7lbs Pratt 3

ALSO RAN:—Kohinoor, 7st Harebell, 10st, Cowslip, 10st 6lbs, Vigour, 9st 5lbs

BETTING:—2 to 1 against Vigour and Crowbar, fours Cowslip, fives Sahana, tens the remainder.

THE RACE.—It was a great race between Housemaid and Crowbar. Won practically on the post by half a length, one length between second and third.

TIME—1 min. and 23 2-5 secs.

ULSOOR PLATE—5 furlongs.
Mr Hameed's Premoa, 8st 13lbs..Hoyt 1
Maharaja of Mysore's Red Patch, 7st 7lbs ..... Crowder 2
Col. Desaraj Urs' Molly D, 8st 3lbs McGlone 3

ALSO RAN—Lady's Maid, 8st 8lbs

BETTING :—2 to 1 on Premoa, 5 to 2 against Red Patch, 4 to 1 Lady's Maid, fives Molly D.

THE RACE :—Won easily by a length, a short head between second and third.

TIME :—1 min. 9 1-5 secs.

MAHARAJA OF MYSORE'S CUP:—1 mile, 640 yards.
Mr. R. R. S.'s Coat-of-Arms, 10st. 4 lbs P. Brown 1
Kour Sahib of Patiala's Mil, 9 st. 5lbs Southall 2
Col. Desaraj Urs' Metal Maid, 8 st 11b, McGlone 3
Mr. M. Yooni's Glendook, 9st 11b, Hoyt 4

ALSO RAN:—Tiercel, 9st 13lbs; The Watch, 8st 5lbs, Pelargonium, 7st 13lbs Mary B, 7st 12lbs, Lady Sim, 7st.

BETTING:—Evens Coat-of Arms, 3 to against Mil, fives the Witch, and Mary B, sixes Glendook, eights Pelargonium II, tens Tiercel and Metal Maid, twelves Lady Sim.

THE RACE:—Won by two lengths, four lengths between second and third.

TIME:—2 mins. 34 4-5 secs.

NAVAL AND MILITARY SERVICE PLATE—1 1-4 mile.
Mr. Fortnum Lang's Airman, 11st 4lbs, Capt Brassey 1
Capt. Colmore's Offside, 11st 6lbs Owner 2
Col. Aubrey Jones's F, 9ts 4lbs Owner 3

ALSO RAN:—Anarchist, 11st Crosswell 11st 6lbs.

BETTING:—3 to 1 on Airman, 3 to 1 against Offside, tens Anarchist and Crosswell, 12 to 1 F, a gift to Airman.

THE RACE:—Won by ten lengths in a canter, four lengths between second and third.

TIME:—2 mins. 31 3-5 secs.

CITY PLATE.—4 furlongs.
Maharaja of Mysore's Betty, 11st 2lbs..... Melson 1
Col. Desaraj Urs' Donald Wallace, 10st 13lbs..... McGlone 2
Yuvaraja of Mysore's Saraswati, 9st 11lbs..... Ames 3

ALSO RAN:—Melody, 11st 5 lbs; Mona 10st 13 lbs; Muzbooth, 10st; Madrid, 9st 6 lbs.

BETTING:—5 to 2 on Betty, 5 to 1 against Madrid, 8 to 1 against Melody, 10 to 1 Donald Wallace and Mona, 12 to 1 Muzbooth and Saraswati.

THE RACE:—Won easily by three lengths, 1 1-2 length between second and third.

TIME:—56 1-5 secs.

HORSE SCURRY—5 furlongs.
Yuvaraja of Mysore's Little Speed, 7st 11lbs,..... Melsom 1
Kour Sahib of Patiala's Malmsey, 10st 3lbs, ... Southall 2
Mr R R S's Lord Carlyon, 10st 7lbs, Brown 3

ALSO RAN:—Vitulos, 9st 12lbs ; Bambra, 8st 9lbs; Eva B, 8st 8lbs ; Eustace 7st 4lbs .

BETTING:—5 to 4 on Lord Carlyon, 2 to 1 against Malmsey, 6 to 1 Little Speed, eights Vitulos, tens Bambra and Eva B, 20 to 1 Eustace.

THE RACE:—The winner was the only outsider to come home to-day. Won by a neck, three lengths between second and third.

TIME:—1 min., 6 2-5 secs.

CAPTAIN PRITCHARD'S DEATH.

DROWNED IN HEROIC ATTEMPT TO HELP HIS FOLLOWERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
SIMLA, July 17.

The true facts regarding the death of Capt. Pritchard on the North-East Frontier have now been received from Capt. Waterfield.

The party were retracing their steps to the junction of the Mung Bli Wang with the taron, where the inhabitants were found to have developed an unfriendly attitude and to have loosened the far end of the cane-bridge, which thus rendering it useless. After considering all means of getting the party across Capt. Pritchard insisted as the leader of the party that it was his duty and his alone to swim the river and tie the bridge upon the far side.

The river was forty yards wide. Signals were arranged between him and Capt. Waterfield and a rope was tied round him. He got on well until about midstream, when it was seen that the task was impossible and the force of the current had been under estimated. He was being carried down very fast towards a rapid, and the rest of the party were following down the bank, at the same time hauling in the rope. Before he could be got out of the main current the rope broke. Capt. Waterfield rushed down the bank with some of the men to try and intercept him at the head of the rapid, but he was carried underneath before they reached it, and was never seen again. The river was searched for about two miles downstream, but no sign of him was seen.

When the rope broke Capt. Pritchard knew there was no chance for him and called out "Don't come, good-bye, old boy."

ALLEGED MURDER.

SOLDIER SAID TO HAVE SHOT A POLICEMAN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
RANGOON, July 17.

It is reported that Abdul Rahn alias Maung Po Sin, in charge of the Cantonment outpost police station, Thayetmyo, was shot dead through the heart on Saturday night, it is alleged by Corpl. Wild of the Royal Munster Fusileers.

Full enquiries are in progress.

THE COURT CARDS.

There is to be a change in the character of the entertainment at the Opera House from Saturday when there will arrive the "Court Cards" and their little Joker, an original company of entertainers, who have been welcomed right through the East, and whose great success in such cities as Calcutta and Colombo cannot be questioned. This is their first visit to Bombay, but they are able unfortunately to make a short stay only. On Saturday and during next week the Opera House dancing and bioscope entertainment will be given before dinner only and at the ten o'clock performance the stage will be occupied exclusively for about two hours and a half by the Court Cards. They are a bright and skilful company of two ladies and five men. Miss Mandell Fane, who appears as the Queen of Hearts, is an attractive singer in a light soprano voice of light comedy songs. "Dear little Jammy Face" is one of her favourites, and she also has a funny representation of a suffragette at which Mr. Edgar Warwick takes the part of a policeman. Mr. Warwick incidentally is the founder of the Company, and has selected its members. He himself is the "joker" of the pack, and he is well supported by Mr. Sydney Mannering formerly second principal tenor to the Moody, Manners Opera Co. Mr. Reginald Palmer, a humourist with it is said, a unique manner, Mr. Wilton Fordham, basso, and Mr. Gordon Nicholes a conjurer, veneritoquist and expert in paper-tearing. One of the features of the entertainment, we hear, is the excellent male voice quartette.

Seats may be booked at Messrs. Boss and Co.

FAREWELL TO MR. JAMES MACDONALD.

MEETING OF ANGLO-INDIAN EMPIRE LEAGUE.

At the invitation of Dr. E Persival Baker, Hon. Secretary of the Anglo-Indian Empire League, a large number of Anglo-Indians met last night at the premises of the Indo-British Institution, Hornby-road, to bid farewell to their president, Mr. James Macdonald, J P., who sails for England for a few months to-morrow. Mr. T. Saveje presided on the occasion.

The president in welcoming the guest briefly reviewed the history of the League. He said that a long time has elapsed since his arrival in Bombay. At that time he had the friendly advice of a teacher, namely Mr. Macdonald. The league was not in existence then. He was sure that the Association would advance in every way. Mr. Saveges then made a reference to the new president, Mr. Payne, a busy man who had undertaken to find time to devote to the Association. In conclusion he wished Mr. Macdonald a pleasant voyage.

HISTORY OF THE LEAGUE.

The Hon. Secretary, Dr. E. P. Baker, then gave a brief history of the League and the work it had done and expected to do in the future. He said the Anglo-Indian movement had been in existence for over forty years, and the League was registered first in 1909. Prior to its establishment other Anglo-Indian Associations had been striving to obtain several concessions for the domiciled communities, but they had made little progress. Each province had its own organisation, numbering from 50 to 1000 members each. As there was no unity nothing could be accomplished. It came to be realised that, before the Communities could achieve anything of importance, the Anglo-Indian Associations throughout India should form one solid body, to work under one chief, but for various reasons the old associations would not entertain this proposal, and finally an attempt was made by some people to form an association that could embrace the whole of India. The outcome of this was the formation of the Anglo-Indian Empire League. The following were the results due with its activities (1) the concession of representation on the Imperial and Madras Legislative Councils ; (2) the change of nomenclature from Eurasion to Anglo-Indian (3) The convening of the Simla Educational Conference (4) The convening of the Auglo-Indian Regiment Committee ; (5) representation of their intersts on the Royal Commission on the public services in India ; (6) representation on the Indian Currency Commission; (7) the establishment of the Anglo-Indian Hostel at Allahabad ; (8) the grant of two Imperial scholarships for Anglo-Indian boys and girls of £200 per annum.

Dr. Baker proceeded to give an account of what the League had been striving for during the past eight months of its existence in Bombay. In this presidency they had 1,000 members. In the City of Bombay the number of members were only a little over 200. According to the last census (1910), out of a population of 9,79,445 inhabitants in Bombay the community numbered only about 12,000, and out of this number, Dr. Baker maintained, they ought to swell the membership to at least 5,000. Dr. Baker concluded by thanking those present for joining the League to render a fitting farewell to their President, Mr. James Macdonald who was Bombay's leading citizen and Grand Old Man. He was loved by all even by the poorest cooly.

MR. MACDONALD'S REPLY.

Mr. Macdonald replying, said : "When I had the honour of being appointed your President I certainly had the idea that I could be of considerable use to the Anglo-Indian Empire League. I have, however, to confess to night that I cannot take any credit to myself for any advantage which I have been able to credit myself with. I do not take to myself the blame of that failure. I found such a want of interest and unity in the League that, but for Dr. Baker, our energetic Secretary, should have come a dead halt.

We require a young and vigorous leader around who will gather some faithful and unselfish persons prepared to make a supreme effort to arouse the Anglo Indian community from its lethargy to a position to which their members and ability entitled them. The community has some rights even as other community and from these rights they are debarred by the ignorance, callousness, and education of the young. All rights belonging to non-domiciled British subjects are also vested in the Anglo-Indian. Of the same mental, moral, and physical, fitness the Anglo-Indian is eligible for holding the higher appointments open to non-domiciled Europeans. His language, relegion, habits, and Social usage, are one with his forbears of the Homeland. But these might have been neglected and forgotten because the units that constituted the community, though many, have no proper combination. Now and again a spasmodic effort is made to combine them, by such a league as our own. We look to the betterment of the community who are fitted by position and vocation to come forward and identify themselves with the organised movements now afoot for consolidating the scattered members of the community. It has been said such members of the community as have achieved success in in life, in the several avocations to which they have devoted themselves, are ashamed to acknowledge their connection with it. I absolutely refuse to believe in the allegation. We rather think that in the majority of instances those, who have achieved, success are apt to forget or rather overlook the plight of their brethren less advantageously placed."

In conclusion the guest thanked them all for their kindness.

The proceedings then terminated.

Mr. Bapin Chander Pal has brought a suit in the Calcutta Small Causes Court against the proprietors of the Lakshi Press, claiming Rs 1,050 for refusing to deliver to him the March number of his magazine called the *Hindu Review*. The suit will be heard on the 30th instant.

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

Mr. A. W. G. Chuckerbutty, I.C.S., to be Collector of Sholapur, vice Mr. L. C. Swifte, I.C.S., proceeding on leave.

Mr. R. B. Milne, I.C.S., to act as Collector of Kaira vice Mr. A. W. G. Chuckerbutty, I.C.S., as a temporary measure.

Mr. A. W. G. Chuckerbutty, I.C.S., to be Political Agent, Akalkot, vice Mr. L. C. Swifte, I.C.S., proceeding on leave.

Mr. R. B. Milne, I.C.S., to act as Political Agent, Cambay, vice Mr. A. W. G. Chuckerbutty, I.C.S., as a temporary measure.

Mr. W. H. Lucas, C.S.I., I.C.S. Commissioner in Sind, is granted furlough on medical certificate for three months with effect from July 21.

Mr. P. R. Cadell, C.I.E., I. C. S., to act as Commissioner in Sind, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. W. H. Lucas, C.S.I , I.C.S.

Mr. P. P. Braithwaite, Acting Vice-Principal, Rajkumar College, Rajkot, is granted leave on urgent private affairs for six months, with effect from June 30.

Mr. H. K. Kirpalani, I.C.S., Assistant Collector Ahmedabad, is appointed a Magistrate of the Second Class.

Mr. J. Crerar, I.C.S., to be Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, vice Mr. P. R. Cadell, C.I.E., I.C.S., resigned.

Mr. J. Crerar, I. C. S., to be a Member of the Board of Trustees of the Port of Bombay vice Mr. P. R. Cadell, C.I.E., I. C. S., resigned.

The services of Mr. A. S. A. Westropp, I. C. S., a Colletor in the Imperial Customs Service, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay, with effect from July 2.

Mr. R. A. Rose, temporary Engineer held charge of the office of the Executive Engineer, Sholapur District, from April 24 to May 29.

The month's privilege leave granted to Mr. C. H. H. Philpot-Brookes, Assistant Engineer, is commuted to language leave and extended to three months.

Mr. R. A. Fitzherbert, Assistant Engineer, has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India three months' special leave on urgent private affairs in continuation of the three months' privilege leave sanctioned by the Superintending Engineer, Central Division.

Mr. E. G. L. Laird-MacGregor, I.C.S., has been allowed an extension of furlough for two months and eighteen days.

Mr. W. S. Trelfall, Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue in charge Coast Guard Service, has been granted privilege leave for three months with effect from June 9.

The services of Engineer A. H. Baker, Royal Indian Marine, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment as 2nd Engineer and Shipwright Surveyor vice Engineer E.E. Macpherson, Royal Indian Marine, with effect from June 21.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

FASHION DAY BY DAY.

The race meetings at Auteuil Longchamp and Chantilly for which fashions devotees reserve all their most attractive toilettes has shown many delightful variants of the lingerie gown and a great tendency towards the skirt of two and sometimes three tiers. A pretty example illustrates the charm of combining broderie Anglais and teffetas. The simple little lingerie skirt has the lower tier distinguished by a vieux rose meire ribbon tier terminating in a bow. With it is worn a taffetas coatee of vieux rose with black chiffon velours and pink silk rosebuds and green leaves are tacked into the belt. A hat of fine black Tagal with a large black osprey mingling with a white osprey completes this pretty toilette.

FRUIT AS A DECORATION.

At Auteuil writes a Paris correspondent one was particularly amused by the parasols, which look quite demure, modest little shades when closed, and when opened are suddenly transformed into the most wonderful fantaies and extravagances—tulips, tiger lilies, strange square shapes, with bows of ribbon or hanging Chinese beads at the four corners, and in colours to decorate an Oriental fete. One, indeed, was made in blue and white, like a plate, and had a large bunch of fruit, apples and plums, attached to its ferrule, so that when the shade was opened it looked like a very large plate of fruit being carried above one's head The fruit was a marvellous imitation, in tinted velvet, and was quite light in weight.

IMPROVED VELVET THROAT STRAP.

Where novelties concerning dress are concerned one must not forget to mention the latest substitute for those narrow black velvet neckbands whith the craze for the new opennecked blouses and bodices have brought into such amazing popularity. This is a tiny half-inch velvet strap studded with small diamante or paste stones and set on to an extremely narrow ruche of fine black or white-pleated tulle. Resembling nothing so much as dainty little cat collars, the new throat ruches are decidedly becoming, as they give just that softness of effect that is too often lacking in the ordinary inch-wide velvet strap.

FUTURIST FASHIONS.

The Futurist fashions of the moment says a London lady are responsible for the newest and most becoming type of scarf which is being adopted for day and evening wear. This is a wide and very long variety made of two brilliant shades of chiffon laid one on top of another, such as scarlet over purple or Royal blue over mauve, and being edged all round with vivid coloured marabout, dyed to exactly match the top colour. The effect of these brilliant adjuncts of dress is far more effective than might at first be imagined, and they are going to enjoy an even greater vogue during the holiday season, as they are the very thing for smart casino wear.

BEADED STOCKINGS.

The craze for bright colours is noticable on all sides; and to meet Fashion's latest demand for vivid colour effects, one finds even black silk stockings making their appearance, with the fronts decorated with beautifully-worked bead embroidaries that combine all the most brilliant Oriental colours allied to vivid coloured silk embroidery, the effect being heightened in many instances by the further introduction of small silver sequin or diamante jewels, that give a lightness to the sombre Eastern blues, reds, and orange and yellows. Other examples of new black silk hose have their fronts embroidered with sprays of wheat worked in fine gold or silver tinsel, allied to minute gold or crystal beads. Worn with plain black or coloured sation shoes of Court shape the new stockings promise to be exceedingly popular for ballroom wear.

CURRENT EASTERN NEWS.

The lithographed Urdu pamphlet entitled "The last remedy is the sword has been prohibited by the Government of Bombay.

Doctor Koitash Chunder Bose has been elected as a delegate, on behalf of the Calcutta Corporation, to attend the next Sanitary Conference to be held at Lucknow.

It is notified that the duty on charas and ganja, imported into and manufactured in the Bombay Presidency shall be Rs. 20 and Rs. 7-8. per seer respectively.

On and after the 20th instant the letting or playing of hire of any motor-vehicle on the Dharamtar-Mahad Road is prohibited except under a permit from the District Magistrate, Kolaba.

As a precaution against plague persons from the infected portions of the Coimbatore, North Arcot and South Kanara districts of Madras from the State of Mysore and the Bombay Presidency are forbidden to attend the Adi new moon festival at Ramesvaram in the Ramnad district of Madras.

The District Traffic Superintendent of the Assam-Bengal Railway at Chittagong wires :—"The line near Bankarkhal on the hill section of the Assam-Bengal Railway has been repaired. Through booking of coaching and goods traffic is resumed without restriction."

Captain Waterfield, of the Burma-Assam Exploration Party has pointed out the "Rangoon Times" some alleged discripancies in the report of the details which were wired from that paper. He denies that the deserter spread reports about the party's behaviour towards the natives, and states that the account alleged to be his own is not as given by him.

Mr. John Hagenbeck, who has returned to Ceylon after a visit to Hamburg, informed an "Observer" representative that he finds that Ceylon does not quite suit the breeding of ostriches owing to the fact that the climate is too moist, and the food not quite right. He is, therefore, now coming to try India for breeding and experimental work with the birds.

At the Good Shephard Convent, Bangalore a few days ago an inmate named Mrs. Ana Townsend showed signs of lunacy, running amok among her companions with a carving knife and ultimately attempting to injure herself. The Police were sent for and on their arrival she was secured and brought before the District Magistrate. His Worship directed her removal to the Lunatic Asylum for observation.

The following is the tour of the officiating Agricultural Adviser to the Government of India, Mr. J. Mc. Kenna, I.C.S., during August and September, Leave Pusa 2nd August ; Halt Dacca 4th to 7th ; Bhagalpur 9th to 12th ; Bankipur 13th ; Moniarah 15th and 16th ; Ranchi 18th to 21st ; Nagpur 23rd to 27th ; Poona 28th to 31st ; Bombay 1st September ; Agra to 3rd and 4th ; returning to Simla on the 5th.

A Simla correspondent writes:—Some of the figures and details which are now given in the Delhi Committee's report are distinctly interesting, and all point to an expenditure far greater then anything which has been so far admitted by the Government of India. I have been told that the Finance Minister who has so recently retired from India has freely said that Imperial Delhi, according to the latest ideas, cannot possibly cost less than ten millions sterling Meanwhile Lord Hardinge, who naturally takes the keenest interest in the development of the new city, will pay a flying visit to the capital at the end of the month.

Mr. Gould, the demonstrator of morality without religion, was not quite fair to the people of Karachi says the "Sind Gazette" when informed a London audience that he found intelligent appreciation of his methods everywhere in his tour of the Bombay Presidency except at Hyderabad (Sind) and Karachi. At these two cities, Mr. Gould said he had great difficulty in persuading his (Indian) critics "that a child at an early age would be more profitably employed imbibing moral truths than controversial religion." It is easy for a disputant to demolish an imaginary opponent. No one in Karachi suggested to Mr. Gould that a child at an early age should imbide controversial religion. Such argument as arose was, on the contrary, expressly concerned with non-controversial religion.

The Commissioner-in Sind is pleased in supersession of all previous notifications on the subject to direct that with effect from the 1st October 1913, the Municipality of Karachi shall consist of 42 Councillors of whom two-third viz twenty-eight shall be elected and one third viz fourteen shall be nominated by the Commissioner-in Sind. The Commissioner is further pleased to direct that twenty-four of the elected Councillors shall be returned by the various wards into which the Municipal district of Karachi may from time to time be devided and that the following bodies shall be entitled to elect two representatives each to the Municipal Corporation viz—(1) The Chamber of Commerce, Karachi. (2) The Karachi Indian Merchants' Association.

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CHINLESS MAN.

DISCOVERY OF THE GIANT SLOTH.

SOUTH AMERICAN DISCOVERIES.

A few years ago the world was startled by the news that away in Patagonia there had been found a great piece of skin which was almost perfectly fresh, but could have belonged to nothing but a monster of prehistoric type. The skin was covered with yellowish brown hair, and it contained within its substance a most singular armour of closely set plates of hard, solid-bone. It was certain (writes Mr. R. B. Townshend in the "Manchester Guardian") that whatever might have been the date of the animal's death it had been slain and skinned by men, for along with the skin at the scene of its discovery in Last Hope Inlet were found stone weapons and human remains. Then came the question as to who these slayers of the unknown animal could have been, and, supposing the affair to be as recent as the freshness of the skin would indicate, it was also asked whether similar animals might not still exist in the unknown recesses of the Andes.

People speedily began to recall various queer stories told by the Tehuelche Indians who have hunted over the pampass from time immemorial—stories about wild men of the woods and about a very fearful wild beast, the Jemisch, that haunted the forests of the Cordillera. Nay, more one Ramon Lista was said to have not only seen but fired at such a creature in the Santa Cruz territory. But alas! Don Ramon himself was no longer alive to confirm the tale, he had perished in the exploration of the Pilcomayo, but a certain Argentine man of science, Dr. Florentino Ameghino, averred that he had heard the whole story from Ramon's lips. Ramon had one untered in the Santa Cruz mountains a great wild beast which he took to be a gigantic pangolin (an ant-eater, the greater part of whose body is generally covered with scales) of a species hitherto unknown. He described it as covered with a coat of reddish hair, he could not see any scales on the outside of the skin, but it must have carried some invisible bullet-proof armour, for, although he fired several shots which undoubtedly struck their mark, the beast ran off unharmed into the bush, where he was unable to follow it.

When Ramon Lista's papers were examined no account in writing of this extraordinary encounter was to be found, but Dr. Ameghino who, it must be admitted, is said by some scientific men to possess a lively imagination, when he examined the skin from Patagonia, jumped to the conclusion that this must be Lista's wild beast. Accordingly, the animal being classified as a giant sloth, he gave it the name of Neomylodon Listai.

The idea of such an animal being still at large in the forests of the Southern Andes naturally excited the popular imagination, and it was not long before an enterprising London newspaper equipped an expedition to beard the giant sloth in his lair. But the expedition's energies were mostly expended in the tedious struggles which resulted from trying to cross the Patagonian pampas with unbroken horses, so that the adventurers were pretty well worn out before they reached the Cordillera. As a fact they never penetrated more than a few miles into the mountains neither could they find anywhere any sign of the giant sloth.

PIGMY HUNTER'S REMAINS.

That mystery of the Cordillera is still unsolved ; recollection of it however, has been revived within the last year by Dr. Ameghino's latest discovery, in another part of Southern Argentine of the fossil remains of a race of pigmy hunters contemporary with the fauna of the sloth's period. For long stretches down the Atlantic shore of Buenos Ayres province the pampa earth is covered by great hills of sand blown inland from the sea : and in between the sand hills lie isolated flats were the eddying winds have swept the pampa earth bare and left it exposed. In one of these flats, about half way between Buenos Ayres and Bahia Blanca, wells were being sunk in the pampa earth when the well-sinkers came on two skeletons. Dr. Ameghino was called upon to examine them, and he now fondly hopes to have discovered a new species of the human race. Both skeletons, by his account, are those of adults, and belonged to a race whose height cannot have been more than 4ft. 7in. They were, therefore, pigmies. Not only was their stature low, but they had slender figure, and no great muscular development. The two heads are wider at the back than the front, and the arch of the skull is rather low than high. The teeth are small in proportion to the skull; the canines are about the same size as the incisors and premolars and do not project; the molars diminish in size from the first to the last; there are only four in the lower jaw, with no sign of wisdom teeth; the upper front teeth slope slightly forward, but the lower ones slope almost backward, so that the jaws seem rather square than projecting. Most interesting to us is the fact that the lower jaw has no chin, and thus recalls the Piltdown skull lately unearthed in Sussex. The well-known palaeolithic skulls of Spy and Krapina also lack the chin, but they differ from the Argentine skulls in their teeth, in their strongly projecting jaws, and in their bony ridge above the eyes. Moreover, they belonged to big, powerful men. On this account Dr. Ameghino declines to assign the Argentine skulls to "homo primigenius," and invents for them a new species, "homo sine mento" or chinless man.

This "homo sine mento" was a hunter. The well-sinkers found bones split lengthwise for the purpose of extracting the marrow and a bone tool for flaking flints. The whole place was strewn with worked stones, both completed weapons and fragments. The bones of the slain animals were everywhere some belonging to still existing species and others to species now extinct certain of which were of a highly formidable character.

If these slender pigmies held their own with the mighty denizens of the plains and forests of Argentine, they must have succeeded by virtue of superior brain rather than superior muscle ; and Dr. Ameghino's patriotic feelings impel him to see here an upward step in the evolution of man.

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BOMBAY SEASON REPORTS.

SEEDLINGS IN GOOD CONDITION.

The following season reports for the week ding 15th July are published :—

During the week the rainfall was good in rts of Karachi district, Gujarat, the onkan, the Deccan, the Karnatak, Kathiar, Baroda, Mahi Kantha, Kolhapur, derate in parts of Hyderabad, Thar and rkar, Cutch and Rewa Kantha, and slight ewhere. The rainfall was general and neficial but more rain is still needed in rts of Karachi, Hyderabad, Thar and rkar Ratnagiri, Kanara, Poona, Satara, Karnatak, Rewa Kantha and Kolhapur wing continues generally. Transplantion is progressing. Germinated seedngs were generally in good condition cept in parts of Dharwar, Baroda and wa Kantha where they were slightly maged by insects and in parts of har and Parkar and Nawabshah were mage was caused by locusts. The fodder pply was sufficient except in parts of ukkur and Ahmednagar. Agricultural ock was generally in good condition and fficient except in parts of Ahmednagar, oona and Cutch. The drinking waterpply was adequate. The supply of water r irrigation was deficient in parts of Sind nd Sholapur. The public health was enerally good. Prices of food-grains, hrough high are stationary. Distress in he Ahmedabad district is decreasing and onditions have generally improved.

Ahmedabad.—Rain during week 1 inch 7 cents at Ahmedabad, in the district maximum 2 inches 74 cents at Gogha, minimum 1 inch 3 cents at Parantij; for season inches 3 cents at Ahmedabad, in the trict maximum 23 inches 84 cents at gha, minimum 5 inches 40 cents at amgam. Rainfall general and sufficient; ry excessive in Gogha petha but caused damage. Sowing of bajri, jowari and on in progress. Transplantation of rice mmenced. Fodder-supply abundant. ricultural stock sufficient and in good dition. Supply of water for drinking l irrigation normal.

Panch Mahals.—Rain during week 1 h 39 cents at Godhra, in the district ximum 2 inches 47 cents at Dohad, imum 1 inch 15 cents at Jhalod; for son 21 inches 77 cents at Godhra, in the rict maximum 17 inches 6 cents at ol, minimum 12 inches 34 cents at lod. Rainfall general and sufficient. arif sowing in progress. Transplantation ice continues. Weeding commenced in e places. Standing crops in good con. Cater pillars still lingering in some kas, but are not doing any serious age to crops Fodder-supply adequate. icultural stock in good condition and cient. Water-supply adequate.

Kaira.—Rain during week 6 inches 4 s at Kaira, in the district maximum 4 in- 92 cents at Mehmadabad, minimum 48 s at Borsad, 1 inch 62 cents at Cambay; season 14 inches 89 cents at Kaira, he district maximum 21 inches 61 cents orsad, minimum 14 inches 50 cents at madabad, 19 inches 51 cents at Cambay nfall sufficient. Sowing of kharif crops in ress. Transplantation of rice continues, ding in progress. Standing crops in l condition. Fodder-supply sufficient. icultural stock adequate and in good con- on. Water for drinking and irrigation icient.

Broach.—Rain during week 2 inches 69 s at Broach, in the district maximum 5 hes 33 cents at A'mod, minimum 1 inch cents at Vagra; for season 22 inches 60 s at Broach, in the district maximum nches 83 cents at Anklesvar, minimum nches 94 cents at Jambusar. Rainfall cient and well distributed. A break ch needed. Sowing of cotton nearly over that of jowari in full swing except in s of A'mod taluka where retarded owing ntinuous rain. Weeding in progress. rminated seedlings in good condition. pply of fodder adequate. Agricultural k sufficient and in good condition. Water pply for drinking and irrigation adequate. cks of grain sufficient.

Surat.—Rain during week 2 inches 40 s at Surat, in the district maximum 5 hes 57 cents. at Bulsar, minimum 2 hes 72 cents. at Bardoli, for season 23 hes 20 cents at Surat, in the district imum 58 inches 21 cents at Bulsar, imum 21 inches 65 cents at Olpad nfall sufficient and seasonable. Sowing kharif crops in progress. Transplantaon of rice nearly over in the southern and ern talukas. Germinated seedlings ving. Supply of fodder sufficient. Green s available. Agricultural stock in good dition. Water for drinking and irrigas sufficient.

Thana.—Rain during week 5 inches 80 s at Thana, in the district maximum 14 hes 32 cents at Dahanu, minimum 2 in- 2 cents at Murbad, 4 inches 64 cents at har; for season 55 inches 93 cents at na, in the district maximum 60 inches ents at Bhiwndi, minimum 31 inches ents at Mahim, 51 inches 3 cents at har. Rainfall satisfactory and well ributed throughout the district. ansplantation of rice continues. Seedgs in good condition. Garden crops ving. Fodder-supply sufficient. Agriural stock in good condition. Waterply good and sufficient.

Kolaba.—Rain during week 16 inches 74 s at Alibag, in the district maximum 20 hes 83 cents at Panvel, minimum 4 inches ents at Karjat; for season 54 inches 35 s at Alibag in the district maximum 71 hes 96 cents at Panvel minimum 46 in- s 82 cents at Mangaon. Rainfall general beneficial to rice crop. Transplantation progress. Germinated seedlings in good dition. Supply of fodder and water ficient. Agricultural stock adequate.

Ratnagiri.—Rain during week 10 inches cents at Ratnagiri in the district maxium 23 inches 30 cents at Mandangad nimum 6 inches 57 cents at Rajapur; season 38 inches 96 cents at Ratnagiri in e district maximum 73 inches 36 cents at ndangad minimum 29 inches 87 cents at vgad. Rainfall general and beneficial and fficient except in Rajapur and Devgad ukas. Transplantation of rice and hillllets continues. Supply of fodder and ter plentiful. Agricultural stock in good ndition. Stocks of grain adequate.

Kanara.—Rain during week 12 inches 39 nts at Karwar, in the district maximum inches 35 cents at Kumta, minimum inch 33 cents at Nondgod; for season 52 hes 36 cents at Karwar, in the district aximum 61 inches 81 cents at Kumta, inimum 10 inches 87 cents at Haliyal. ainfall general and beneficial, more needed Haliyal and Siddapur talukas and Mundod and Supa pethas. Sowing of rice comleted in Siddapur, Yellapur and Haliyal alukas, and Bhatkal and Mundgod pethas nd continues elsewhere. Germinated seedngs in good condition. Transplantation ontinues in parts of Sirsi and below ghat alukas. Weeding commenced. Prospects good Fodder-supply sufficient. Drinking water ade uate. Water for irrigation sufficient. Cattle enerally good and sufficient. Stocks of ain sufficient. Price of rice 8 1-4 and of ill-millets 12 seers per rupee.

East Khandesh.—Rain during week 4 nches 10 cents at Jalgaon, in the district maximum 4 inches 86 cents at Parola, minimum 1 inch 2 cents at Yaval; for eason 9 inches 68 cents at Jalgaon, in the listrict maximum 15 inches 16 cents at Parola, minimum 6 inches 96 cents at Yaval. Rainfall general and sufficient. Sowing of jowari nearing completion. Weeding in progress. Germinated seedlings in good condition. Fodder-supply sufficient. Agricultural stock adequate and in good condition. Supply of water sufficient.

West Khandesh.—Rain during week 1 inch 94 cents at Dhulia, in the district maximum 4 inches 11 cents at Shahada, minimum 1 inch 20 cents at Navapur; for season 11 inches 93 cents at Dhulia, in the district maximum 17 inches 28 cents at Taloda, minimum 9 inches 3 cents at Sakri. Rainfall good and sufficient throughout the district. Sowing of kharif crops in progress. Germinated seedlings in good condition. Weeding in progress. Slight damage done to sesamum crops by insects in Shahada taluka. Fodder-supply adequate. Agricultural stock in good condition. Water-supply for drinking and irrigation sufficient.

Nasik.—Rain during week 2 inches 55 cents at Nasik, in the district maximum 5 inches 92 cents at Nandgaon, minimum 1 inch 86 cents at Baglan; for season 23 inches 98 cents at Nasik, in the district maximum 56 inches 4 cents at Igatpuri, minimum 7 inches 36 cents at Baglan. Rainfall sufficient. Sowing of bajri in progress except in Yeola and Kalvan talukas where retarded owing to excessive rain. Transplantation of hill-millets and rice continues in Igatpuri and Peint talukas. Supply of fodder sufficient. Agricultural stock in fair condition. Water-supply adequate.

Ahmednagar.—Rain during week 3 inches 20 cents at Nagar, in the district maximum 4 inches 96 cents at Kopargaon, minimum 80 cents at Parner for season 13 inches. 60 cents at Nagar in the district maximum 15 inches 10 cents at Akola, minimum 5 inches 43 cents at Nevasa. Rainfall general and beneficial. Sowing of bajri in full sowing. Transplantation of rice in progress in Akola taluka. Standing crops in good condition. Weeding commenad condition of cattle improving. Agricultural stock deficient. Fodder-supply scanty Green grass available to some extent Drinking water supply sufficient.

Distress decreasing and conditions generally improved. Six kitchens and eleven poor houses continue to give relief. Two cattle camps still open. Takavi being being distributed for purchase of bullocks. Government grass still finds ready sale. Stocks of grain sufficient. Prices of foodgrains high but stationary. Public health generally fair. Gratuitous relief being given to 16 520 persons.

Poona.—Rain during week maximum 3 inches 11 cents at Dhond, minimum 37 cents at Haveli; for season 15 inches 23 cents at Haveli, in the district maximum 31 inches 62 cents at Mulshi, minimum 5 inches 92 cents at Bhimthadi. Rainfall almost general, but more rain still needed in Indapur taluka and Mulshi petha. Sowing of kharif crops continues. Transplanation of rice and hill-millets in progress in the Mavli parts except in Mulshi petha where it is retarted for want of rain. Early sown kharif crops in good condition. Fodder-supply adequate. Agricultural stock sufficient except in Indapur taluka and grain sufficient.

Sholapur.—Rain during week 2 inches 38 cents at Sholapur, in the district maximum 2 inches 10 cents at Karmala, minimum 28 1-2 cents at Pandharpur; for season 7 inches 62 cents at Sholapur, in the district maximum 7 inches 18 cents at Malsiras. Rainfall good except in Pandharpur taluka where more needed. Sowing generally in progress. Germination satisfactory. Kadbi available but dear. Agricultural stock generally in fair condition. Supply of water for drinking sufficient except in parts of Malsiras and Karmala talukas where slightly improved in some places by recent rain. Water for irrigation deficient in parts of Pandparpur, Sangola and Malsiras talukas. Stocks of grain sufficient.

Satara.—Rain during week 98 cents at Satara, in the district maximum 3 inches 59 cents at Man, minimum 57 cents at Waiva; for season 11 inches 53 cents at Satara, in the district maximum 35 cents at Javli, minimum 6 inches 20 cents at Phaltan. Rainfall general and sufficient except in parts of Man and Shirala talukas. Sowing of bajri jowari and groundnut in progress. Tranplantation of rice continues. Germinated seedlings and garden crops in good condition. Fodder-supply sufficient. Agricultural stock in good condition. Supply of water for drinking and irrigation adequate.

Bijapur.—Rain during week 2 inches 19 cents at Bijapur, in the district maximum 5 inches 90 cents at Muddebihal, minimum 22 cents at Indi; for season 9 inches 34 cents at Bijapur, in the district maximum 11 inches 61 cents at Muddebihal, minimum 1 inch 71 cents at Badami. Rainfall timely and beneficial, but more needed in parts of Sindgi and Badami talukas. Kharif sowing nearly completed except in Sindgi and Badami talukas and Bilgi petha; it was retarded in parts of Sindgi taluka. Seedlings in good condition. Fodder-supply adequate. 3,197 lbs. of Government grass sold during week. Green grass available in some places. Agricultural stock sufficient and in good condition. Water for drinking and irrigation adequate. Stocks of grain sufficient.

Belgaum.—Rain during week 95 cents at Belgaum, in the district maximum 4 inches 37 cents at Murgod, minimum 6 cents at Hukeri; for season 11 inches 31 cents at Belgaum, in the district maximum 31 inches 16 cents at Chandgad, minimum 3 inches 57 cents at Parasgad. Rainfall sufficient in parts of Parasgad and Sampgaon talukas and Murgod petha but more rain needed elsewhere. Kharif sowing retarded owing to insufficient rain in parts of Gokak taluka but continues elsewhere. Germinated seedlings generally in good condition except in Athni taluka where jowari seedlings damaged by grass-hoppers. Garden crops in good condition. Prospects generally good. Fodder-supply adequate. Agricultural stocks in good condition. Supply of water for drinking and condition sufficient. Stocks of grain adequate.

Dharwar.—Rain during week 40 cents at Dharwar, in the district maximum 3 inches at Navalgnud, minimum 28 cents at Bankapur for season 6 inches 95 cents at Dharwar, in the district maximum 9 inches 21 cents at Kalghatgi, minimum 1 inch 99 cent at Muhdargi. Rain'all general and beneficial but more needed. Sowing of jowari in progress. Germinated seedlings generally in good condition except in Gadag taluka and Mundargi petha where sesamum seedlings slightly damaged by grass-hoppers. Supply of fodder sufficient. Agricultural stock in good condition. Water-supply for drinking and irrigation sufficient.

Kathiawar.—Rain during week 4 inches 20 cents at Rajkot, in the Agency maximum 7 inches 75 cents at Mengni. minimum 26 cents at Port Victor under Bhavnagar State, for season 14 inches 35 cents at Rajkot, in the Agency maximum 55 inches 65 cents at Palitana minimum 2 inches 25 cents at Jhinjhuvada. Rainfall sufficient except in Jhinjhuvada. Kharif sowing continues in Jhalavad and Gohilvad. Agricultural stock in good condition. Supply of fodder and water adequate.

Baroda.—Rain during week 1 inch 95 cents at Baroda, in the State maximum 4 inches 41 cents at Amreli, minimum 1 inch 53 cents at Kadi; for season 28 inches 29 cents at Baroda, in the State maximum 33 inches 48 cents at Navsari, minimum 2 inches 44 cents at Kadi. Sowing of kharif crops continues in parts of Navsari, Kadi and Amreli divisions. Crops slightly damaged by caterpillars in Sinor, Savli and Attarsumbha mahals. Agricultural stock in good condition. Supply of fodder and water adequate.

Palanpur.—Rain during week 1 inch 40 cents at Palanpur, in the Agency maximum 2 inches 43 cents at Wao, minimum 16 cents at Santalpur, for season maximum 7 inches 46 cents at Palanpur, minimum 1 inch 23 cents at Radhanpur. Sowing continues in Palanpur and in some parts of the Agency. Agricultural stocks sufficient and in good condition. Drinking water-supply adequate. Stocks of grain sufficient.

Cutch.—Rain during week 1 inch 93 cents at Bhuj, in the Agency maximum 2 inches 59 cents at Mandvi, minimum 65 cents at Lakhpat, for season 5 inches 8 cents at Bhuj, in the Agency maximum 7 inches 52 cents at Mundra, minimum 2 inches 40 cents at Lakhpat. Rainfall general and beneficial. Sowing of kharif crops continues. Supply of fodder sufficient. Agricultural stock inadequate but in fair condition. Supply of water for drinking sufficient.

Mahi Kantha.—Rain during week 1 inch 74 cents at Sadra, in the Agency maximum 5 inches 20 cents a Dants minimum 10 cents at Bhilod under Idar State. Rainfall general.

Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country Rain during week 81 cents at Kolhapur in the Agency maximum 11 inches 41 cents at Bavda minimum 41 cents at Gad-Hinglaj for season 11 inches 96 cents at Kolhapur in the Agency maximum 70 inches 4 cents at Bavda. More rain needed. Sowing of rice jowari and groundnut continues. Crops in good condition. Supply of fodder and water sufficient. Cattle adequate and beneficial. Sowing of kharif crops commenced. Supply of fodder and water adequate Agricultural stock in fair condition.

Rewa Kantha.—Rain during week maximum 2 inches 88 cents at Chhota-Udepur, minimum 65 cents at Balasinor, for season maximum 38 inches 48 cents at Nandod, minimum 11 inches 8 cents at Balasinor. Rainfall general, timely, sufficient and well distributed, but more needed in some places for transplantation of rice. Sowing in progress. Transplantation commenced. Germinated seedlings in good condition. Caters pillars appeared in parts of Umeta, Bhadarva and Pandu Mewas, and did slight damage to early sown bajri crop. Fodder and pasturage adequate. Agricultural stock sufficient and in good condition. Supply of water for drinking and irrigation sufficient.

Karachi.—Rain during week 80 cents at Karachi, in the district maximum 2 inches 70 cents at Tatta, minimum 4 cents at Batora; for season maximum 2 inches 70 cents at Tatta, minimum 4 cents at Carora. Rainfall general and beneficial, but more needed. Inundation not satisfactory. Sowing of rice continues. Transplanation retarded in parts of Ghorabari taluka Germinated seedlings in good condition except in Mirpur Batoro taluka where they were damaged by insects. Prospects good. Fodder-supply adequate except in Karachi taluka. Agricultural stock in good condition and sufficient except in Karachi taluka. Drinking water-supply sufficient.

"THE BOOK OF THE RESURRECTION."

COPTIC APOCRYPHAL WORKS.

A book, which will doubtless prove of great interest to others than professional scholars and students of the Bible was issued on June 12 by the British Museum. It contains the Coptic texts, with translations, of an important series of Apocripha, a Life of Pisentius, Bishop of Coptos in the seventh century, an Encomium of John the Baptist, and a series of Instructions by Pachomius the Archimandrite. All of these are written in the dialect of Upper Egypt, and all are published for the first time. They have been edited, with English translations, by Dr. E. A. Wallis Budge, Keeper of the Egyptian and Assyrian Antiquities in the British Museum.

THE CONQUEST OF DEATH.

The largest and perhaps most interesting Apocryphon, Dr. Budge points out, in the "Book of the Resurrection," which is attributed to Bartholomew the Apostle. It describes the decent of our Lord into Hell, the conquest of Death and his sons, the defeat of the Devil, the destruction of the gates, bolts, and bars of Hell, the extinction of its fires, the overthrow of its blazing caldrons, the liberation of Adam and Eve, and all the children of men, the final condemnation of Judas Iscariot, the ascent from Hell of our Lord, His Resurrection, His appearances to the Apostles, His enthronement on the right hand of the Father in His Tabernacle of Light in the Seventh Heaven, and the reconciliation of God with Adam and his sons in the presence of myriads of Cherubim, Seraphim, Archangels, Angels, Thrones, Dominions, Principalities, Powers, and all the hosts of Heaven. The whole Apocryphon exhibits strong Egyptian (Gnostic) influence, and professes to give the actual words of the divine unknown language in which our Lord and the Virgin Mary spoke to each other. The MS. from which the text is edited was written probably in the tenth or eleventh century.

THE APOCALYPSE.

Two of the Apocrypha deal with St. John the Apostle. According to one of these our Lord sent a cloud into all parts of the world wherein were the Apostles in order that it might bring them to Him on the Mount of Olives. When all the Apostles had arrived there John asked the Lord to explain to him the Mysteries of the Heavens, and the laws which regulated the fallof dew and rain, and other natural phenomena. Having summoned a Cherubim (sic) the Lord committed John to his care, and told him to answer all his questions. The angel, having set John upon his wing of light bore him up through the Seven Heavens, and described to him their construction. The Angel impressed upon John the sacredness of oaths sworn by water and by wheat, because the former existed before the heavens and the earth were created, and the latter was formed from portions of the "invisible body of God" and the body of His Son. The angel afterwards brought John down from heaven to the disciples who were awaiting him on the Mount of Olives. The last Apocryphon in the volume concerns John the Baptist, and is found in an Encomium on this saint, which is attributed to St. John Chrysostom.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS :—Are you broken in your best by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentry and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cases. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

NOTES FROM THE MAIL.

AUSTRALIAN ABORIGINES.

There are at present 6,370 aborigines living in Western Australia in contiguity to white settlements, but it is roughly estimated that about 20,000 more live in their wild state in areas to which the march of development has not yet penetrated. Last year in a particular region in the far interior scarcity of food and water drove large numbers of these natives to make their first acquaintance with the white man. They are steadily dying out, like the North American Indians.

BISHOP IN THE STEERAGE.

Dr. Brent, the American Bishop of the Philippines, who has shocked New York society by travelling in the steerage because he strangely believes that a Bishop's place is among the poor," is the son of a Canadian clergyman, though he now works with the sister Episcopal Church of the United States. When he visits England his territorial title proves a sore trial to servants, by whom he is generally announced as "the Bishop of the a Philippians." Once when dining with leading London Nonconformist he heard himself gravely described as "the Lord Bishop of the Philistines." During his busy life of mission-work Bishop Brent has found time to become a teological writer of rising reputation.

HARD WATER FALLACIES.

A lay correspondent of the 'Lancet' expresses his belief that the lime in common water has much to do with bringing on old age, and that therefore every one should drink destiled water. This belief says our contemporary is fairly common but of course it is fatuous. The supporters of this view seem to regard water as the only possible channel by which lime salts are conveyed to the organism. They appear to forget altogether the fact that lime saults are inseparable from the common everyday articles of food so that if hard water were left out of the dietary there would still be secured a large intake of lime salts which could only be avoided by a hunger strike. The 'Lancet' doubts whether hard waters are unwholesome but the inconvenience caused by the furring of domestic services and kitchen apparatus by the deposit of chalk from such waters is very real and affords a just cause of complaint in many London districts.

ARTISTIC IMPORTS OF U.S.A.

The importation of works of art into the United States yearly assumes more astounding proportions. The French "Moniteur Officiel du Commerce" gives the total value of such imports into the U.S.A. for 1912 as 60,739, 776dols., well over 12 million pounds. The corresponding figures for 1911 where only 27,443,374 dols., and for 1910 only 19½ million dollars. Thus in less than three years the importations have trebled in amount. Examination of the figures shows that they have remained practically stationary for modern works of art. Americans have a decided preference for old masters and ancient objets d'art in general and the amount of these imported has risen in one year from 17 to 58 million dollars.

36 MILLION DOLLARS' WORTH FROM ENGLAND!

As to the countries from which the works of art were imported to America, France, which in 1911 headed the list with 9 million dollars, is now second with 20 millions, England having increased her export in the same time from 8½ millions to nearly 36 million dollars. Germany takes third place at a long interval, with 1,838,000 dollars. Next comes Italy, whose stringent laws concerning the exportation of works of art doubtless account for the figure of 801,000 dollars; and last come Belgium and Holland with a total of 173,000 dollars. In the case of France and England, whose exports form nineteen-twentieths of the total, the increase is chiefly in exports of antique furniture and books.

SIR WALTER SCOTT'S HOME.

In 1819 Lady Shelley the second volume of whose Diary Mr. Murray has just brought out paid a visit to Abbossford but she does not seem to have been particularly struck with the home of the great Sir Walter nor with its inmates. Abbotsford she says has the appearence of a castle built of pastry something like those we see on a supper table. But she is charitable enough to admit that one must not quiz the castle or criticise the whims of such a genius. She writes enthusiastically of her reception by Mr. Scott as he then was and adds that like other men he was eager to show off his improvement. Of Sir Walter's wife Lady Shelley formed a poor opinion. She writes, in one of her diaries: "The only drawback to Scott's society is his wife, who is universally allowed to be the greatest bore in Europe. She speaks an almost unintelligible broken English, though she left France when she was only five years old, Scott himself speaks with a tiresome drawl, which has much increased since his illness. This drawl gives a monotony to his voice which, like the drone of a bagpipe, provokes a yawn even when one is amused by what he is narrating" "The greatest bore in Europe" is a sweeping assertion. What, one wonders, was the opinion of Sir Walter and his wife concerning Lady Shelley?

THE KAISER'S PRIVATE LIBRARY.

It has been announced that the private library of Kaiser Wilhelm will form one of the principle exhibits at the Exhibition of the Book Trade which is to be held in Leipzig next year; and that the library will be conveyed there in entirety for exhibition to curious visitors. The announcement has caused considerable excitement among German amateurs, but the "Kreuz Zeitung," in giving interesting particulars of the Kaiser's private library, affirms that it is much smaller than is generally supposed. It consists in all of only 6,000 volumes, and two-thirds of the total number have been acquired during the twenty-five years of the German Emperor's reign. When Kaiser Wilhelm ascended the throne he inherited a private library of a mere 3,500 volumes. Characteristically he commenced by eliminating nearly one-half of them, as being books of no present practical value. The catalogue of the Emperor's private books is divided into twelve carefully arranged categories. The first consists of Encyclopædias and Dictionaries; the second of books on Jurisprudence the third Political Economy and Social Sciences the fourth Colonial the fifth Archæology and Mythology the sixth Universal History; the seventh History of the Hohenzollerns; the eighth Biographies Memoirs Personal Recollections and Correspondence; the ninth Military Science; the tenth Geography and Ethnography while the last two divisions are devoted to German Literature and Pictures.

HIGH COURT.—JULY 18.

Before the Hon. Sir Dinshaw D. Davar.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

641-11—Chothia, H F Manekshana N B. Panthaky and others, Raghavaya; Edgelow.

455-13—Little, Kavashala Dossabhoy Wadia vs Ebrahim Haji Ahmed, Juddah.

897-12—Maneklal Ladoba B Amrey-Sadanand Jaganath and others Shamrao.

1245-12—Mulji K. and T. Nana Yessoof Padval vs. Sitabai widow and another, Dastur and Co.

1308-12—Mulla and M. Pirat Hassan vs. Gulam Mahomed Sha Mahomed, Ardeshir H. D. and Co.

1319-12—Edgelow G W and Co. Jeewabai Vadilal and others vs The New Piece Goods Bazar Co Ld; Payne and Co.

43-13—Edgelow G W and Co Jeewabai Vadilal and others vs The New Piece Goods Bazar Co Ltd; Payne and Co.

309-03—Malvi H M and R, Jitmal Karayal vs Ebji Umersey Ardeshir H D and Co.

310-03—Malvi H M and R Jitmal Kanayal vs Shamji Ludha and Co Ardeshir H D and Co.

311-03—Malvi H M and R Mamraj Rambhagat vs Ebji Umersey, Ardeshir H D and Co.

1276-12—Chitnis M and K Manaji Cooverji Shirki vs Merwanji Jehangir, Vakil, Subnis and G.

1201-12—Subnis and G Merwanji Jehangir Vakil vs Manaji Cooverji Shirki, Chitnis M and K.

666-11—Jamshedji R and D. Sada Pang and Co; vs Shivnarayan Parbulal Edgelow G W and Co.

O.S. 301-13—Patell, Rogue Estevao Pereira vs Rojario Mathias de Silva and others, Patell, Bhimji.

O.S. 303-13—Patell, Rogue Estevao Pereira Rojario Mathias de Silva and others, Patell, Bhimji.

O.S. 312-13—Motichand, Nemchand Nathubhai vs Dayabhai Mancharam and others, Ardeshir.

262-13—Pestonji, Bai Jeewanbai widow, Bai Amboobai widow and others, Madhavji, Edgelow.

441-09—Little, Mathuradas Gokuldas vs Tehelram Girdharidas and another, Jamsetji.

891-12—Mulla, Abdul Aziz V Mahomed Khatizabai Tyabji.

939-12—Smetham, Parwati widow G S Bole, Vachha, Payne.

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Macleod.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

175-13—Mulji Bhimji Chatraji and Co Javamal Genaji and others Mehta D.

229-13—Dalal Bhaidas Vallabhdas Nagindas Vallabhdas and others Motichand.

229-12—Mirza The Oriental Bank of India Ltd Noormahomed Jina Payne.

1096-12—Daphtary Joshna H Hands Sheriff Bhimji Ardeshir.

O.S. 159-12—Jehangir G B, Simhabai and others Reuben S Pezarker and others, Jehangir G B Shamrao, Patell.

450-13—Khanderao, Hirabai and others, Ardeshir M Unwalla and others, Mulla.

232-13—Nalitsha, Esubai Haji Tarmahomed H Adam, Little.

1184-10—Payne and Co The Nord Deutsche Insurance Co vs Messrs F Fischer and Co.

195-11—Jehangir G B Kanayalal Jeynarayen and others vs Doorgaprasad Ramgoolam and others Payne and Co.

268-11—Pest R K and Co Mulji Jaitha and Co a firm vs B Maganbhai and Co Jain R and D.

851-11—Khund L M Versey Raghavji vs Mahomedkhan Valad Davood Khan and another Captain and V.

1022-11—Judah and S Lingos Pochetty Lingal vs Narayen Zellappa and others Ty D Co Jeh M S Dubasha Co Mal H M R B M R Co.

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Beaman.

Suits for Hearing and final Disposal

Long Causes.

1353-12—Mulji K and Th Bai Nandagavi widow vs Mahomed Husein Thoria Topan, Captain and V; Maneklal and Tyabji.

1305-12—Captain and V Mahomed Husein Tharia Topan vs Bai Nandagavri widow Mulji Kh and Th.

45-12—Wadia G and Co. Ambalal Pragjiwandas vs Gulam Husein Keekabhoy and others.

355-11—Payne and Co. The Advocate-General of Bombay vs Mirza Mahomed Shirazu. Shroff D and D.

27-13—Mulji K and Th. Lady Janbai widow vs Mahomed Husein Taria Topan Ceptain and V.

1190-12—Hiralal and Co. Hari Bhau Lapru vs Motabhai Danishah Damkhanawalla. Pestonji R K and Co

895-12—Bhaishanker K and G. The Laxmidas Khimji Spg and Wg Co Ltd vs Raja Bahadur Motilal Shivlal Bicknell M R and Co.

242-12—Mulla and M Pohomal Bros vs Popatlal Narandas Janwalla and another Jamshedji R and D.

184-12—Mulla and M Pohomal Bros vs Kaliandas Vithaldas Kapadia and another Jamshedji R and D.

375-12—Captain and V Ebrahim Saleh Haji Pochoddin Dharu vs Vazir Begam widow and others. Crawford B and Co.

801-12—Shroff D and D The Bombay Banking Corporation Ltd vs Krishnarao Gopalrao Bhabia Saheb Gaekwar Subnis and G.

1072-11—Mulla and M Shapurji Dadabhoy Mehta vs Jehangir Hormasji Bamboot, Shamrao M and H.

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BRIEF AND PITHY.

"TUT! TUT!" ON GOLF LINKS.

An interview with Robert Emmet Taylor, aged fourteen, a caddie at the Washington Country Golf Club (says the "Daily Mail" New York correspondent) is the subject of universal comment, because of the light it sheds on the marvellous self-control of President Wilson.

"The President," narrates the caddie, "struck a ball. It rolled right to the edge of the hole. I sneaked over close, for I knew what they usually say when such a thing happens. The President looked vexed. He opened his lips. I pricked up my ears. 'Tut! tut!' said the President. That was all."

AN ELEGANT GRACE.

The "Manchester Guardian" has a story of an elegant young man who, taken by surprise when his hostess called upon him to say grace, said: "For what we are about to receive—er—thanks, awfully."

THE MEANEST MAN.

The meanest man in London has been found by a "Daily Chronicle" correspondent. He boasted of his meanness. Last June, he bought an artificial rose for a penny. And he preserved it. This June he dug it from its retreat, stuck it in his buttonhole, and went free of the street. He had spent a year and saved a halfpenny.

QUESTION OF VALUE.

The skipper had just crossed the Atlantic from the port of Manchester, and, after the firm's American agent had got through the usual business routine (says the "Manchester Guardian") the conversation drifted to personal matters. The agent asked the time-honoured question about the number of the skipper's family. "Four boys and two girls," was the reply. "I guess you wouldn't sell one for a hundred dollars?"

"Not likely," agreed the nautical man.

"No, but I don't suppose you'd give a cent for any more."

LION WITHOUT A CHRIST AN.

The appearance in Glasgow of the cinematised version of "Quo Vadis?" reminds a "Glasgow News" correspondent of a story. A lady was once showing her little boy a picture representing some of the early Christian martyrs standing in the arena surrounded by lions. The little boy looked at it, and then burst into tears, and the mother, imagining that an impression had been made, was about to go on to explain that, sad though it was, there was yet reason to rejoice in the fact that these people had died for their Faith. "It wasn't that I was crying at, mummie," sobbed the little fellow, pointing to the corner of the picture, "but there's a lion there hasn't got no Christian!"

TAKING THE LOT.

"The Purveyor's Path to Success and Stock-Breeder's Manual," a new book by the "literary butcher," William Henry Major, of Folkestone, contains an amusing anecdote of an objectionable retired grazier, who once travelled as far as Ashford in the same compartment:—

He was talking of his possessions, and finished up by observing, as he looked around, "Yes, sir; I have three unmarried daughters, and whoever marries them will have a thousand pounds handed over to him on her wedding day."

A commercial gentleman sitting opposite looked up and said, "How many daughters have you?"

"Three," snapped the old boy.

"Right," said the commercial.

"I'll take the lot."

THE AUTHOR OF "LONDON ASSURANCE."

Apropos the performance of "London Assurance", the "Morning Post" recalls that Boucicault received £300 for his share in the authorship. The way in which he spent that sum was an indication of things to come. He bought two horses, a cab, and seven new coats. His extravagance reached a climax over "Bapil and Bijou," produced at Covent Garden in August, 1872. The money was found by Lord Londesborough and Boucicault (with him Planche) was under contract to produce something that might be called "dramatic."

What was produced was a gorgeous and incoherent spectacle, with red lobsters recumbent at the bottom of the sea. Boucicault, who had run up bills to the extent of £10,000 or so, did not stay for the production, but betook himself abroad. All that persists of this magnificent fiasco is the boys' chorus, "Spring, Spring, Beautiful Spring," which was retained almost by chance.

But Boucicault was better known by his Irish dramas that are fresh to-day as "The Shaughraun" (to be seen this week at Kennington), "Arrah-na-Pogue;" "The Colleen Bawn," and the like. By these he became rich and famous, but his fame clung to him better than his riches, or, indeed, his reputation.

HIGHER CRITICISM.

Apropos of the "Higher Criticism" trouble, the "Westminster Gazette" recalls an excellent Scottish story. A minister had referred in his sermon to the inability of the "leper" to change his spots, and after the service a critical member of the congregation told the preacher that he had made a wee mistake. "It was not the leper, the sick man" he said, "but the leopard, the spotted beast, that is mentioned in Scripture." The minister regarded the critic sternly. "Go away, man, with your higher criticism" he told him, "or ye'll find yourself in hell one day!"

THE ARMY MANŒUVRES.

An Order in Council is published in the London *Gazette* authorising the execution of military manœuvres within limits specified in a schedule to the Order during the period of three calendar months beginning from July 15. The manœuvre area comprises portion of the counties of Buckingham Northampton Leicester, Warwick, Oxford, Berks, Hertford and Bedford.

THOSE WHO CAME TO SCOFF REMAINED TO BLESS. This is what happened in the High Court of Judicature at Bombay where Justice Coram Haward, I.C.S., in delivering judgment against an imitator of SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC remarked "In fact the sales and reputation of Squibb's Ague Specific are hardly denied even by the defendant's witnesses." Remember Squibb's is an undeniable cure for Malaria and other fevers. Of all Chemists—MADON SONS and Co., Crawford Market, Bombay. Phone No. 703

GREEN ROOM GOSSIP.

"ELIZABETH COOPER."

The story told by Mr. George Moore in the three acts of the comedy, "Elizabeth Cooper," played at the Haymarket Theatre, under the auspices of the Stage Society, is a good deal less important than the way in which it is told. A middle-aged and very distinguished novelist and playwright Lewis Davenant, has many adoring correspondents among the fair whom he has never met, and with one of these, the young Countess von Hoenstadt, of Vienna, his young kinsman and private secretary, Sebastian Dayne, has fallen in love. When the young man is shown her miniature, his passion becomes of a flaming nature, and at last, Davenant, who has a play on the verge of production in the Austrian capital, despatches the young man to that city with permission to call upon the lady under the name of Davenant and enjoy such adventures as the gods may grant him. He does so, and the lady promptly falls in love with the pseudo Davenant and marries him! Obviously enough, there are difficulties when the two arrive in England at the real Davenant's residence, and one of these is the fact that when the lady meets the novelist himself, she evinces a rather pronounced interest in him. In the end, it turns out that she had known all along that Sebastian was masquerading, and that it is he only whom she loves, and the curtain falls on what is apparently intended to be accepted as a happy resolution of all the difficulties. One could not discover, however, how the countess's marriage with one man under another's name had been regularised. Perhaps as the ceremony took place in rather a casual fashion in away side Austrian church, the Countess had given the priest the correct name, and the bridegroom, good, easy man had not noticed the fact.

POLISH OF DIALOGUE.

It is an amusing story but its real charm lies in the polish of its dialogue. Again and again the characters said things that were quite exquisitely phrased. Any poverty in the invention and construction of the play is amply atoned for by the ease and often the wit of its talk one should mention by the way that Davenant's correspondence with the Countess had arisen in connection with one of his novels a masterpiece called "Elizabeth Cooper." Hence the title of the comedy. The acting did not strike one as particularly happy

THE STAGE SOCIETY.

In connection with this production there was a very interesting "interview" with the author in the "Observer". One of the things Mr. Moore said was: "The Stage Society has been working now for about fourteen years, and without it there would have been no literary plays." With all grateful and hearty acknowledgment of the work the Stage Society has done, however, one may mention that the most "literary" play of our time was produced before the Stage Society came into existence—"The Importance of Being Earnest." Further, could even Mr. Moore deny to such pieces as Mr. McEvoy's "All that Matters," Mr. Besier's "Lady Patricia," Mr. Sutro's "John Glayde's Honour," the first three acts of "The Great Adventure," and Mr. Masefield's "Nan" the qualities of literature, so far as they can reasonably be demanded on the stage—namely, good writing and construction, well-drawn characters, and true humanity? Where the Stage Society has "come in," as they say, has been in its ability, as a private society, to dodge the censorship, and so give its subscribers many earnest dramatic works which might otherwise not have obtained a hearing. Another valuable part of its work has been the introduction of translations of many important foreign plays which otherwise might never have been presented in English to a London audience. The most potent friends of the literary drama in the United Kingdom during the past fourteen years have been, one would think the Abbey Theatre, Mr. Granville, Barker, and Miss Horniman.

"THE PERFECT CURE"

The dramatic collapse of "The Perfect Cure" after four performances must have surprised a good many playgoers. It certainly struck one as unsympathetic and weak and a good deal of the writing was quite violently undistinguished, but much worse plays in every respect have been produced this season, and have had, at any rate a thirty or forty nights run. No doubt Mr. Hawtrey knew what he was about in withdrawing the play after so brief a trip. In any case he is fortunate in having so agreeable a work as "General John Regan" to fall back upon.

"JULIUS CÆSAR," AT HIS MAJESTY'S.

The revival of "Julius Cæsar" at His Majesty's recalls an interesting little correspondence which appeared in the "Times" a few years back, in which Sir Edward Clarke claimed that practically the whole of the fifth act of the tragedy—336 lines out of 350—were not written by Shakspeare at all. Mr. Justin Huntly McCarthy joined issue, and claimed for the act far more than the "dead level of dulness" which Sir Edward Clarke ascribed to it, and especially quoted Brutus's

O that a man might know
The end of this day's business ere it come!
But it sufficeth that the day will end,
And then the end is known—

as beyond all doubt "the speech of a poet." The Shakspearean touch is to be found sprinkled all over the act, though embedded in a good deal that Shakspeare never wrote, or wrote in a very careless mood. However that may be Sir Herbert Tree abbreviates it into a single scene which only plays about five minutes.

A VICTORIAN PLAY.

The seventy-two-year-old "London Assurance," which is to be revived for one performance only, in the presence of the King and Queen, at the St. James's Theatre, in aid of the "King George's Pension Fund for Actors and Actresses," should have a special interest for those who study bygone costumes. In the directions printed in 1841 they are described: "Of the day—striking and very fashionable." The ladies are to wear the remarkable ringlets, great hope skirts, fichus, and poke-bonnets of the period, while the men will gallantly disport themselves in immensely tall "toppers," strapped trousers, enormous fobs waistcoats of startling hue, &c., &c.

A NEW PIECE.

Yet another new play of note for the coming months will be that which Mr. Charles Frohman has acquired from Mr. Haddon Chambers, founded on the popular novel "Tanto." The author while following the book in all the principal incidents has introduced much original matter. Those who know the novel will recollect that the principal character is a remarkable woman who with the genius of a great musician combines the artlessness arrogance and pettiness of a spoilt child.

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